Introductory Statistics 9th Edition Weiss Test Bank

Exam			
Name			
MULTIPLE CHOICE. C	Choose the one alternative that best co	mpletes the statement or answers the question.	
1) Number of Pet	ts: The number of pets per family.	uping (single-value, limit, or cutpoint) is proba	ably the best. 1)
A) Limit gro C) None of		B) Cutpoint groupingD) Single-value grouping	
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		
2) Exam Scores: 7 math course.	The exam scores, rounded to the neares	t whole number, of all students in a given	2)
A) Limit gro C) None of		B) Single-value groupingD) Cutpoint grouping	
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		
3) Wingspan of C of 35 cardinals		nearest hundredth of a millimeter, of a sample	3)
A) Cutpoint C) Limit gro Answer: A	grouping	B) Single-value grouping D) None of these	
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		

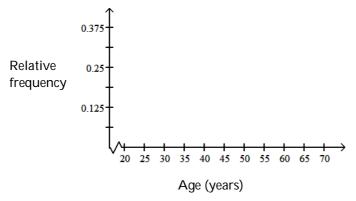
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

Construct a relative-frequency polygon for the given data.

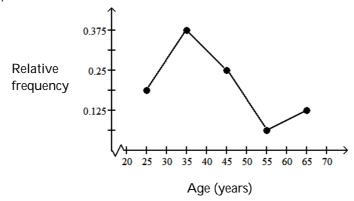
4) The table contains the frequency and relative-frequency distributions for the ages of the employees in a particular company department.

4)

Age (years) Frequency		Relative frequency
20-under 30	3	0.1875
30-under 40	6	0.375
40-under 50	4	0.25
50-under 60	1	0.0625
60-under 70	2	0.125

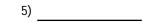


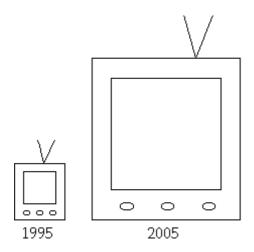
Answer:



Provide an appropriate response.

5) A television manufacturer sold three times as many televisions in 1995 as it did in 1985. To illustrate this fact, the manufacturer draws a pictogram as shown below. The television on the right is three times as tall and three times as wide as the television on the left.





This pictogram is misleading because it actually gives the visual impression that nine times as many televisions were sold in 2005 as in 1995. How can the manufacturer correctly illustrate the fact that sales in 2005 were three times sales in 1995?

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The television on the right should have three times the <u>area</u> of the television on the left. This does not mean that its dimensions will be three times as big. (In fact, its dimensions will be $\sqrt{3}$ times the dimensions of the television on the left).

Explanation:

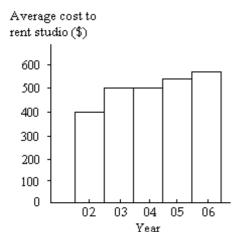
6) For a given data set, why might a researcher prefer to study organized data rather than the original data? Can you think of any circumstances in which a researcher may prefer to use the original data rather than organized data?

6) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: If the data set is very large, it may be hard to get a picture of the data from the original data. Organized data summarizes the data and may enable the researcher to see patterns and trends in the data. Since the organized data is only a summary of the data and does not give the exact data values, it may sometimes be preferable to use the original data, for example to find the exact value for the average.

7) The bar graph below shows the average cost of renting a studio in one city in each of the years 2002 through 2006.

7) _____



By what percentage does the average price increase from 2002 to 2003? Obtain a truncated version of the graph by sliding a piece of paper over the bottom of the graph so that the bars start at 300. In the truncated graph, by what percentage does the price appear to increase from 2002 to 2003? Why is the truncated graph misleading?

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The average price increases by 25% from 2002 to 2003. Using the truncated graph, the price appears to double from 1994 to 1995 (i.e. it appears to increase by 100%). Using the truncated graph, the differences between the bars seem bigger (relatively) than they really are.

Explanation:

8) When organizing data into tables, what is the disadvantage of having too many classes? What is the disadvantage of having too few classes?

8) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: With too many classes it may be difficult to get a clear picture of the data and to see trends in the data - the amount of information may be overwhelming. With too few classes, it may also be difficult to see important characteristics in the data as the data may have been over-summarized and too much information may have been lost.

Explanation:

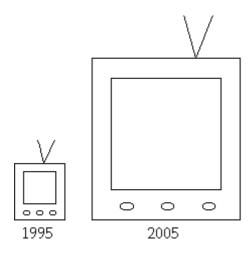
9) Which type of graph, a stem-and-leaf diagram or a frequency histogram, would be more useful for the data set below? Explain your thinking.

9) _____

2.3 3.2 5.1 6.3 7.3 7.7 8.1 8.9 9.3 9.5 10.2 11.1 12.7 14.7 15.6 16.4 18.6 19.1

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: A frequency histogram would be more useful. A stem-and-leaf diagram would not be useful because there would be too many stems and only one or two leaves per stem. If a frequency histogram was used, the data could first be grouped into an appropriate number of classes such as 2-under 6, 6-under 0, 10-under 14, 14-under 18, 18-under 22.

11)



Why is this pictogram misleading? What visual impression is portrayed by the pictogram?

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The area of the television on the right is nine times (not three times) the area of the television on the left. The pictogram gives the visual impression that sales in 2005 were nine times the sales in 1995.

Explanation:

11) Maria constructed the frequency distribution shown below. The data represent the heights of 60 randomly selected women.

Height	Frequency
54-under 60	7
60-under 61	1
61-under 62	3
62-under 63	5
63-under 64	7
64-under 65	7
65-under 66	6
66-under 72	24

She concluded from her frequency distribution that the heights 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, and 71 inches are the most common for women. What is wrong with her conclusion? How is her frequency distribution misleading and how could the table be improved?

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The classes do not have equal width, so it is not meaningful to compare the frequencies for the different classes. The class 66-under 72 has the highest frequency because this class includes a larger range of heights than the other classes. The table should be set up with equal-width classes. (Although there may be one open-ended class).

12) Give an example of a data set whose distribution is likely to be bimodal. Describe the population from which the sample is selected and the variable that is measured for each person. Explain why you think the distribution will be bimodal.

12)	

Answer: Answers will vary. Typically a bimodal distribution occurs when the population has two distinct subgroups each with its own mean.

Explanation:

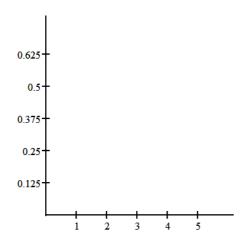
Construct the requested histogram.

13) The table gives the frequency distribution for the data involving the number of radios per household for a sample of 80 U.S. households.

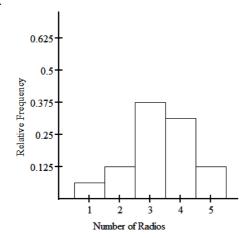
13)

# of Radios	Frequency
1	5
2	10
3	30
4	25
5	10

Construct a relative frequency histogram.



Answer:



Provide an appropriate response.

14) The preschool children at Elmwood Elementary School were asked to name their favorite color. The results are listed below. Construct a frequency distribution and a relative frequency distribution.

17)

blue	blue	red	green	purple
purple	purple	blue	purple	red
purple	red	green	green	green
red	purple	green	purple	yellow

Answer:

Color	Frequency	Relative Frequency
blue	3	0.15
red	4	0.20
green	5	0.25
purple	7	0.35
yellow	1	0.05

Explanation:

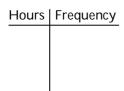
Use limit grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

15) Kevin asked some of his friends how many hours they had worked during the previous week at their after-school jobs. The results are shown below.

15)				
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6 5 6 3 6 6 9 8 6 4 8 5 5 8 6 5 8 6 5 8 5 8 8 3

Construct a frequency distribution. Use 4 classes, a class width of 2 hours, and a lower limit of 3 for the first class.



Answer:

Frequency
3
13
7
1

Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution. 16) Lori asked 24 students how many hours they had spent doing homework during the 16)													
pre	viou	IS W	eek.	The	e res	ults	are	sho	wn	belo	N.		
11	10	11	9	11	11	14	12	11	8	12	10		
10	12	11	10	12	11	10	12	10	12	12	9		
Coi	nstru	ıct a	free	quei	าсу	distr	ibu	tion	. Us	e 4 c	asses, a class width of 2 hours, and a lower	limit	

Hours	Frequency

of 8 for the first class.

Answer:

Hours	Frequency
8-under 10	3
10-under 12	13
12-under 14	7
14-under 16	1

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

17) Suppose that you wish to construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the data set below. What 17) ______ would the stems be?

98	103	146	118	92	128	135	141	136
143	126	111	109	97	124	147	114	119
140	122	92	130	101	148	138	90	123

Answer: The stems would be 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14.

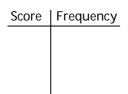
Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

18) On a math test, the scores of 24 students were

18)

93 72 71 62 71 71 93 87 71 61 85 72 72 85 71 72 85 71 72 87 72 85 87 62

Construct a frequency distribution. Use 4 classes beginning with a lower class limit of 60.



Answer:

Score	Frequency
60-under 70	
70-under 80	12
80-under 90	7
90-under 100	2

Explanation:

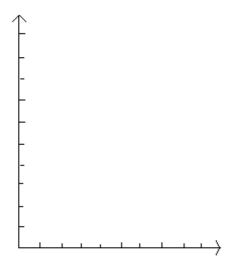
Construct the requested histogram.

19) The table below shows the number of days off in a given year for 30 police detectives.

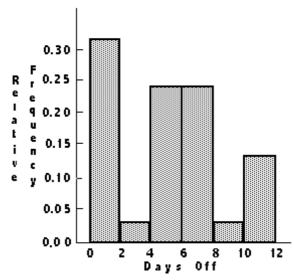
19)

Days off	Frequency	Relative frequency
0-under 2	10	0.333
2-under 4	1	0.033
4-under 6	1	0.233
6-under 8	7	0.233
8-under 10	1	0.033
10-under 12	4	0.133

Construct a relative-frequency histogram.



Answer:



Explanation:

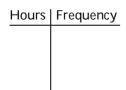
Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

20) Kevin asked some of his friends how many hours they had worked during the previous week at their after-school jobs. The results are shown below.

20)	

6 6 6 4 6 6 9 8 6 4 8 6 6 8 6 8 6 8 8 4

Construct a frequency distribution. Use 4 classes, a class width of 2 hours, and a lower limit of 3 for the first class.



Answer:

Hours	Frequency
3-under 5	3
5-under 7	13
7-under 9	7
9-under 11	1

Explanation:

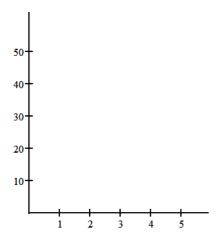
Construct the requested histogram.

21) The table gives the frequency distribution for the data involving the number of television sets per household for a sample of 100 U.S. households.

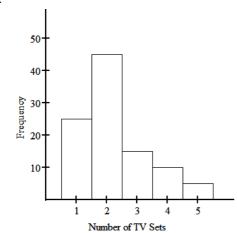
21)	
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# of TVs	Frequency
1	25
2	45
3	15
4	10
5	5

Construct a frequency histogram.



Answer:



Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

22) Hospital records show the age at death of patients who die while in the hospital. A frequency histogram is constructed for the age at death of the people who have died at the hospital in the past five years. Roughly what shape would you expect for the distribution? Why?

22) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. The distribution will probably be left skewed. Explanation:

23) A high school teacher keeps a record of the number of days that each student attended school last year and then she constructs a relative frequency histogram. What do you think the shape of the distribution will be? Why?

