# Chapter 2--The Environment of Organizations and Managers

	Student:
1.	The external environment of an organization consists of the organization's general environment and task environment.
	True False
2.	Important economic factors for business are general economic growth, inflation, interest rates, and unemployment.
	True False
3.	Fast-food restaurant cannot build standard designs in the historical district of Jackson Hole Wyoming. Fast-food establishments must use architecture that complements the structures in the neighborhood. This is part of the economic dimension of the general environment.
	True False
4.	Managers can disregard the general environment because it is vague, imprecise and long-term.
	True False
5.	The Food Allergy and Anaphylaxis Network is working to ban peanuts on airline flights. This is an example of a special interest group attempting to act in the role of regulator.
	True False
6.	Zynga is the creator of FarmVille, a popular game on Facebook. Zynga expanded to the Apple iPhone, iPod Touch and iPad markets. Zynga and Apple have a strategic partnership.
	True False
7.	Ethics are determined by each individual, so organizations do not have to be concerned with developing a set of organizational ethics.
	True False
8.	Ethical actions conform to generally accepted social norms.
	True False
9.	Both people and organizations have ethics.
	True False

10. Behaving ethically is easy because only good things happen to good people.

True False

11. Ken is a stock analyst who gives his friends tips on companies to buy. If they buy, the price will likely go up, which helps Ken. Ken has a conflict of interest.

True False

12. Scott Thompson resigned after serving as CEO of Yahoo for only four months. It was determined that he knowingly lied about his educational background on his resume. But for every unethical manager, there are many ethical ones.

True False

13. Since the passage of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act turnover in the CFO position has risen dramatically. CFOs point to greatly increased risk without increased reward. Increasing regulation has few side effects.

True False

14. Some website hackers have boasted by posting information stolen from companies. Zappos, eHarmony, LinkedIn, and Yahoo have all been victims. The potential abuse of information technology is an ethics dilemma for only a few companies.

True False

15. Exporting can involve merchandise but not services.

True False

16. There are four distinct levels of international business activity that differentiate organizations.

True False

17. A company in France makes and sells baby food in France. The product is from a patent held by an American company and the France-based firm pays the American manufacturer a specified amount for each unit sold. These two firms are operating under an exporting agreement.

True False

18. Forever 21 sells clothing made in Vietnam. The clothing is sold in the United States. This is an example of a strategic alliance.

True False

19. The simplest way to get involved in international business is by *Maquiladoras*.

True False

20.	Toyota Motors owns factories in the United States, which manufacture Toyota-brand cars for sale to U.S. customers. These vehicles are imported.
	True False
21.	International licensing agreements involve regulations for truckers transporting products between countries.
	True False
22.	Maquiladoras are an example of what the text refers to as direct investment.
	True False
23.	Most MNCs use direct investment exclusively because they are so big they can afford to buy companies.
	True False
24.	The GATT replaced the WTO.
	True False
25.	Belgium was the first EU country to outlaw burqas, full body covering worn by some Muslim women. Lawmakers stated concern about the ability to identify people in public. Masks are also not allowed. This is an example of the cultural context of international business.
	True False
26.	The EU created the first economic community.
	True False
27.	The use of color holds little symbolic value in most cultures.
	True False

28. The culture of an organization is easy to measure objectively.

True False

True False

corporate culture.

29. The values held by an organization's founder or founders are often among the major determinants of

31.	Which of the following statements does NOT describe a characteristic of an organization's external environment?
	<ul> <li>A. It includes specific, identifiable organizations and factors of interest to the organization.</li> <li>B. It is composed of general and task components.</li> <li>C. The boundary between the organization and its environment is quite specific and clearly defined.</li> <li>D. It contains some nonspecific dimensions and forces that can affect organization activities.</li> <li>E. It includes everything outside of the organization that might potentially affect it.</li> </ul>
32.	When a locally owned restaurant fears new competition from Applebee's or TGIF's, it is experiencing a change in its
	<ul> <li>A. external environment.</li> <li>B. internal environment.</li> <li>C. physical work environment.</li> <li>D. government regulations.</li> <li>E. organizational culture.</li> </ul>
33.	In Asia, consumers have historically had an aversion to debt. However, in recent years credit card use has grown significantly, supported by aggressive marketing and governments in the region that see it as a means to fuel economic growth. This is an example of the dimension.
	A. economic B. technological C. sociocultural D. political-legal E. domestic
34.	The environment of a business that manufactures top-of-the-line cabinets includes computer-assisted design software that helps to convert wood and people's ideas into lovely, functional cabinets.
	A. legal B. sociocultural C. technological D. political E. economic
35.	No company wants to set up shop in another country unless trade relationships with the country are relatively well defined and stable. This point of view reflects what dimension of the general environment?
	A. Task B. Economic C. Technological D. Political-legal E. Competitive

