Chapter 1 – What Is Public Administration?

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. Which of the following is **NOT** considered a public servant?
 - a. civil servant
 - b. senior politician
 - c. bureaucrat
 - d. government employees

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: p. 1 / What is Public Administration?

MSC: Higher Order

- 2. Which of the following government activities is considered a regulatory function?
 - a. delivery of social services
 - b. administration of grants
 - c. prevention of unsafe work places
 - d. maintenance of roads and highways

ANS: C PTS: 1

REF: p. 2 / Importance and Meaning of Public Administration MSC: Remember

- 3. What is the system of authority, people, offices, and methods that governments use to achieve their objectives called?
 - a. public bureaucracy
 - b. public administration
 - c. private administration
 - d. public interest

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: p. 4 / Meaning of Public Administration

MSC: Remember

- 4. In private administration, what is usually considered the "bottom line"?
 - a. service
 - b. profit
 - c. human resources
 - d. accountability

ANS: B PTS: 1

REF: p. 4 / Public Administration vs. Private Administration MSC: Remember

- 5. In which decade did the academic study of public administration started to flourish?
 - a. 1960s!
 - b. 1970s!
 - c. 1980s!
 - d. 1990s!

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: p. 7 / The Study of Public Administration

MSC: Remember

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6. Which type of institution mandates Canadian content in various cultural products? a. Crown corporations b. government departments c. independent tribunals d. regulatory agencies ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: p. 8 / Globalization MSC: Remember 7. Which of the following best describes the "post-deficit" era? a. the federal government's first fiscal surplus in nearly 30 years in the late 1990s b. the global recession of 2008–2009 c. former Prime Minister Stephen Harper's attempt to re-balance the budget in 2014 d. the oil shocks of 1973 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: p. 9 / The Fiscal Imperative MSC: Higher Order 8. Which of the following trends has been the fastest growing trend between 1983 and 2015? a. program spending b. population c. the economy d. public service ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: p. 10 / Size of the Public Service MSC: Remember 9. Which of the following represents the total value of goods and services in Canada? a. Program Expenses Index b. Gross Domestic Product c. Canadian Population Index d. Public Service Workforce Index ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: p. 10 / Size of the Public Service MSC: Remember TRUE/FALSE 1. The term public administration is more easily defined than explained. ANS: F The term public administration is more easily explained than defined. PTS: 1 REF: p. 3 / Meaning of Public Administration 2. The private sector is more willing to accept risks than the public sector. PTS: 1 ANS: T

REF: p. 4 / Public Administration vs. Private Administration

3.	There is greater emphasis on accountability in the private sector than in the public sector.
	ANS: F There is greater emphasis on accountability in the public sector.
	PTS: 1 REF: p. 5 / Public Administration vs. Private Administration
4.	Mothers Against Drunk Driving (MADD) is an example of a non-profit organization.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: p. 5 / Non-Profit Organizations
5.	The first degree program in Canadian Public Administration was established at Carleton University.
	ANS: F The first degree program in Canadian Public Administration was established at Dalhousie University.
	PTS: 1 REF: p. 6 / The Study of Public Administration
6.	The human resources management system is less complicated and rigid in government than i the private sector.
	ANS: F The human resources management system is <i>more</i> complicated and rigid in government than in the private sector.
	PTS: 1 REF: p. 5 / Public Administration vs. Private Administration
7.	Non-profit organizations are private organizations.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: p. 5 / Non-Profit organizations
8.	The size and role of the public service in Canada was downsized in the 1990s.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: p. 7 / The Study of Public Administration
9.	"Excessive bureaucratic influence" focuses on the large role of public servants in the making of public policy, and a belief that they decide on major policy initiatives.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: p. 10 / Views of Government and Administration
10.	In comparison to the private sector, public servants are expected to adhere to more objectives and to act in ways that result in a lesser degree of efficiency.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: p. 11 / Points to Know