23)

Answer: Answers will vary. The distribution will be either left skewed or J-shaped. Explanation:

Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.		
24) A medical research team studied the ages of patients who had strokes caused by stress. The	24)	

29 30 36 41 45 50 57 61 28 50 36 58 60 38 36 47 40 32 58 46 61 40 55 32

61 56 45 46 62 36 38 40 50 27

Construct a frequency distribution for these ages. Use 8 classes beginning with a lower class limit of 25.

ages of 34 patients who suffered stress strokes were as follows.

Age	Frequency

Answer:

Age	Frequency
25-under 30	3
30-under 35	3
35-under 40	6
40-under 45	4
45-under 50	5
50-under 55	3
55-under 60	5
60-under 65	5

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

25) Suppose that a data set has a minimum value of 28 and a maximum value of 73 and that you want 5 classes. Explain how to find the class width for this frequency distribution. What happens if you mistakenly use a class width of 9 instead of 10?

25) _____

Answer: Answers can vary. Possible answer: Each of the five classes should have the same width, and there are 46 values (including the minimum of 28 and the maximum of 73) to be distributed evenly among the 5 classes. If 46 values are distributed evenly among 5 classes, the width must be at least 9.2, so a round width of 10 is a good choice. If a width of 9 is used, then the five classes will not cover the range of the data.

26) The mayor of one city has been conducting an anti-smoking campaign in high schools.
Each year local government researchers estimate the number of teenagers in the city who
smoke. The number of smokers has declined steadily in each of the past five years. The
mayor's office constructs a bar graph showing the number of teenage smokers in each of
the past five years. If the mayor wished to exaggerate the success of his anti-smoking
campaign, would it be to his advantage to truncate the bar graph? Explain your thinking.
Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: Yes, when a bar graph is truncated, different
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ices between the bars appear exaggerated.

Explanation:

Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

27) The following figures represent Jennifer's monthly charges for long distance telephone calls for the past twelve months.

27)

26)

8.46	12.35	13.98	17.41
10.45	16.10	9.97	14.48
14.10	13.70	15.67	10.20

Construct a frequency distribution with 4 classes.

Charges	Frequency

Answer:

Charges	Frequency
7.00-under 10	
10.00-under 13	
13.00-under 16	5
16.00-under 19	2

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

28) A parcel delivery service lowered its prices and finds that it has delivered twice as many parcels this year as it did last year. To illustrate this fact, the manager draws a pictogram as shown below. Each cube depicts a parcel. The side length of the "parcel" on the right is twice the side length of the "parcel" on the left.







This year Last year

Why is this pictogram misleading? What visual impression is portrayed by the pictogram?

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The volume of the cube on the right is eight times (not twice) the volume of the cube on the left. The pictogram gives the visual impression that eight times as many parcels were delivered this year as last year.

29) Explain the difference between a frequency distribution and a relative frequency distribution. Comment on the differences on the vertical axis scale. Given the same data set and the same classes, will the shapes of the frequency distribution and the relative frequency distribution be the same? You may draw a diagram to support your answer.

29) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The frequency distribution and the relative frequency distribution for a given set of data both have the same shape but have different scales on the vertical axis. Given the scale for the frequency distribution, the scale for the relative frequency distribution is obtained by dividing each number on the vertical axis by n (the size of the data set).

Explanation:

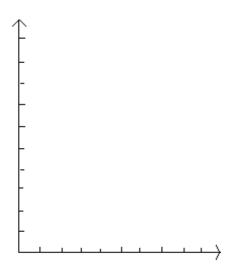
Construct the requested histogram.

30) The table below shows the number of days off in a given year for 30 police detectives.

30)

Days off	Frequency
0-under 2	10
2-under 4	1
4-under 6	7
6-under 8	7
8-under 10	1
10-under 12	4

Construct a frequency histogram.



Answer:

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

31) Explain in your own words the difference between a bar graph and a histogram. Give an example of data for which you might use a histogram and an example of data for which you might use a bar graph.

31)

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: A histogram is used for quantitative data, has a continuous numerical scale on the horizontal axis, and there are no gaps between the bars. A bar graph is used to represent qualitative data. It does not have a continuous numerical scale on the horizontal axis, but names of the different categories. There are gaps between the bars. Examples of data will vary.

Explanation:

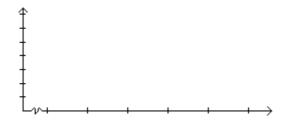
32) The heights of adult women have a bell-shaped distribution. Give examples of three other data sets whose distributions are likely to be bell-shaped.

32)

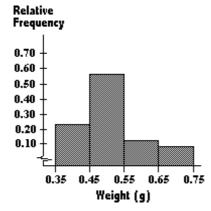
Answer: Answers will vary. Other examples besides the heights of adult women that are likely to be bell-shaped distributions would be their weights, their hat sizes, and their shoe measurements.

33) During the quality control process at a manufacturing plant, 142 finished items are randomly selected and weighed. The results are summarized in the table below. Construct a relative-frequency histogram corresponding to data below.

Weight (g)	Frequency	Relative frequency
0.35-under 0.45	32	0.225
0.45-under 0.55	82	0.577
0.55-under 0.65	17	0.120
0.65-under 0.75	11	0.077



Answer:



- 34) Lori asked 24 students how many hours they had spent doing homework during the previous week. The results are shown below.
- 34)

Construct a frequency distribution. Use 4 classes, a class width of 2 hours, and a lower limit of 8 for the first class.

Hours	Frequency

Answer:

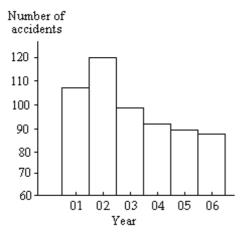
Hours	Frequency
8 - 9	3
10 - 11	13
12 - 13	7
14 - 15	1

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

35) The bar graph below shows the number of car accidents occurring in one city in each of the years 2001 through 2006. The vertical axis is truncated and as a result the graph is misleading. Construct an improved version of the graph which is less misleading. Use the symbol // in your graph. Explain what the symbol // means.





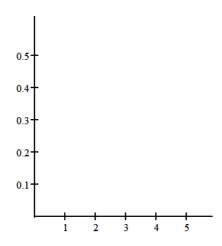
Answer: Answers will vary. Check students' graphs. The new graph will be truncated at some point: part of the vertical axis will be omitted and this should be indicated by the symbol //, to alert the reader to this fact.

Explanation:

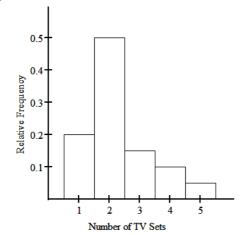
Construct the requested histogram.

# of TVs	Frequency
1	20
2	50
3	15
4	10
5	5

Construct a relative frequency histogram.



Answer:



37) The results of a survey about a recent judicial appointment are given in the table below. Construct a relative frequency distribution.

Response	Frequency
Strongly Favor	24
Favor	39
Neutral	9
Oppose	14
Strongly Oppose	114

Answer:

Response	Frequency	Relative Frequency
Strongly Favor	24	0.12
Favor	39	0.195
Neutral	9	0.045
Oppose	14	0.07
Strongly Oppose	114	0.57

Explanation:

38) Shortly before a mayoral election, a market research firm took a poll to find out which candidate people were planning to vote for. The results are shown below.

38)

Candidate	Frequency
Li Fong	2120
Bob Green	2329
Sue Moore	1042
Jose Alvarez	399

You wish to construct a graph to represent the data. It should be easy to see from your graph which candidate is in the lead. Which graph would be more useful, a bar graph or a pie chart? Explain your thinking.

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: A bar graph would be more useful. A bar graph is useful for comparing the sizes of different categories with each other, since it is easy to compare the heights of different bars.

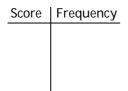
Use limit grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

39) On a math test, the scores of 24 students were

39)		

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97 76 73 62 73 73 97 81 73 65 84 76 76 84 73 76 84 73 76 81 76 84 81 62
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Construct a frequency distribution. Use 4 classes beginning with a lower class limit of 60.



Answer:

Score	Frequency
60 - 69	3
70 - 79	12
80 - 89	7
90 - 99	2

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

40) Suppose that you want to construct a pie chart to represent the following data.

40)

Blood Type	Frequency
0	90
Α	84
В	18
AB	8

Explain how you would calculate the angle for the pie-shaped piece corresponding to the blood type O.

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: First calculate the relative frequency for the blood type O. Relative frequency = 90/200 = 0.45. The angle is 45% of 360°, or 162°. Explanation:

41`	Anna set ui	n a frequenc	v distribution	with the	following classes	
тι,	Aillia set ap	o a il cquelle	y distribution	vvitii tiic	Tollowing classes	•

41)			
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Number of sick days taken	Frequency
0-3	
3-6	
6-9	
9-12	

What is wrong with these classes? Describe two ways the classes could have been correctly depicted.

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: In a frequency distribution, each observation must belong to one and only one class. In Anna's table, there is overlap of the classes - it is not clear, for example, to which class the value 3 belongs. The classes could have been depicted in either of the following ways:

Number of sick days take	en Frequency
0-under 3	
3-under 6	
6-under 9	
9-under 12	
Number of sick days taken	Frequency
0-2	
3-5	
6-8	
9-11	

Explanation:

42) Suppose you are comparing frequency data for two different groups, 25 managers and 150 blue collar workers. Why would a relative frequency distribution be better than a frequency distribution?

42) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: Since the two groups are of different sizes, comparing the <u>number</u> (frequency) of managers falling into a given class with the <u>number</u> of employees falling in the same class would not be very meaningful. It would be more useful to compare the <u>proportion</u> (relative frequency) of managers falling into a given class with the <u>proportion</u> of employees falling in the same class. Explanation:

43) Scott Tarnowski owns a pet grooming shop. His prices for grooming dogs are based on the	43)	
size of the dog. His records from last year are summarized below. Construct a relative		
frequency distribution.		

Class	Frequency
Large	345
Medium	830
Small	645

Answer:

Class	Frequency	Relative Frequency
Large	345	0.190
Medium	830	0.456
Small	645	0.354

Explanation:

44) The heights of adult women have a bell-shaped distribution. Give an example of a data set whose distribution is likely to be right skewed. Explain why you think the distribution will be skewed to the right.

44) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. An example of a right skewed distribution might be the ages of all members (e.g. athletes, coaches) of a gymnastics team. A majority of the members would be quite young, however the older athletes and coaches will skew the distribution to the right.

Explanation:

45) Suppose that you want to construct a graph to represent the following data.

Blood Type	Frequency
0	90
Α	84
В	18
AB	8

If you are mostly interested in the number of people in each category as a percentage of the total number of people, would a bar chart or a pie chart be more useful? Explain your thinking.

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: A pie chart would be more useful. A pie chart clearly shows the proportion of the whole "pie" represented by each piece of pie. A bar chart is more useful for comparing the sizes of different categories with each other.

Weight (lb)	Frequency
20-under 25	
25-under 30	
30-under 35	

Give an alternate way of depicting these classes if the original data are given:

- a. To the nearest whole number
- b. To one decimal place
- c. To two decimal places

Answer:	a.	Weight (lb)	Frequency
		20-24	
		25-29	
		30-34	
	b.	Weight (lb)	Frequency
		20-24.9	
		25-29.9	
		30-34.9	
	C.	Weight (lb)	Frequency
		20-24.99	
		25-29.99	
		30-34.99	

Explanation:

47) Shortly before an election, a market research firm took a poll to find out whether people were planning to vote for or against a particular ballot measure. The results are shown below.