37.	. All of the following are included in the task environment of organizations EXCEPT	
	A. competitors. B. customers. C. regulators. D. suppliers. E. the economy.	
38.	Which of the following is part of the task environment for Wal-Mart Corporation?	
	<ul> <li>A. The Securities and Exchange Commission (regulates Wal-Mart's stock offerings)</li> <li>B. Procter and Gamble (supplies Tide and many other products to Wal-Mart stores)</li> <li>C. Teamsters Union (Wal-Mart's truck drivers are members of this labor union)</li> <li>D. Wal-Mart's Board of Directors</li> <li>E. All of these.</li> </ul>	
39.	The task environment includes all of the following EXCEPT	
	A. competitors. B. technology. C. regulators. D. customers. E. strategic allies.	
40.	Nike and Reebok are best described as	
	A. strategic allies. B. competitors. C. customers. D. regulators. E. suppliers.	
41.	1. All of the following are competitors of Walmart EXCEPT	
	A. Kmart B. Target C. Walgreens D. Meyers E. Subway	
	5	

36. Investors were worried about the stock market when unemployment was 10%, companies were slow to

invest, and government debt was still increasing. These are aspects of which environment?

A. Legal

B. SocioculturalC. TechnologicalD. PoliticalE. Economic

42.	Skype impacts the number of people who fly. This is an example of to the airline industry.
	A. competitors B. suppliers C. board of directors D. strategic partners E. regulators
43.	Organizations that provide resources to other organizations are known as
	A. suppliers. B. competitors. C. regulators. D. interest groups. E. importers.
44.	For a company such as Johnson & Johnson that makes personal care products, medications, and medical supplies, which of the following would be considered as customers?
	A. Hospitals B. Pharmacies C. Families D. Doctors E. All of these.
45.	Initially, Apple and AT&T had an agreement that allowed iPhones to only operate on AT&T networks. The two companies were
	<ul><li>A. competitors.</li><li>B. suppliers.</li><li>C. board of directors.</li><li>D. strategic partners.</li><li>E. regulators.</li></ul>
46.	For a private college, parents may be considered part of the dimension of the task environment.
	A. supplier B. competitor C. regulator D. interest group E. customer

47.	When NYC's Board of Health informed restaurants that they may not use trans fat in cooking and baking, the Board was acting as a for restaurants.
	A. competitor B. customer C. supplier D. regulator E. All of these.
48.	For a Perkins restaurant, which of the following would be considered to be a supplier?
	A. A family of 5 B. Wendy's C. The Food and Drug Administration D. Wal-Mart E. Coca-Cola Company
49.	For a church, the congregation would be considered the
	A. regulator. B. strategic partner. C. supplier. D. competitor. E. customer.
50.	Sony was the first consumer electronics maker with a Google feature built into its TV sets. Sony and Google are an example of $a(n)$
	A. strategic partner. B. importer. C. franchise. D. customer. E. competitor.
51.	Which of the following is part of the internal environment of organizations?
	<ul><li>A. Employees</li><li>B. Regulators</li><li>C. Influence groups</li><li>D. Customers</li><li>E. Suppliers</li></ul>
52.	Which of the following is an element in an organization's internal environment?
	<ul><li>A. Political-legal</li><li>B. Competitors</li><li>C. A campus of facilities</li><li>D. Strategic allies</li><li>E. Technology</li></ul>

- 53. Workers who purchase company stock have which dual roles in the internal environment?
  - A. Employee, board of director
  - B. Shareholder, board of director
  - C. Shareholder, strategic partner
  - D. Employee, owner
  - E. Monitor, owner
- 54. Which of the following is an example of an owner of a business?
  - A. Individual investors who buy stock in that business
  - B. Partners
  - C. People who have legal property rights to that business
  - D. Individuals who finance and start up a new business
  - E. All of these.
- 55. New finance regulations plan to give shareholders the right to vote on executive compensation when executives leave the company. This will decrease the power of
  - A. employees.
  - B. owners.
  - C. board of directors.
  - D. regulators.
  - E. suppliers.
- 56. Corporate governance is primarily the responsibility of the
  - A. owners.
  - B. employees.
  - C. internal environment.
  - D. board of directors.
  - E. All of these.
- 57. Under U.S. law, it is illegal for a U.S. firm operating in a foreign country to pay bribes to get what it needs. Natives of some of those same countries consider the payment of bribes to be perfectly acceptable. Which of the following influences may account for this difference?
  - A. Cultural differences
  - B. Family influences
  - C. Religious influences
  - D. Value systems
  - E. All of these.