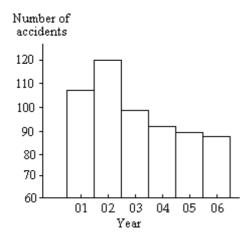
Position	Frequency
Against	3087
In favor	3691
Undecided	910

The ballot measure will pass if a simple majority (more than 50%) vote in favor of the measure. You wish to construct a graph to represent the data. It should be easy to see from your graph whether more than 50% of the people are planning to vote in favor of the measure. Which graph would be more useful, a bar graph or a pie chart? Explain your thinking.

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: A pie chart would be more useful. A pie chart is useful for comparing the size of each category with the *whole* (ie the proportion of the whole population falling in each category). A bar graph is more useful for comparing the sizes of different categories with each other.

48) The bar graph below shows the number of car accidents occurring in one city in each of the years 2001 through 2006. The number of accidents dropped in 2003 after a new speed limit was imposed. Why is the graph misleading? How would you redesign the graph to be less misleading?

48) _____



Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The graph is misleading because it is truncated. The scale on the vertical axis should start at zero so that the bars will be in the correct proportions. A part of the vertical axis could be omitted but the symbol // should then be used to warn the reader of the modified axis.

Explanation:

49) A random sample of federal income tax returns is selected from the 2006 returns and a frequency histogram is constructed for the amount of federal income tax paid in 2006. The classes used to construct the histogram are 0 ≤ 3000, 3000 ≤ 6000, 6000 ≤ 9000, and so on. What do you think the shape of the histogram will be? Explain your thinking.

49) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The distribution will probably be reverse J-shaped. The relative frequency corresponding to the first class (0 ≤ 3000) will be the highest, the relative frequency for the second class (3000 ≤ 6000) will be somewhat smaller and the relative frequencies of the remaining classes will continue to decrease from one class to the next.

Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

50) A government researcher was interested in the starting salaries of humanities graduates. A random sample of 30 humanities graduates yielded the following annual salaries. Data are in thousands of dollars, rounded to the nearest hundred dollars.

50) _____

23.1	24.0	33.7	28.4	36.0	41.0	22.2	21.8	30.5	49.2
30.1	25.2	38.3	46.1	40.0	27.5	24.9	28.0	31.8	29.9
25.7	32.5	48.6	27.4	41.4	35.9	31.9	42.4	26.3	33.0

Construct a frequency distribution for these annual starting salaries. Use 20 as the first cutpoint and classes of equal width 4.

Salary	Frequency

Answer:

Salary	Frequency
20-under 24	3
24-under 28	7
28-under 32	7
32-under 36	4
36-under 40	2
40-under 44	4
44-under 48	1
48-under 52	2

Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

51) Explain in your own words why a truncated bar graph can be misleading.

51) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: If a bar graph is truncated, the heights of the bars will not be in the correct proportions. This can create a misleading impression.

Explanation:

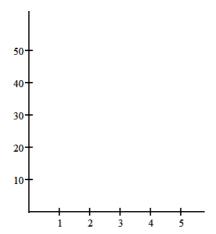
Construct the requested histogram.

52) The table gives the frequency distribution for the data involving the number of radios per household for a sample of 80 U.S. households.

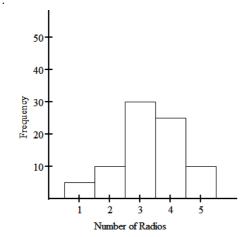
52)	
02)	

# of Radios	Frequency
1	5
2	10
3	30
4	25
5	10

Construct a frequency histogram.



Answer:



Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

53) Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the data set below. Round each number to the nearest whole number before constructing the diagram. Why is it necessary to first round the numbers?

53)

Answer:

18 | 8 9 7

19 2016

20 9 7

21 3 7 9 3

22 | 5 1

23 5 2 8

Stem-and-leaf diagrams are awkward with data containing many digits. In this case, the data contain too many digits and must be rounded to a suitable number of digits before constructing the diagram.

54) In a survey, 20 voters were asked their age. The results are summarized in the table below.

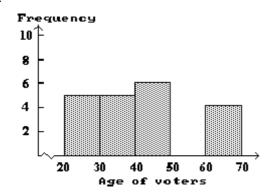
Construct a frequency histogram corresponding to data below.

r. 54)	
----------------	--

Age of	Number of
voters	voters
20-under 30	5
30-under 40	5
40-under 50	6
50-under 60	0
60-under 70	4



Answer:



Explanation:

Provide an appropriate response.

55) Suppose you wanted to construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the data set below. What leaf unit would you use? What numbers would the stems represent and how many stems would there be?

55)

Answer: The leaf unit would be 0.01. There would be four stems representing 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4. Explanation:

56) A table of random numbers is used to generate 100 random integers between 0 and 9. Do you think that the distribution of the numbers will be roughly uniform? Why or why not? In a second experiment, a table of random numbers is used to generate two random integers between 0 and 9 and the sum of the two numbers is recorded. This procedure is repeated 100 times. Do you think that the distribution of the sums will be roughly uniform? Why or why not?

56) _____

Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The distribution of the single numbers will be roughly uniform since each integer is likely to occur 10% of the time in the long run. The distribution of the sums will not be uniform since sums such as 0 and 18 will occur less often than sums such as 9.

Explanation:

Use cutpoint grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

57) The table shows the closing share price, in dollars, for each of the 32 stock holdings of a mutual fund.



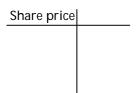
$$18\frac{1}{16} \quad 24\frac{5}{8} \quad 56\frac{3}{4} \quad 48 \qquad 14\frac{9}{16} \quad 53\frac{3}{8} \quad 25\frac{1}{4} \quad 20\frac{1}{4}$$

$$20 \quad 27\frac{11}{16} \quad 67\frac{3}{16} \quad 30\frac{1}{2} \quad 18\frac{1}{8} \quad 62 \quad 31\frac{9}{16} \quad 47\frac{3}{8}$$

$$52\frac{15}{16} \quad 29\frac{5}{8} \quad 26 \quad 13\frac{15}{16} \quad 11\frac{11}{16} \quad 24\frac{7}{8} \quad 49\frac{3}{4} \quad 70$$

$$45\frac{1}{16} \quad 54\frac{1}{2} \quad 56\frac{3}{16} \quad 60 \quad 58\frac{15}{16} \quad 37\frac{5}{8} \quad 59\frac{3}{4} \quad 51$$

Construct a frequency distribution for these share prices. Use 10 as the first cutpoint and classes of equal width 10.



Answer:

Share price	Frequency
10-under 20	5
20-under 30	8
30-under 40	3
40-under 50	4
50-under 60	8
60-under 70	3
70-under 80	1

Provide an appropriate response.	
58) Suppose that a group of professional athletes consists of 100 gymnasts and 100 basketball	58)
players. What kind of distribution do you think the heights of the athletes would have? Explain your thinking.	
Answer: Answers will vary. Possible answer: The distribution will be bimodal. The population consists of two very different groups. The mean height for the gymnasts will be very different from the mean height of the basketball players. There will be two distinct peaks - one at the average height of the gymnasts and one at the average height of the basketball players.	
Explanation:	
59) A population has a J-shaped distribution. Two different samples of size 12 are picked from	59)
the population. Two different samples of size 1000 are then picked from the population.	
Do you think that the distribution of the two samples of size 12 will have roughly the same	
shape? Do you think that the distribution of the two samples of size 1000 will have roughly	

Answer: Answers will vary. The two samples of size 1000 are likely to have similar distributions because the sample size is large. Because of the large sample size, the distribution of both samples is likely to be close to the distribution of the population. The two samples of size 12 may not have similar distributions because the sample size is so small.

Explanation:

the same shape? Explain your thinking.

Use limit grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

60) A medical research team studied the ages of patients who had strokes caused by stress. The ages of 34 patients who suffered stress strokes were as follows.

29 30 36 41 45 50 57 61 28 50 36 58 60 38 36 47 40 32 58 46 61 40 55 32 61 56 45 46 62 36 38 40 50 27

Construct a frequency distribution for these ages. Use 8 classes beginning with a lower class limit of 25 and class width of 5.

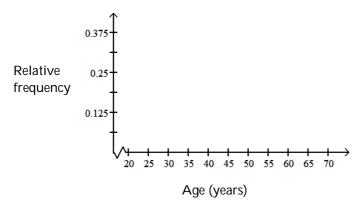
Age	Frequency

Answer:

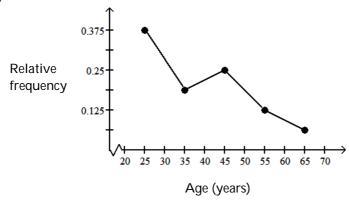
Αç	је	Frequency
25 -	29	3
30 -	34	3
35 -	39	6
40 -	44	4
45 -	49	5
50 -	54	3
55 -	59	5
60 -	64	5

61) The table contains the frequency and relative-frequency distributions for the ages of the employees in a particular company department.

Age (years)		Frequency	Relative frequency
	20-under 30	6	0.375
	30-under 40	3	0.1875
	40-under 50	4	0.25
	50-under 60	2	0.125
	60-under 70	1	0.0625



Answer:



Explanation:

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

62) An athlete runs 100 meters in 10.7 seconds.

62) _____

A) Discrete

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

A)

B)

B) Continuous

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

63) The following data show the number of laps run by each participant in a marathon.

63)

46 65 55 43 51 48 57 30 43 49 32 56

A)

B)

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

64) A discrete variable can only yield whole-number values.

64)

A) True Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

Use single-value grouping to organize these data into a frequency distribution.

65) The following data represent the total number of years of formal education for 40 employees of a bank.

B) False

13 17 13 14 12 17 19 13 15 13 16 18 13 11 19 19 12 14 13 13 14 15 13 15 17 18 17 14 13 17 12 17 17 16 16 17 15 13 13 14

Construct a frequency distribution for the number of years of education.

A)

R)

	years of	
	education	Frequency
•	11	1
	12	3
	13	11
	14	6
	15	4
	16	3
	17	7
	18	2
	19	3
		1

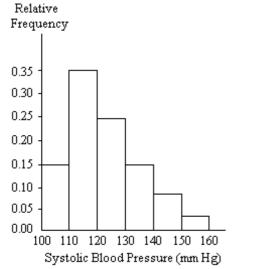
Number of

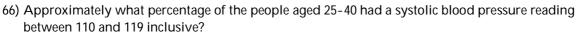
C)		
N	umber of	
	years of	
е	ducation	Frequency
	11	1
	12	3
	13	12
	14	5
	15	4
	16	3
	17	8
	18	2
	19	2
Answer:	Α	
Explana	tion: A)
-	В	

		D)
	Number of	
	years of	
Frequency	education	
3	12	
11	13	
5	14	
4	15	
3	16	
8	17	
2	18	
3	19	

Ex C) D)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.





A) 35%

B) 3.5%

C) 0.35%

D) 30%

66)

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

67) The average weekly temperatures (in degrees Fahrenheit) in Orlando, Florida over a 6-month span are given below. Round each observation to the nearest degree and then construct a stem-and-leaf diagram of the rounded data using two lines per stem.

67)

```
73.2 81.3 75.5 90.7 94.7
                         88.3
71.8 84.8 84.7
               76.5
                    93.4
                         79.0
84.3 83.0 88.9
               84.4 74.6
                         86.6
89.3 77.2 78.9 87.3 83.1 70.4
 A)
                                           B)
     7 | 0 1 3 4
                                               7 | 023
       56789
                                                 567799
       1334444
                                               8
                                                 13344
       67889
                                               8 5577899
     9
       034
                                               9
                                                 13
     9
                                               9 5
```

Answer: B Explanation: A)

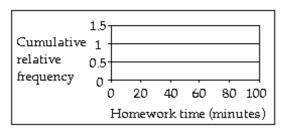
B)

Provide the requested response.

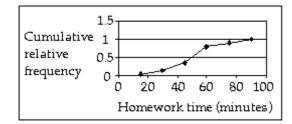
68) The table contains data from a study of daily study time for 40 students from Statistics 101. Construct an ogive from the data.

68)

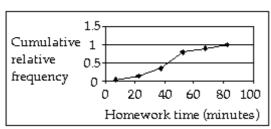
Minutes on	Number of	Relative	Cumulative
homework	students	frequency	relative frequency
0-under 15	2	0.05	0.05
15-under 30	4	0.10	0.15
30-under 45	8	0.20	0.35
45-under 60	18	0.45	0.80
60-under 75	4	0.10	0.90
75-under 90	4	0.10	1.00



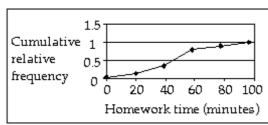
A)



B)



C)



D) The table does not contain enough information to construct an ogive.

10

Answer: A

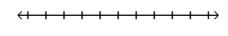
Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Construct a dotplot for the given data.

69) A store manager counts the number of customers who make a purchase in his store each day. The data are as follows.

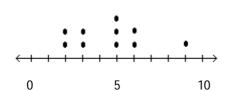
5639255632



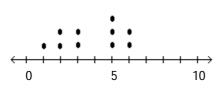
5

A)

0



C)



Answer: A

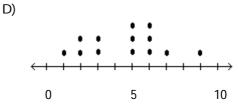
- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)

10

69)

0

B)



Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

- 70) The average speed of cars passing a busy intersection between 4:30 P.M. and 6:30 P.M. on a Friday is 32.3 mi/h.
- 70)

A) Discrete

B) Continuous

Answer: B

- Explanation: A)
 - B)

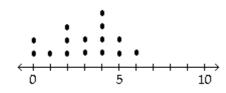
Construct a dotplot for the given data.

71) A manufacturer records the number of errors each work station makes during the week. The data are as follows.

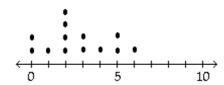
6323520254201



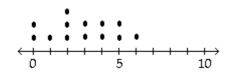
- 0 5 10
 - A)



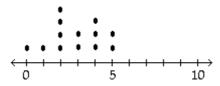
B)



C)



D)



- Answer: B
- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)

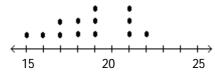
72) The following data represent the number of cars passing through a toll booth during a certain time period over a number of days.

18 19 17 17 24 18 21 18 19 15 22 19 23 17 21

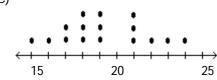


15 **A**)





C)

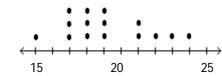


Answer: B

Explanation: A)

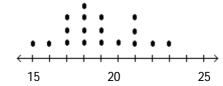
- B) C) D)

B)



72) ____

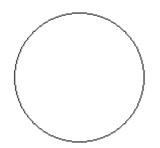
D)



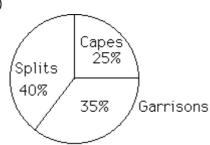
73) The following data give the distribution of the types of houses in a town containing 26,000 houses.

-,

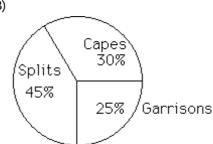
House Type	Frequency	Relative Frequency
Cape	6500	0.25
Garrison	10,400	0.35
Split	9100	0.40



A)



B)



Answer: A Explanation: A)

B)

Complete the contingency table and use it to solve the problem.

74) The partially filled contingency table gives the frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

_		`
•	/1	١
•	4	. ,

Age (yrs)					
	60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total	
Male	17	11	5		
Female	3	0	4		
Total					

What is the relative frequency for males in the age group 60-69?

A) $\frac{1}{2}$

B) $\frac{17}{40}$

- C) $\frac{17}{20}$
- D) $\frac{2}{5}$

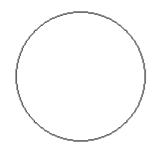
Answer: B

Explanation:

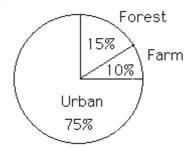
- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)

75) The following figures give the distribution of land (in acres) for a county containing 86,000 acres.

		Relative Frequency
Forest	12,900	0.15
	8600	0.10
Urban	64,500	0.75

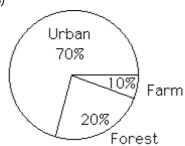


A)



B)

B) False



Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

76) The set of possible values that a variable can take constitutes the data.

76) ____

A) True Answer: B

Explanation: A)

• .			given. Identify t ed, J-shaped, riç		•		as (roughly) bell-sh multimodal.	naped,
77) A	stem-and-le	eaf diagran	n is given below	for the ages c	f the patients	at a hospit	al.	77)
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	40 42 0203 015829 3451718 3626893 6281833 2537895 4608532	306363 626905 367848	0 3 6 7 5 9 3 6 7 8 5 5					
	A) Left skev C) Right ske				B) J-shaped D) Reverse J-s	shaped		
Ar	nswer: A							
Ex	planation:	A) B) C) D)						
78) Th	e partially fi	lled contir	a retirement hom Age (yı	s the relative ne. rs)	frequencies of		on age (in years) and	i 78)
Sex	c from the re	sidents of			Over	79	Total	

0.1

0.2

0.13

0.2

1

D) 26%

What percentage of r	esidents are males in the	age group 60-79?
A) 27%	B) 29%	C) 28.5%

0.17

0.2

Answer: A Explanation: A)B)C)D)

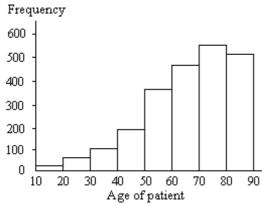
Male

Total

Female

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

79) The ages of a group of patients being treated at one hospital for osteoporosis are summarized in the frequency histogram below.



- A) Right skewed
- C) Left skewed

- B) Reverse J-shaped
- D) Bell-shaped

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Provide an appropriate response.

80) The data in the following table show the results of a survey of college students asking which vacation destination they would choose given the eight choices shown. Determine the value that should be entered in the relative frequency column for Florida.

80)

Destination | Frequency | Relative frequency

Destination	i requeriey	irciative ireq
Florida	30	
Mexico	67	
Belize	21	
Puerto Rico	22	
Alaska	5	
California	18	
Colorado	18	
Arizona	19	

A) 0.3

- B) 0.15
- C) 0.015
- D) 30

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

81) The partially filled contingency table gives the frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

81) _____

Age (yrs)					
		60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
Ī	Male	11	6	5	
	Female	9	5	4	
•	Total				

What is the relative frequency for persons in the age group 60-69?

A) $\frac{1}{3}$

B) $\frac{2}{3}$

C) $\frac{1}{2}$

D) $\frac{1}{4}$

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

82) The normal monthly precipitation (in inches) for August is listed for 39 different U.S. cities. Construct an ordered stem-and-leaf diagram using two lines per stem.

82)

A)

- 0. | 1 4 4 0. | 5 8 1. | 0 2 1. | 5 6 7 2. | 0 0 2 4
- 2. 0024 2. 7 3. 12444 3. 556667777899
- 4. 0011222

Answer: A
Explanation: A)

A) B)

- B)
- 0. 0 1 4 4 0. 5 8
- 1. 0 2 1. 5 6 7
- 2. 0024
- 777
 12444
- 3. 556667789 4. 0011222

83) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

83)	
-----	--

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

Identify the variable under consideration in the third column?

A) rank

B) studio name

C) movie title

D) Epic Super Hero Team

Answer: C

Aliswei. C

Explanation:

B)

C)

D)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

84) The total number of phone calls a sales representative makes in a month is 425.

A) Discrete

B) Continuous

84) _____

A) Discrete Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

85) A variable whose values are observed by counting something must be a discrete variable.A) TrueB) False

85)

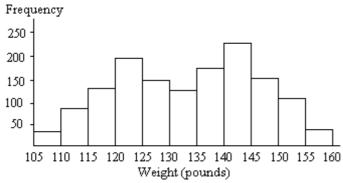
A) True Answer: A

Explanation: A)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

86) A frequency histogram is given below for the weights of a sample of college students.

86)



A) Bimodal

B) Multimodal

C) Uniform

D) Bell-shaped

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

C) D)

Identify the variable.

87) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

87) ____

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

Identify the variable under consideration in the fourth column?

A) movie title

B) studio name

C) box office sales

D) rank

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

88) A variable whose possible values are 1.15, 1.20, 1.25, 1.30, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.55, 1.60, is a continuous variable.

88)

A) True

B) False

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

89) A teacher asked each of her students how many novels they had read in the previous six months. The results are shown below.

0 1 5 4 2 1 3 2 2 7 2 5 0 1 0 1 1 2 6 0 2 3 1 2 7 1 4 2 3 1 7 0 0 2 1 1 0 6 1 7

Construct a frequency distribution for the number of novels read.

A)

′		
	Number of	
	novels	Frequency
	1	11
	2	9
	2	3
	4	2
	5	2
	6	2
	7	4

	Number of	
	novels	Frequency
	0	7
	1	10
	2	9
	3	3
	4	2
	5	2
	6	2
	7	3
D)	!	
	Number of	

C)

,		
	Number of	
	novels	Frequency
	0	7
	1	11
	2	9
	3-5	7
	3-5 6-8	6
		•'

Frequency
7
11
9
3
2
2
2
4

Answer: D

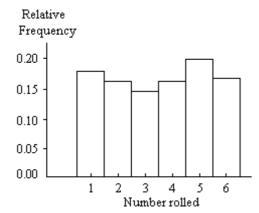
Explanation: A)

B)

C) D) A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

- 90) A die was rolled 200 times and a record was kept of the numbers obtained. The results are shown in the relative frequency histogram below.
- 90)

92) ____



A) Left skewed

- B) Right skewed
- C) Symmetric

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

Provide the requested table entry.

91) The data in the following table represent heights of students at a highschool. Find the value of the missing entry.

Height	Relative		
(centimeters)	frequency		
142-under 152	0.03		
152-under 162	0.21		
162-under 172	0.27		
172-under 182	0.28		
182-under 192			
192-under 202	0.02		
A) 19%	1		

- B) 0.19
- C) 0.21
- D) The value cannot be determined from the given data.

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

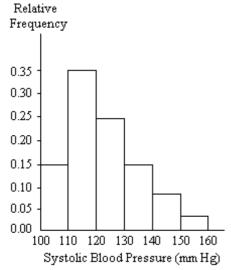
- 92) The temperature in Manhattan at 1 p.m. on New Year's Day was 34.1°F.
 - A) Discrete

B) Continuous

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



93) Given that 900 people were aged between 25 and 40, approximately how many had a systolic blood pressure reading between 130 and 149 inclusive?

A) 207

B) 21

C) 23

D) 135

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

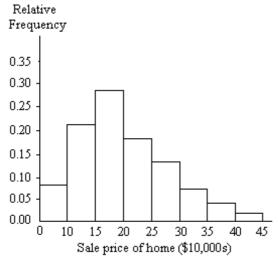
A)

C)

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

94) A relative frequency histogram for the sale prices of homes sold in one city during 2006 is shown below.

94)



A) Left skewed

B) Symmetric

C) Right skewed

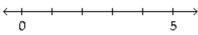
Answer: C

Explanation: A

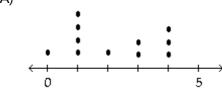
- A) B)
- C)

95) The frequency chart shows the distribution of defects for the machines used to produce a product.

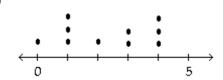
Defects	Frequency
0	1
1	3
2	0
3	2
4	4
5	0



A)



C)

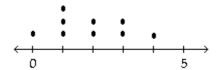


B)



D)

B) False



Answer: B

Explanation:

- A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

96) A discrete variable always yields numerical values.