58.	The Taliban forced women to wear Burqas. The clothing made them accident prone and vulnerable to attack because they had no peripheral vision. Many people in democratic societies view the Burqa as
	<ul><li>A. legal and ethical.</li><li>B. legal but unethical.</li><li>C. illegal and unethical.</li><li>D. illegal but ethical.</li><li>E. None of these.</li></ul>
59.	An organization's obligation to protect and enhance the society in which it operates is called
	A. legal responsibility.

- B. ethical responsibility.
- C. social responsibility.
- D. cultural responsibility.
- E. societal responsibility.
- 60. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires the \_\_\_\_ to vouch for the truthfulness and fairness of a firm's financial disclosures.
  - A. CEO
  - B. CFO
  - C. COO
  - D. CEO and CFO
  - E. CEO, CFO, and COO
- 61. When Disney and IBM refuse to advertise on websites that have no posted privacy policies, they are acting as
  - A. ethical leaders.
  - B. privacy advocates.
  - C. corporate hypocrites.
  - D. ethical leaders and privacy advocates.
  - E. ethical leaders, privacy advocates, and corporate hypocrites.
- 62. All of the following are common arguments against social responsibility for organizations EXCEPT
  - A. involvement in social programs gives businesses too much power.
  - B. there is potential for conflicts of interest.
  - C. the purpose of businesses in the United States is to generate profit for the owners.
  - D. business creates problems and should therefore help solve them.
  - E. businesses lack the expertise needed to manage social programs.

- 63. Which of the following actions represents an attempt to manage social responsibility by means of "ethical compliance"?
  - A. Requiring top financial managers to ensure compliance with securities and banking regulations
  - B. Donating money to fund the performing arts
  - C. Creating a committee to write a code of conduct or review proposals concerning selection and promotion
  - D. Consulting the legal department regarding the requirements of a particular law
  - E. Making human resource managers responsible for complying with EEOC standards
- 64. Which of the following statements can be used to explain the growth of international business?
  - A. Many countries in Europe and Asia were devastated after World War II and had to be rebuilt.
  - B. The postwar population boom decreased demand for products.
  - C. Changes in cultural traditions made the rest of the world open to all of the products made in the U.S.
  - D. Infrastructures in Europe and Asia remained sound in spite of World War II
  - E. All of these statements can be used to explain the growth of international business.
- 65. Which of the following is NOT one of the alternative international strategies?
  - A. Licensing
  - B. Joint ventures
  - C. Direct investment
  - D. Importing/exporting
  - E. Lateral investment
- 66. A(n) \_\_\_\_ strategy requires little initial investment, is heavily regulated, and provides little opportunity to modify products for local conditions.
  - A. importing/exporting
  - B. licensing
  - C. joint venture
  - D. direct investment
  - E. global sourcing
- 67. Content providers sign a(n) \_\_\_\_ with Amazon to allow their product to be downloaded onto Kindles.
  - A. joint venture
  - B. licensing agreement
  - C. direct investment
  - D. exporting agreement
  - E. importing agreement

	<ul> <li>A. importing/exporting.</li> <li>B. licensing.</li> <li>C. a joint venture/strategic alliance.</li> <li>D. direct investment.</li> <li>E. global outsourcing.</li> </ul>
69.	World Vision built a safe house in Thailand as a refuge for girls fleeing the sex industry. The safe house is an example of
	<ul> <li>A. a joint venture/strategic alliance.</li> <li>B. licensing.</li> <li>C. direct investment.</li> <li>D. exporting.</li> <li>E. global involvement.</li> </ul>
70.	Dow Corning is an equally owned between Dow Chemical and Corning.
	A. global source B. licensing agreement C. export restraint agreement D. joint venture E. direct investment
71.	Potential outcomes of licensing agreements are
	A. increased profits. B. prolonged profitability. C. inflexibility. D. franchising. E. Any or all of these.
72.	The maquiladoras concept is a fairly recent approach to:
	<ul><li>A. strategic alliance.</li><li>B. licensing agreement.</li><li>C. direct investment.</li><li>D. joint venture.</li><li>E. None of these.</li></ul>
73.	General Electric has factories in Mexico near the U.S. border. The products are sold duty free in the NAFTA area. The factories are an example of
	A. licensing. B. a strategic alliance. C. exporting. D. importing. E. maquiladoras.