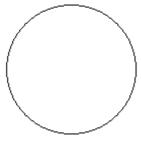
96) ____

- A) True
- Answer: A
- Explanation: A)
 - B)

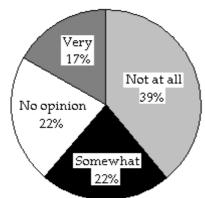
97) The data below represent the results of a poll in which the following question was asked: "To what degree are you satisfied with the outcome of the 2006 mayoral election?"

97)

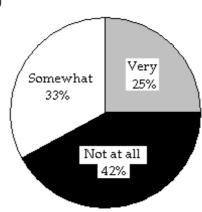
Very 17% Somewhat 22% Not at All 39% No opinion 22%



A)



B)



Answer: A Explanation: A)

87

85

81

95

B)

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

85

95

88

74

97 102

77 106

85

85

100

105

73

84

89

87

90

111

101

92

98) The diastolic blood pressures for a sample of patients at a clinic were as follows. The measurements 98) are in mmHg.

110 105

83 120

83

114

78

94

79

A) 7 | 837984

91

81

96

78

8 755143185938573 9 170452652 10 205610154 83 B)

92

7 | 837984 8 | 755143185938573 9 | 170452652

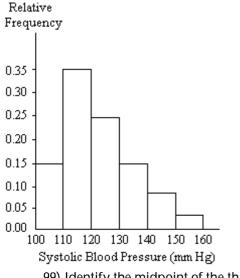
10 256015

11 0 1 4 12 0

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



99) Identify the midpoint of the third class.

A) 125

B) 124

C) 120

D) 130

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

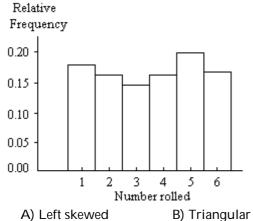
B)

C)

D)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

100) A die was rolled 200 times and a record was kept of the numbers obtained. The results are shown 100) in the relative frequency histogram below.



C) Uniform

D) J-shaped

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

101) The partially filled contingency table gives the frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

		60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
•	Male	8	6	5	
	Female	12	5	4	
	Total				

- What is the relative frequency for females in the age group 60-69?
 - A) $\frac{3}{5}$

B) $\frac{1}{4}$

- C) $\frac{13}{40}$
- D) $\frac{3}{10}$

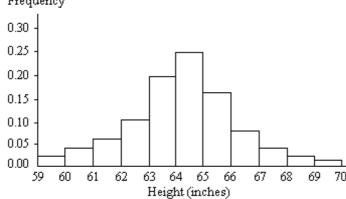
- Answer: D
- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

102) A relative frequency histogram for the heights of a sample of adult women is shown below.

102)





- A) J-shaped
- B) Triangular
- C) Bell-shaped
- D) Left skewed

- Answer: C
- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)

103) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

103)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

What kind of data is provided by the information in the third column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

Complete the contingency table and use it to solve the problem.

104) The partially filled contingency table gives the frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

104)

Age (yrs)

		60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
	Male	15	7	5	
-	Female	5	4	4	
,	Total				

What is the relative frequency for males?

A)
$$\frac{23}{40}$$

B)
$$\frac{27}{20}$$

C)
$$\frac{5}{8}$$

D)
$$\frac{27}{40}$$

Answer: D

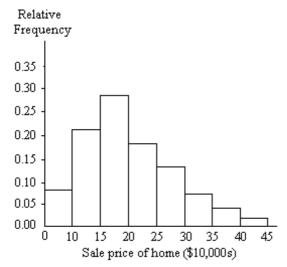
Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

105) A relative frequency histogram for the sale prices of homes sold in one city during 2006 is shown below.





- A) Reverse J-shaped
- C) Left skewed

- B) J-shaped
- D) Right skewed

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Identify the variable.

106) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

106)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	22nd Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

Identify the variable under consideration in the fifth column?

- A) movie title
- B) studio
- C) box office sales
- D) rank

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- , т, В)
- C)
- D)

107) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

107)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)	
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2	
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5	
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3	
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1	
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9	

Identify the variable under consideration in the first column?

A) Pirate Adventure

B) movie title

C) last week's rank

D) rank this week

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

- 108) The number of freshmen entering college in a certain year is 621.
 - A) Discrete

B) Continuous

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

Construct a frequency distribution for the given qualitative data.

109) The table shows the country represented by the winner of the 10,000 meter run in the Summer Olympic Games in various years.

109)

108)

Year	Country
1912	Finland
1920	Finland
1924	Finland
1928	Finland
1932	Poland
1936	Finland
1948	Czechoslovakia
1952	Czechoslovakia
1956	USSR
1960	USSR
1964	United States
1968	Kenya
1972	Finland
1976	Finland
1980	Ethiopia
1984	Italy
1988	Morocco
1992	Morocco

A)

Country	Frequency
Finland	6
Poland	1
Czechoslovakia	2
USSR	2
United States	1
Kenya	1
Ethiopia	1
Italy	1
Morocco	2

B)

Country	Frequency
Finland	7
Poland	1
Czechoslovakia	2
USSR	2
United States	1
Ethiopia	1
Italy	1
Morocco	2

C)

Country	Frequency
Ocariti y	Trequency
Finland	7
Poland	1
Czechoslovakia	2
USSR	2
United States	1
Kenya	1
France	1
Ethiopia	1
Italy	1
Morocco	2

D)

Country	Frequency
Finland	7
Poland	1
Czechoslovakia	2
USSR	2
United States	1
Kenya	1
Ethiopia	1
Italy	1
Morocco	2

Answer: D Explanation:

A)

B) C) D)

Provide the requested table entry.

110) The data in the following table represent heights of students at a highschool. Find the value of the 110) ____ missing entry.

Height	Relative
(centimeters)	frequency
142-under 15	2 0.03
152-under 16	2 0.22
162-under 17	2 0.25
172-under 18	2 0.26
182-under 19	2
192-under 20	2 0.04
A) 20%	•

B) 0.20

C) 0.16

D) The value cannot be determined from the given data.

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B) C)

D)

ldentifv	the	varia	able.

111) For the year 2006, a large record company reported the following sales figures for various music 111) ______

Media	Sales (\$ millions)
CD	1477.3
CD single	1.8
MP3	65.9
Vinyl	2.6
Music video	531.4
Mini Disc	0.3
DVD	108.2
Cassette	3.4

Identify the variable under consideration in the first column?

A) media type

B) 1477.3

C) CD

D) sales

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

C) D)

Complete the contingency table and use it to solve the problem.

112) The partially filled contingency table gives the relative frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

Age (yrs)

	60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
Male	0.22	0.1	0.08	
Female	0.2	0.1	0.3	
Total				1

What percentage of residents are males over 79?

A) 8%

B) 10%

C) 2.6%

B) Continuous

D) 7.5%

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

113) The average height of all freshmen entering college in a certain year is 68.4 inches.

113)

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

A) Discrete

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

- 114) A stem-and-leaf diagram is given below for the number of vacation days taken in 2006 by the employees of an electronics company.
 - 0 | 401363584368002
 - 1 1 4 2 5 1 4 0 3 0 1 0
 - 2 02034
 - 3 0 1
 - 4 3
 - A) Left skewed

- B) Right skewed
- C) Symmetric

Answer: B

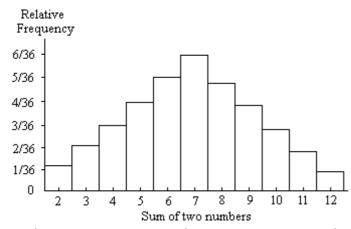
Explanation: A)

B)

C)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

115) Two dice were rolled and the sum of the two numbers was recorded. This procedure was repeated 400 times. The results are shown in the relative frequency histogram below.



- A) Right-skewed
- B) Triangular
- C) Left skewed
- D) Bell-shaped

Answer: B

Explanation: A

- B)
- C)
- D)

Construct a ste	m-an	d-lea	f diag	gram	for th	ne given data.	
116) The r	maxin	num i	record	ded te	emper	ratures (in degrees Fahrenheit) for 35 different U.S. cities are given	116)
belov	٧.						
108	125	119	109	112	104	118	
110	115	113	108	116	105	113	
120	111	114	106	112	119	107	
110	112	104	121	106	108	123	

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram using two lines per stem.

A) 10 | 4 4 5 5 10 | 4 4 10 8 9 8 6 7 6 8 10 8 9 8 5 6 7 6 8 5 11 2033142020435 11 203314202043 11 98697 11 9856975 12 0 1 3 4 5 12 0 1 3 4 12 5

Answer: B Explanation: A)

Classify the data as either qualitative or quantitative.

105 117 124 115 110 114 113

117) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

117)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

What kind of data is provided by the information in the first column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: B Explanation:

A)

B)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

118) What type of data is provided by the statement "Helen finished in 8th place in the ice dancing 118) competition"?

A) Discrete

B) Continuous

Answer: A Explanation: A)

119) A large record company reported the following sales figures for various music media last year.

119)

Media	Sales (\$ millions)
CD	1477.3
CD single	1.8
MP3	65.9
Vinyl	2.6
Music video	531.4
Mini Disc	0.3
DVD	108.2
Cassette	3.4

Identify the variable under consideration in the second column?

- A) CD single
- B) \$ millions
- C) media
- D) sales

Answer: D

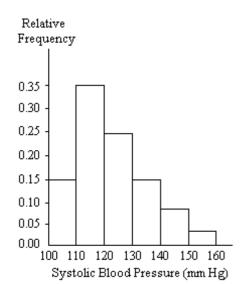
Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



120) What common class width was used to construct the frequency distribution?

120)

A) 9

B) 10

C) 11

D) 100

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

121) The lengths (in inches) of a random sample of bottlenose dolphins are given below. Truncate each observation by dropping the decimal part, then construct a stem-and-leaf diagram of the truncated data using two lines per stem.

121) ____

```
97.7
      142.2
              105.2
                     110.5
                            115.8
                                    112.4
136.7
        99.9
              101.2
                     124.3
                            121.9
                                     98.8
121.8
       132.7
              128.9
                     117.8
                            141.9
                                    108.2
118.0
       127.3 133.4
                     116.9 104.4 132.0
 A)
                                                 B)
      9 | 8 9
                                                      9 | 789
     10 0 1 4 5 8
                                                     10 1 4 5 8
     11 | 126788
                                                        025678
                                                     11
     12 2 2 4 7 9
                                                     12 1 1 4 7 8
     13 2 3 3 7
                                                     13 2236
     14 2 2
                                                     14 | 1 2
```

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

122) The following table shows the heights of the five tallest mountains in North America.

122)

Mountain	Height (ft)	Rank
McKinley	20,320	1
Logan	19,850	2
Citlaltepec	18,700	3
St. Elias	18,008	4
Popocatepetl	17,930	5

What kind of data is given in the second column of the table?

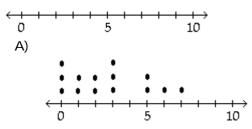
A) Discrete

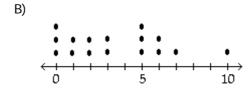
B) Continuous

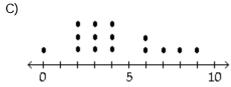
Answer: B
Explanation: A)
B)

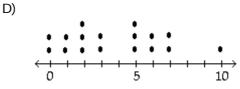
123) Attendance records at a school show the number of days each student was absent during the year. The days absent for each student were as follows.