68. Dishwashers produced in Germany and sold in the U.S. are an example of

74.	Burger King operates restaurants around the world on U. S. military bases. The agreement between Burger King and the Department of Defense is a(n)
	A. maquiladora. B. licensing agreement. C. exporting agreement. D. importing agreement. E. strategic alliance.
75.	France charges taxes on American fruits and vegetables that are sold in France. This is
	A. a joint venture. B. licensing. C. an export tariff. D. an import tariff. E. a strategic alliance.
76.	The US Commerce Department has limited the amount of sugar that can be imported. This is an example of $a(n)$
	A. quota. B. strategic alliance. C. joint venture. D. franchise agreement. E. export restraint agreement.
77.	Japanese steel producers voluntarily limit the amount of steel they export to the US. This is an example of $a(n)$
	A. maquiladora. B. joint venture. C. export restraint agreement. D. licensing agreement. E. strategic alliance.
78.	U.S. cola producers limit the number of beverages that they export to India each year. This is an example of
	<ul> <li>A. a quota.</li> <li>B. direct investment.</li> <li>C. a strategic alliance.</li> <li>D. a licensing agreement.</li> <li>E. an export restraint agreement.</li> </ul>

79.	When the United States government requires that US military uniforms be produced in the United States, this is an example of
	A. a maquiladoras. B. a tariff. C. a joint venture. D. a strategic alliance. E. "buy national" legislation.
80.	In 2007, the EU had countries.
	A. 17 B. 12 C. 25 D. 22 E. 27

- 81. Which of the following represents an economic community?
  - A. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)
  - B. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
  - C. United Nations (UN)
  - D. International Monetary Fund (IMF)
  - E All of these
- 82. Which of the following would you observe if you wanted to determine an organization's culture?
  - A. The physical appearance of the organization's facilities
  - B. The level of formality or informality in communication
  - C. Employees' dress and demeanor
  - D. The types of stories workers tell about their job experiences
  - E. All of these.
- 83. Which of the following is a true statement?
  - A. Organization culture shapes the behavior of employees, and thus impacts organizational effectiveness.
  - B. Organization culture is the same as the national culture of the organization's headquarters facility.
  - C. Organization culture will be the same throughout an organization's subunits.
  - D. Organization culture refers to the cultural and artistic charities that an organization supports.
  - E. Organization culture is frequently and easily changed by most organizations.

84.	Managing organizational culture is likely to become more difficult when
	<ul> <li>A. the firm has recently undergone a merger.</li> <li>B. management has no clear idea of the desired culture.</li> <li>C. the firm has recently suffered from poor performance.</li> <li>D. All of these.</li> <li>E. Only when "the firm has recently undergone a merger" and "management has no clear idea of the desired culture."</li> </ul>
85.	When Continental Airlines took employees outside the headquarters building in Houston to watch the firm's old policy manuals be set on fire by corporate managers, the company was trying to
	<ul> <li>A. revitalize its culture.</li> <li>B. shock employees into changing their behavior.</li> <li>C. create more office storage space.</li> <li>D. All of these.</li> <li>E. "revitalize its culture" and "shock employees into changing their behavior."</li> </ul>
86.	The external environment is composed of two layers: the environment and the environment.
87.	The United Auto Workers union is part of Ford's environment.
88.	A luxury apparel brand CEO was asked if consumers are not buying his brand, what are they burying. Without hesitating he said, 'Apple's products.' In luxury markets, apparel and electronics can be
89.	Standards of behavior that guide individual managers in their work are called
90.	In general, ethical behavior is behavior that conforms to
91.	Some people think Cindy is harsh because she always tells the truth, even when it hurts someone's feelings. This is her