934286340673422



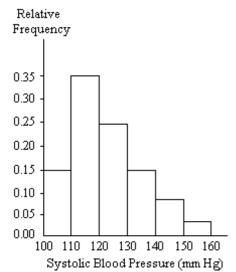






Answer: C
Explanation: A)
B)
C)
D)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



124) Approximately what percentage of the people aged 25-40 had a systolic blood pressure reading less than 120?

124)

123)

A) 5%

B) 35%

C) 50%

D) 3.5%

Answer: C Explanation:

ation: A)

B) C) 125) The partially filled contingency table gives the frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

125)

		Age (yrs)		
	60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
Male	17	4	5	
Female	3	7	4	
Total				

- What percentage of residents are males in the age group 60-69?
 - A) 42.6%
- B) 42.5%
- C) 43%

D) 42.3%

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

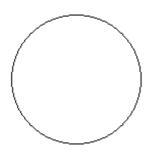
- A) B)
- C)
- D)

Construct a pie chart representing the given data set.

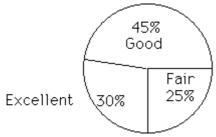
126) 500 movie critics rated a movie. The following data give the rating distribution.

126)

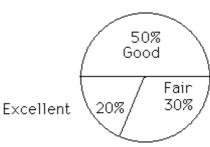
Rating	Frequency	Relative Frequency
Excellent	100	0.20
Good	250	0.50
Fair	150	0.30



A)



B)



Answer: B

Explanation: A)

$T \land \Pi$	whether	tha	ctatan	aant i	c truo	or fal	2
1 1211	WILEITIEL	11111	SIALEH	1121111	> 11 U.E.	UI IAI	> E

127) A variable which can take any real-number value in the interval [0, 1] is a continuous variable. 127) B) False

A) True

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

Provide the requested response.

128) The table contains data from a study of daily study time for 40 students from Statistics 101. In constructing an ogive from the data, what quantity should be assigned to each axis.

Minutes on	Number of	Relative	Cumulative
homework	students	frequency	relative frequency
0-under 15	2	0.05	0.05
15-under 30	4	0.10	0.15
30-under 45	8	0.20	0.35
45-under 60	18	0.45	0.80
60-under 75	4	0.10	0.90
75-under 90	4	0.10	1.00

- A) Number of students on the x-axis and cumulative relative frequency on the y-axis
- B) Minutes on homework on the x-axis and relative frequency on the y-axis
- C) Minutes on homework on the x-axis and cumulative relative frequency on the y-axis
- D) There is not enough data to decide.

Answer: C

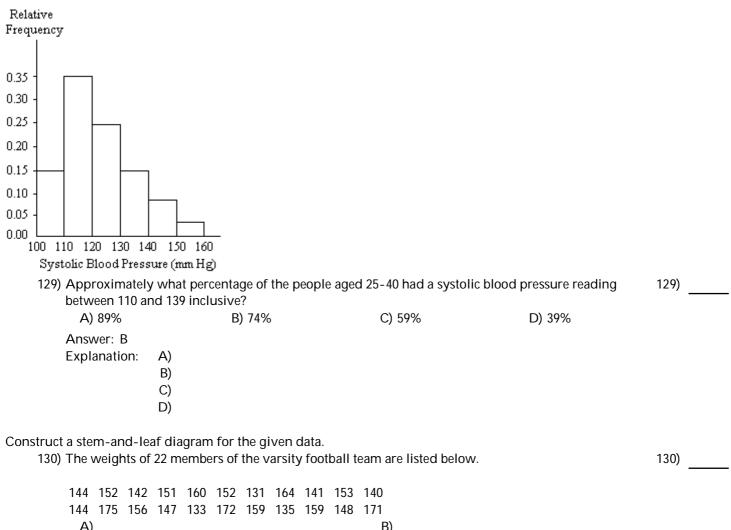
Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



131) The diastolic blood pressures for a sample of patients at a clinic were as follows. The measurements 131) _____ are in mmHg.

```
78
                85
                                      90 102 105
     87
           91
                     97
                          102
                                73
94
                95
     85
           81
                     77
                          106
                                84
                                    101
                                          83
                                               92
79
     81
           96
                88
                    100
                           85
                                89
                                     87
                                          83
                                                90
     95
88
           78
                74
                    108
                           85
                                87
                                     92
                                          97
                                                83
```

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram using two lines per stem.

Answer: B
Explanation: A)
B)

Classify the data as either qualitative or quantitative.

132) A large record company reported the following sales figures for various music media last year. 132)

Media	Sales (\$ millions)
CD	1477.3
CD single	1.8
MP3	65.9
Vinyl	2.6
Music video	531.4
Mini Disc	0.3
DVD	108.2
Cassette	3.4

What kind of data is provided by the information in the second column?

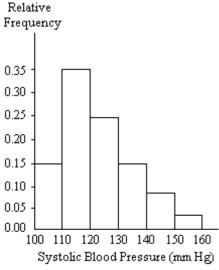
A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



133) Approximately what percentage of the people aged 25-40 had a systolic blood pressure reading greater than or equal to 130?

133)

A) 74%

B) 26%

C) 15%

D) 23%

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Classify the data as either qualitative or quantitative.

134) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

134)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

What kind of data is provided by the information in the second column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: B

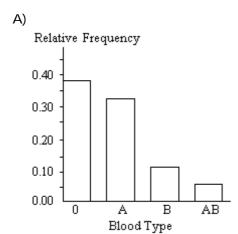
Explanation: A)

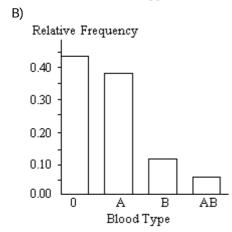
B)

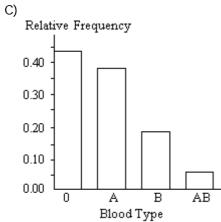
Construct the requested graph.

Blood	Frequency	Relative
type		frequency
O	22	0.44
Α	19	0.38
В	6	0.12
AB	3	0.06









Answer: B
Explanation: A)
B)

- 11						c 1
	Whathar	tha	statement	10 1	tri ia ar	talca
1 511	WILCUIC	เมเต	Statement	13	แนะเ	Taise.

136) A person's blood type can be classified as A, B, AB, or O. In this example, "blood type" is the variable while A, B, AB, O constitute the data.

136) _____

A) True

B) False

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

Complete the contingency table and use it to solve the problem.

137) The partially filled contingency table gives the frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

137)

Αg	e ((yr	S

	60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
Male	19	10	5	
Female	1	1	4	
Total				

What percentage of residents are female?

A) 15.4%

B) 14.5%

C) 15%

D) 16%

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

138) A car insurance company conducted a survey to find out how many car accidents people had been involved in. They selected a sample of 32 adults between the ages of 30 and 70 and asked each person how many accidents they had been involved in the past ten years. The following data were obtained.

0 1 0 3 2 1 0 2 1 1 1 0 2 0 4 1 2 0 0 1 0 2 1 3 1 3 0 0 1 0 5 4

Construct a frequency distribution for the number of car accidents.

Number of	
accidents	Frequency
0	11
1	10
2	5
2	3
4	1
5	1

B١

Number of	
accidents	Frequency
0	11
1	10
2	5
3	3
4	2
5	1

C)

)			
	Number of		
	accidents	Frequency	
	1	10	
	2	5	
	3	3	
	4	2	
	5	1	

D)

Number of	
accidents	Frequency
0	12
1	9
2	5
3	3
4	2
5	1

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

139) The following table shows the average weight of offensive linemen for each given football team.

139)

Team	Average weight (pounds)
Gators	303.52
Lakers	326.78
Eagles	290.61
Pioneers	321.96
Lions	297.35
Mustangs	302.49
Rams	345.88
Buffalos	329.24
	1

Identify the variable under consideration in the first column?

- A) team name
- C) Gators

D) average weight of offensive linemen

Answer: A

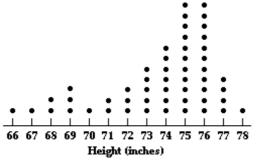
Explanation: A)

- B)
- C) D)

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

140) The dotplot shows heights of football players.

140) _____



A) Symmetric

- B) Left skewed
- C) Right skewed

Answer: B

Explanation:

- A)
- B)
- C)

• .			_	rall shape of the distribution wed, left skewed, bimodal		aped,
_	11) A stem-and	d-leaf diagram		annual precipitation in one		141)
	0 9 1 1 4 2 2 0 2 0 3 3 0 1 4 7 2 4 1 3 4 8 7 5 1 7 4 8 6 3 6 7 1					
	A) Triang Answer: B Explanation	-	B) Bell-shaped	C) Right skewed	D) Left skewed	
-	•	•	ve or quantitative. record company repor	ted the following sales figur	res for various music	142)
	Media CD	Sales (\$ mill 1477.3	ions)			

Media	Sales (\$ millions)
CD	1477.3
CD single	1.8
MP3	65.9
Vinyl	2.6
Music video	531.4
Mini Disc	0.3
DVD	108.2
Cassette	3.4

What kind of data is provided by the information in the first column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: A

Explanation: A) B)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

What kind of data is provided by the information in the fourth column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

144) Arranging the age of students in a class in from youngest to oldest yields ordinal data. B) False

144)

A) True

Answer: A

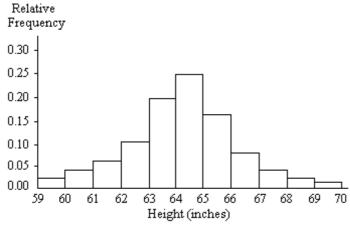
Explanation: A)

B)

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

145) A relative frequency histogram for the heights of a sample of adult women is shown below.

145) ____



A) Left skewed

B) Right skewed

C) Symmetric

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

Complete the contingency table and use it to solve the problem.

146) The partially filled contingency table gives the relative frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

	Age (yrs)			
	60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
Male	0.17	0.1	0.13	
Female	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Total				1

What percentage of residents are females in the age group 70-79?

- A) 20%
- B) 22%
- C) 19.5%
- D) 18%

Answer: A

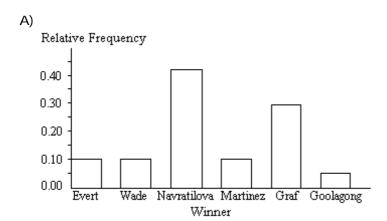
Explanation:

- A) B)
- B)
- C)
- D)

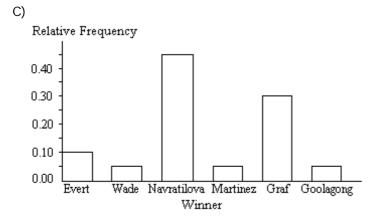
Construct the requested graph.

147) The table lists the winners of the State Tennis Tournament women's singles title for the years 1986-2005. Construct a bar graph for the given relative frequencies.

Winner	Frequency	Relative	\uparrow
		frequency	
C. Evert	2	0.10	
V. Wade	1	0.05	
M. Navratilov	a 9	0.45	
C. Martinez	1	0.05	
S. Graf	6	0.30	
E. Goolagong	1	0.05	



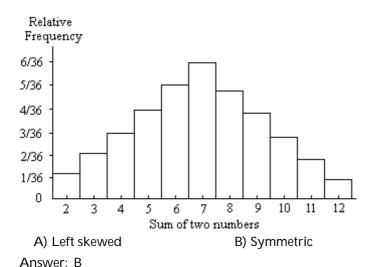
B) Relative Frequency 0.40 0.30 0.20 0.10 0.00 Navratilova Martinez Graf Goolagong Wade Evert Winner



Answer: C **Explanation:** A) B) C)

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

148) Two dice were rolled and the sum of the two numbers was recorded. This procedure was repeated 148) 400 times. The results are shown in the relative frequency histogram below.



C) Right skewed

Explanation: A)

B) C) Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

149) The attendance counts for this season's basketball games are listed below.

149)

```
221 233 229 233
235 228 245 231
 A)
     21 | 5 9
     22 7 1 9 8
     23 9 3 3 5 1
     24 5
```

227 239 215 219

B) 21 | 5 7 9 22 189 23 1 3 3 5 9 24 5

Answer: A Explanation: A)

B)

Identify the variable.

150) The following table shows the average weight of offensive linemen for each given football team.

150)

Team	Average weight (pounds)
Gators	303.52
Lakers	326.78
Eagles	290.61
Pioneers	321.96
Lions	297.35
Mustangs	302.49
Rams	345.88
Buffalos	329.24

Identify the variable under consideration in the second column?

- A) average weight of offensive linemen
- B) Gators

C) pounds

D) team name

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)

D)

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

151) The midterm test scores for the seventh-period typing class are listed below.

151)

B) 5 | 9 6 358 7 3558 8 2 4 4 7 9

9 | 137

Answer: A Explanation:

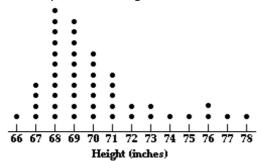
A)

B)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

152) The dotplot shows heights of wrestlers.





- A) Right skewed
- C) Reverse J-shaped

- B) Left skewed
- D) J-shaped

Answer: A

Explanation:

- A) B)
- C)
- D)

Identify the variable.

153) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

153)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	21st Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

Identify the variable under consideration in the second column?

A) box office sales

B) movie title

C) last week's rank

D) Secret Agent Files

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

154) The following table gives the top five movies at the box office this week.

154)

Rank	Last week	Movie title	Studio	Box office sales (\$ millions)
1	N/A	Pirate Adventure	Movie Giant	35.2
2	2	Secret Agent Files	G.M.G.	19.5
3	1	Epic Super Hero Team	22nd Century	14.3
4	5	Reptile Ride	Movie Giant	10.1
5	4	Must Love Cats	Dreamboat	9.9

What kind of data is provided by the information in the fifth column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B,

Complete the contingency table and use it to solve the problem.

155) The partially filled contingency table gives the relative frequencies of the data on age (in years) and sex from the residents of a retirement home.

Age (yrs)

	60-69	70-79	Over 79	Total
Male	0.18	0.1	0.12	
Female	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Total				1

What percentage of residents are in the age group 60-69?

A) 36%

B) 41%

C) 38%

B) False

D) 39.5%

Answer: C

Explanation:

A) B)

D)

C)

D)

Tell whether the statement is true or false.

156) The possible values of a discrete variable always form a finite set.

156)

A) True Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the given data.

157) The ages of the 45 members of a track and field team are listed below. Construct an ordered stem-and-leaf diagram using two lines per stem.

```
157)
```

B)

1 | 45
1 | 56677889
2 | 011112223455
2 | 5566778
3 | 00112222345
3 | 5678
4 | 0124
4 | 8

Answer: A
Explanation: A)
B)

A graphical display of a data set is given. Identify the overall shape of the distribution as (roughly) bell-shaped, triangular, uniform, reverse J-shaped, J-shaped, right skewed, left skewed, bimodal, or multimodal.

158) A stem-and-leaf diagram is given below for the number of vacation days taken in 2006 by the employees of an electronics company.

```
0 | 4 0 1 3 6 3 5 8 4 3 6 8 0 0 2
1 | 1 4 2 5 1 4 0 3 0 1 0
2 | 0 2 0 3 4
3 | 0 1
4 | 3
```

- A) Reverse J-shaped
- C) Right skewed

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

- B) J-shaped
- D) Left skewed

Mountain	Height (ft)	Rank
McKinley	20,320	1
Logan	19,850	2
Citlaltepec	18,700	3
St. Elias	18,008	4
PopocatepetI	17,930	5

What kind of data is given in the third column of the table?

A) Discrete

B) Continuous

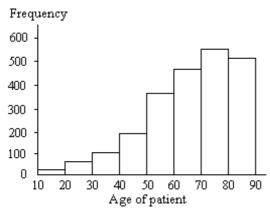
Answer: A

Explanation: A)

B)

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

160) The ages of a group of patients being treated at one hospital for osteoporosis are summarized in the frequency histogram below.



A) Left skewed

B) Symmetric

C) Right skewed

Answer: A Explanation:

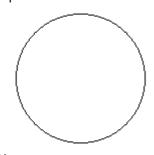
tion: A)

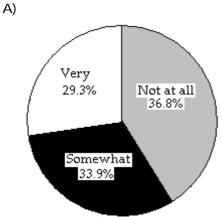
B)

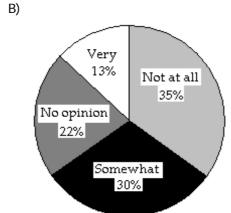
C)

161) The data below represent the results of a poll in which the following question was asked: "To what degree are you satisfied with your current health insurance?"

Very 13% Somewhat 30% Not at All 35% No opinion 22%



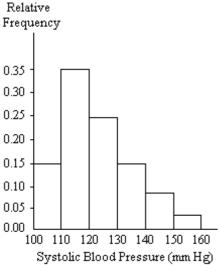




Answer: B Explanation: A)

B)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



162) Given that 300 people were aged between 25 and 40, approximately how many had a systolic blood 162) pressure reading less than 130?

A) 74

B) 72

C) 222

D) 22

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

Classify the data as either qualitative or quantitative.

163) ___ 163) The following table shows the average weight of offensive linemen for each given football team.

Team	Average weight (pounds)
Gators	303.52
Lakers	326.78
Eagles	290.61
Pioneers	321.96
Lions	297.35
Mustangs	302.49
Rams	345.88
Buffalos	329.24

What kind of data is provided by the information in the first column?

A) Qualitative

B) Quantitative

Answer: A

Explanation:

A)

B)

A graphical d skewed.	isplay of a data set is g	ven. State whether the distributi	on is (roughly) symmetric, right skew	ed, or left
164) A s	tem-and-leaf diagram i	s given below for the ages of the p	oatients at a hospital.	164)
2 0 3 0 4 3 5 3 6 6 7 2 8 4	40 142 0203 015829 34517182 3626893306363 52818336269050 25378953678489 4608532627890			
Ans	A) Right skewed swer: C blanation: A) B) C)	B) Symmetric	C) Left skewed	
	lata as either qualitative e following table shows		nemen for each given football team.	165)
Tea	am Average weight tors 303.52	(pounds)		
	kers 326.78			
	gles 290.61			
-	neers 321.96			
Lio	ns 297.35			
Mu	ıstangs 302.49			
Rar	ms 345.88			
Buf	ffalos 329.24			
Wh	at kind of data is provic	led by the information in the secor	nd column?	

B) Quantitative

A) Qualitative

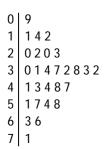
A) B)

Answer: B Explanation:

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

166) A stem-and-leaf diagram is given below for the annual precipitation in one U.S. city for 28 consecutive years. Precipitation data are in inches.

166)



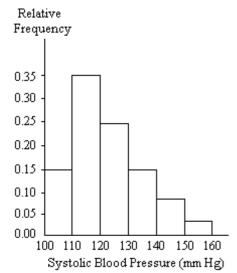
A) Left skewed

B) Right skewed

C) Symmetric

Answer: C
Explanation: A)
B)
C)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.



167) Given that 200 people were aged between 25 and 40, approximately how many had a systolic blood pressure reading of 140 or higher?

A) 16

B) 22

C) 8

D) 11

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

Provide the requested table entry.

168) The data in the following table reflect the amount of time 40 students in a section of Statistics 101 spend on homework each day. Determine the value that should be entered in the relative frequency column for the class 0-14.

168)	

Homework time	Number of	Relative
(minutes)	students	frequency
0-14	2	
15-29	4	
30-44	10	
45-59	16	
60-74	6	
75-89	2	
A) 2	' B)	5%

A) 2 B) 5%

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

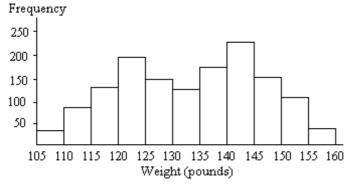
D)

A graphical display of a data set is given. State whether the distribution is (roughly) symmetric, right skewed, or left skewed.

C) 2%

169) A frequency histogram is given below for the weights of a sample of college students.





A) Left skewed

B) Symmetric

C) Right skewed

D) 0.05

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

A)

C)

170) The data in the following table reflect the amount of time 40 students in a section of Statistics 101 spend on homework each day. Find the value of the missing entry.

170)

Homework time	Relative
	_

I TOTTIC VVOI IX TITLIC	Relative
(minutes)	frequency
0-14	0.05
15-29	0.10
30-44	0.25
45-59	
60-74	0.15
75-89	0.05
	•

- A) 16
- B) 40%
- C) 0.40
- D) The value cannot be determined from the given data.

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Construct a frequency distribution for the given qualitative data.

171) The blood types for 40 people who agreed to participate in a medical study were as follows.

171) ____

Ο	Α	Α	0	Ο	ΑB	Ο	В	Α	Ο
Α	0	Α	В	Ο	Ο	Ο	ΑB	Α	Α
Α	В	Ο	Α	Α	Ο	О	В	О	Ο
0	Α	Ο	Ο	Α	В	Ο	Ο	Α	ΑB

Construct a frequency distribution for the data.

A) Blood type	Frequency
0	18
Α	14
В	5
AB	3
	-
C) Blood type	Frequency
C) Blood type O	Frequency 19
C) Blood type O A	
0	19

B) Blood type	Frequency
0	19
Α	13
В	5
AB	3
D) Blood type	Frequency
D) Blood type O	Frequency 20
· —	
0	20

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

Classify the data as either discrete or continuous.

172) The number of cars passing a busy intersection between 4:30 P.M. and 6:30 P.M. on a Monday is 2,200.

172)

A) Discrete

B) Continuous

Answer: A

- Explanation: A)
 - B)

A nurse measured the blood pressure of each person who visited her clinic. Following is a relative-frequency histogram for the systolic blood pressure readings for those people aged between 25 and 40. Use the histogram to answer the question. The blood pressure readings were given to the nearest whole number.

Relative
Frequency

0.35 0.30 0.25 0.20 0.15 0.10 0.05 -

- 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 Systolic Blood Pressure (mm Hg)
- 173) Given that 900 people were aged between 25 and 40, approximately how many had a systolic blood pressure reading between 140 and 149 inclusive?
 - A) 7

0.00

B) 720

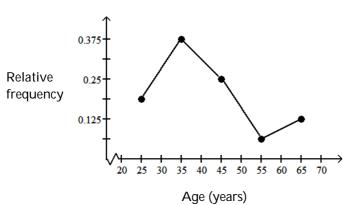
C) 72

D) 8

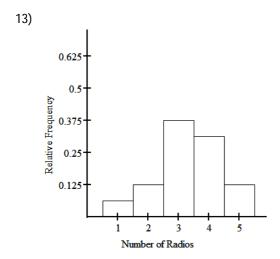
Answer: C

- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)

- 1) D
- 2) A
- 3) A



- 5) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The television on the right should have three times the <u>area</u> of the television on the left. This does not mean that its dimensions will be three times as big. (In fact, its dimensions will be $\sqrt{3}$ times the dimensions of the television on the left).
- 6) Answers will vary. Possible answer: If the data set is very large, it may be hard to get a picture of the data from the original data. Organized data summarizes the data and may enable the researcher to see patterns and trends in the data. Since the organized data is only a summary of the data and does not give the exact data values, it may sometimes be preferable to use the original data, for example to find the <u>exact</u> value for the average.
- 7) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The average price increases by 25% from 2002 to 2003. Using the truncated graph, the price appears to double from 1994 to 1995 (i.e. it appears to increase by 100%). Using the truncated graph, the differences between the bars seem bigger (relatively) than they really are.
- 8) Answers will vary. Possible answer: With too many classes it may be difficult to get a clear picture of the data and to see trends in the data the amount of information may be overwhelming. With too few classes, it may also be difficult to see important characteristics in the data as the data may have been over-summarized and too much information may have been lost.
- 9) Answers will vary. Possible answer: A frequency histogram would be more useful. A stem-and-leaf diagram would not be useful because there would be too many stems and only one or two leaves per stem. If a frequency histogram was used, the data could first be grouped into an appropriate number of classes such as 2-under 6, 6-under 0, 10-under 14, 14-under 18, 18-under 22.
- 10) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The area of the television on the right is nine times (not three times) the area of the television on the left. The pictogram gives the visual impression that sales in 2005 were nine times the sales in 1995.
- 11) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The classes do not have equal width, so it is not meaningful to compare the frequencies for the different classes. The class 66-under 72 has the highest frequency because this class includes a larger range of heights than the other classes. The table should be set up with equal-width classes. (Although there may be one open-ended class).
- 12) Answers will vary. Typically a bimodal distribution occurs when the population has two distinct subgroups each with its own mean.



Color	Frequency	Relative Frequency
blue	3	0.15
red	4	0.20
green	5	0.25
purple	7	0.35
yellow	1	0.05

15)

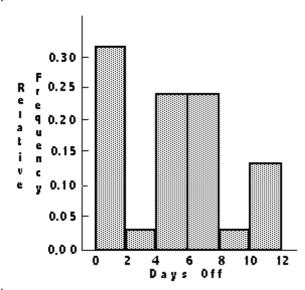
Hours	Frequency
3 - 4	3
5 - 6	13
7 - 8	7
9 - 10	1

16)

Hours	Frequency
8-under 10	
10-under 12	
12-under 14	7
14-under 16	1

17) The stems would be 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14.

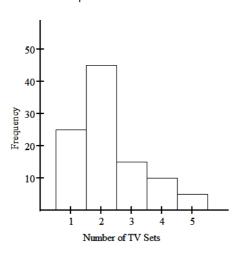
Score	Frequency
60-under 70	3
70-under 80	12
80-under 90	7
90-under 100	2



20)

Hours	Frequency
3-under 5	3
5-under 7	13
7-under 9	7
9-under 11	1

21)



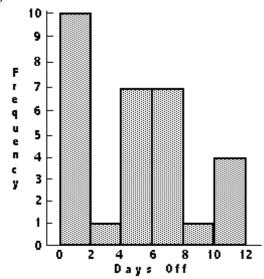
- 22) Answers will vary. The distribution will probably be left skewed.
- 23) Answers will vary. The distribution will be either left skewed or J-shaped.

Age	Frequency
25-under 30	3
30-under 35	3
35-under 40	6
40-under 45	4
45-under 50	5
50-under 55	3
55-under 60	5
60-under 65	5

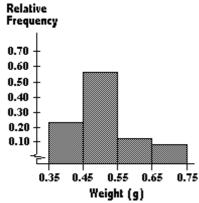
- 25) Answers can vary. Possible answer: Each of the five classes should have the same width, and there are 46 values (including the minimum of 28 and the maximum of 73) to be distributed evenly among the 5 classes. If 46 values are distributed evenly among 5 classes, the width must be at least 9.2, so a round width of 10 is a good choice. If a width of 9 is used, then the five classes will not cover the range of the data.
- 26) Answers will vary. Possible answer: Yes, when a bar graph is truncated, differences between the bars appear exaggerated.

Charges	Frequency
7.00-under 10	2
10.00-under 13	3
13.00-under 16	
16.00-under 19	2

- 28) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The volume of the cube on the right is eight times (not twice) the volume of the cube on the left. The pictogram gives the visual impression that eight times as many parcels were delivered this year as last year.
- 29) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The frequency distribution and the relative frequency distribution for a given set of data both have the same shape but have different scales on the vertical axis. Given the scale for the frequency distribution, the scale for the relative frequency distribution is obtained by dividing each number on the vertical axis by n (the size of the data set).



- 31) Answers will vary. Possible answer: A histogram is used for quantitative data, has a continuous numerical scale on the horizontal axis, and there are no gaps between the bars. A bar graph is used to represent qualitative data. It does not have a continuous numerical scale on the horizontal axis, but names of the different categories. There are gaps between the bars. Examples of data will vary.
- 32) Answers will vary. Other examples besides the heights of adult women that are likely to be bell-shaped distributions would be their weights, their hat sizes, and their shoe measurements.

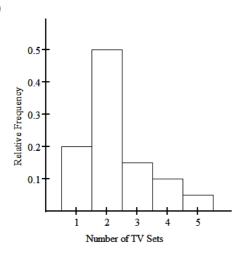


34)

Hours	Frequency
8 - 9	3
10 - 11	13
12 - 13	7
14 - 15	1

35) Answers will vary. Check students' graphs. The new graph will be truncated at some point: part of the vertical axis will be omitted and this should be indicated by the symbol //, to alert the reader to this fact.

36)



37)

Response	Frequency	Relative Frequency	
Strongly Favor	24	0.12	
Favor	39	0.195	
Neutral	9	0.045	
Oppose	14	0.07	
Strongly Oppose	114	0.57	

38) Answers will vary. Possible answer: A bar graph would be more useful. A bar graph is useful for comparing the sizes of different categories with each other, since it is easy to compare the heights of different bars.

Score	Frequency
60 - 69	3
70 - 79	12
80 - 89	7
90 - 99	2

- 40) Answers will vary. Possible answer: First calculate the relative frequency for the blood type O. Relative frequency = 90/200 = 0.45. The angle is 45% of 360° , or 162° .
- 41) Answers will vary. Possible answer: In a frequency distribution, each observation must belong to one and only one class. In Anna's table, there is overlap of the classes it is not clear, for example, to which class the value 3 belongs. The classes could have been depicted in either of the following ways:

Number of sick days taken	Frequency
0-under 3	
3-under 6	
6-under 9	
9-under 12	

Number of sick days taken Frequency 0-2 3-5

3-5 6-8

9-11

42) Answers will vary. Possible answer: Since the two groups are of different sizes, comparing the <u>number</u> (frequency) of managers falling into a given class with the <u>number</u> of employees falling in the same class would not be very meaningful. It would be more useful to compare the <u>proportion</u> (relative frequency) of managers falling into a given class with the proportion of employees falling in the same class.

Class	Frequency	Relative Frequency
Large	345	0.190
Medium	830	0.456
Small	645	0.354

- 44) Answers will vary. An example of a right skewed distribution might be the ages of all members (e.g. athletes, coaches) of a gymnastics team. A majority of the members would be quite young, however the older athletes and coaches will skew the distribution to the right.
- 45) Answers will vary. Possible answer: A pie chart would be more useful. A pie chart clearly shows the proportion of the whole "pie" represented by each piece of pie. A bar chart is more useful for comparing the sizes of different categories with each other.

Answer Key Testname: C2

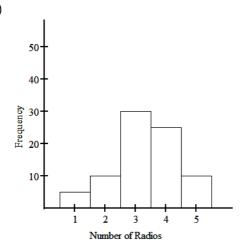
46) a.	Weight (lb)	Frequency
	20-24	
	25-29	
	30-34	
b.	Weight (lb)	Frequency
	20-24.9	
	25-29.9	
	30-34.9	
C.	Weight (lb)	Frequency
	20-24.99	
	25-29.99	
	30-34.99	

- 47) Answers will vary. Possible answer: A pie chart would be more useful. A pie chart is useful for comparing the size of each category with the *whole* (ie the proportion of the whole population falling in each category). A bar graph is more useful for comparing the sizes of different categories with each other.
- 48) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The graph is misleading because it is truncated. The scale on the vertical axis should start at zero so that the bars will be in the correct proportions. A part of the vertical axis could be omitted but the symbol // should then be used to warn the reader of the modified axis.
- 49) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The distribution will probably be reverse J-shaped. The relative frequency corresponding to the first class ($0 \le 3000$) will be the highest, the relative frequency for the second class ($3000 \le 6000$) will be somewhat smaller and the relative frequencies of the remaining classes will continue to decrease from one class to the next.

50)

Salary	Frequency
20-under 24	3
24-under 28	7
28-under 32	7
32-under 36	4
36-under 40	2
40-under 44	4
44-under 48	1
48-under 52	2
	'

51) Answers will vary. Possible answer: If a bar graph is truncated, the heights of the bars will not be in the correct proportions. This can create a misleading impression.

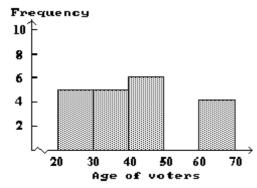


Answer Key

Testname: C2

Stem-and-leaf diagrams are awkward with data containing many digits. In this case, the data contain too many digits and must be rounded to a suitable number of digits before constructing the diagram.

54)

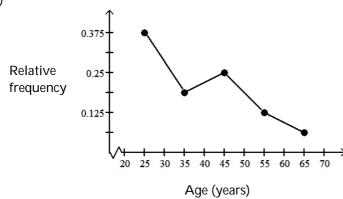


- 55) The leaf unit would be 0.01. There would be four stems representing 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4.
- 56) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The distribution of the single numbers will be roughly uniform since each integer is likely to occur 10% of the time in the long run. The distribution of the sums will not be uniform since sums such as 0 and 18 will occur less often than sums such as 9.

Share price	Frequency
10-under 20	5
20-under 30	8
30-under 40	3
40-under 50	4
50-under 60	8
60-under 70	3
70-under 80	1

- 58) Answers will vary. Possible answer: The distribution will be bimodal. The population consists of two very different groups. The mean height for the gymnasts will be very different from the mean height of the basketball players. There will be two distinct peaks one at the average height of the gymnasts and one at the average height of the basketball players.
- 59) Answers will vary. The two samples of size 1000 are likely to have similar distributions because the sample size is large. Because of the large sample size, the distribution of both samples is likely to be close to the distribution of the population. The two samples of size 12 may not have similar distributions because the sample size is so small.

Age	Frequency
25 - 29	3
30 - 34	3
35 - 39	6
40 - 44	4
45 - 49	5
50 - 54	3
55 - 59	5
60 - 64	5



- 62) B 63) B
- 64) B
- 65) A
- 66) A
- 67) B
- 68) A
- 69) A
- 70) B
- 71) B
- 72) B
- 73) A
- 74) B
- 75) A
- 76) B
- 77) A
- 78) A 79) C
- 80) B
- 81) C
- 82) A
- 83) C
- 84) A
- 85) A
- 86) A
- 87) B
- 88) B

Answer Key Testname: C2

89) D

90) C

91) B

92) B

93) A

94) C

95) B

96) A

97) A

98) B

99) A

100) C

101) D

102) C

103) A

104) D

105) D

106) C

107) D

108) A

109) D

110) B

111) A

112) A

113) B

114) B

115) B

116) B

117) B 118) A

110) 🗖

119) D 120) B

121) B

122) B

123) C

124) C

125) B

126) B

127) A

128) C

129) B

130) B

131) B

132) B

133) B

134) B

135) B 136) B

137) C

138) B

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Answer Key Testname: C2

139) A

140) B

141) B

142) A

143) A

144) A

145) C

146) A

147) C

148) B

149) A

150) A

151) A

152) A

153) C

154) B

155) C

156) B

157) A

158) A

159) A

160) A

161) B

162) C

163) A

164) C

165) B

166) C

167) B

168) D

169) B

170) C 171) B

172) A

173) C