A written statement of what values and ethical stan	dards guide a firm's actions is known as its
enhance the social context in which it operates.	organization's set of social obligations to protect and
Official approaches to social responsibility include compliance, and philanthropic giving.	compliance, ethical
	\$210 million severance package for CEO Bob whether the board was fulfilling its responsibility of
would disagree most is	ing social responsibility with which Milton Friedman because it awards funds to
Operation Fast and Furious, making marked guns a attention of the media by John Dodson. Dodson w	available to Mexican gangs, was brought to the as a(n)
When a firm in one country allows a firm in another other expertise, the arrangement is called a(n)	er country to use its patents, technology, trademark, o agreement.
is the l profits be split between all participating firms.	level of international business which requires that
Harter Equipment Inc., a retailer,United States.	Stihl chainsaws made in Germany to the
	is an orenhance the social context in which it operates.  Official approaches to social responsibility include compliance, and philanthropic giving.  When Home Depot's board of directors approved a Nardelli's retirement, questions were raised about vector or corporate  The formal organizational activity aimed at manage would disagree most is something other than the shareholders.  Operation Fast and Furious, making marked guns a attention of the media by John Dodson. Dodson we would disagree most is is the profits be split between all participating firms.  Harter Equipment Inc., a retailer, Harter Equipment Inc., a retailer,

	a(n)	
- 1 <b>02</b> .] -	Between 2004 and 2007,	many formerly communist-controlled countries joined the
- 103.] i	Language is part of theinternational environment	environment that affects firms operating in the t.
		is important because it influences behavior when no one else is looking.
		often is the starting point for an organization's culture.
- 106.`	Which environment shou	ld a CEO monitor most closely? Why?
107.]	If diversity is recognized	as advantageous, then why aren't more boards of directors diverse?

108. Choose a firm with which you are familiar. Describe how the political-legal dimension of the general environment for that business is important for the success of the business.
109.Define the internal environment of an organization, and describe its four parts.
110. You will not be able to predict from your job interview what your first ethical dilemma will look like. So how can you prepare yourself to handle the unknown situation?

111.Define whistle-blowing and briefly describe the problems that employees who elect to be whistle-blowers may encounter.
112.Describe what is meant by the terms "licensing" and "strategic alliance." What are the differences and similarities between these two concepts?
113.Relations between Iran and the rest of the world show signs of decay. How could that effect international business?

114. What is organization culture? Discuss the importance, determinants, and management of organization culture.
115. What values make up the culture of your school? Give at least three specific examples. How did you learn about your school's culture, or how do you inform newcomers about the culture? Give at least three specific examples.

# Chapter 2--The Environment of Organizations and Managers Key

1. The external environment of an organization consists of the organization's general environment and task environment.

# **TRUE**

2. Important economic factors for business are general economic growth, inflation, interest rates, and unemployment.

#### **TRUE**

3. Fast-food restaurant cannot build standard designs in the historical district of Jackson Hole Wyoming. Fast-food establishments must use architecture that complements the structures in the neighborhood. This is part of the economic dimension of the general environment.

# **FALSE**

4. Managers can disregard the general environment because it is vague, imprecise and long-term.

#### **FALSE**

5. The Food Allergy and Anaphylaxis Network is working to ban peanuts on airline flights. This is an example of a special interest group attempting to act in the role of regulator.

#### **TRUE**

6. Zynga is the creator of FarmVille, a popular game on Facebook. Zynga expanded to the Apple iPhone, iPod Touch and iPad markets. Zynga and Apple have a strategic partnership.

# **TRUE**

7. Ethics are determined by each individual, so organizations do not have to be concerned with developing a set of organizational ethics.

# **FALSE**

8. Ethical actions conform to generally accepted social norms.

#### **TRUE**

9. Both people and organizations have ethics.

# **FALSE**

10. Behaving ethically is easy because only good things happen to good people.

# **FALSE**

11. Ken is a stock analyst who gives his friends tips on companies to buy. If they buy, the price will likely go up, which helps Ken. Ken has a conflict of interest.

#### **TRUE**

12. Scott Thompson resigned after serving as CEO of Yahoo for only four months. It was determined that he knowingly lied about his educational background on his resume. But for every unethical manager, there are many ethical ones.

#### **TRUE**

13. Since the passage of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act turnover in the CFO position has risen dramatically. CFOs point to greatly increased risk without increased reward. Increasing regulation has few side effects.

#### **FALSE**

14. Some website hackers have boasted by posting information stolen from companies. Zappos, eHarmony, LinkedIn, and Yahoo have all been victims. The potential abuse of information technology is an ethics dilemma for only a few companies.

# **FALSE**

15. Exporting can involve merchandise but not services.

#### **FALSE**

16. There are four distinct levels of international business activity that differentiate organizations.

# **FALSE**

17. A company in France makes and sells baby food in France. The product is from a patent held by an American company and the France-based firm pays the American manufacturer a specified amount for each unit sold. These two firms are operating under an exporting agreement.

#### **FALSE**

18. Forever 21 sells clothing made in Vietnam. The clothing is sold in the United States. This is an example of a strategic alliance.

#### **FALSE**

19. The simplest way to get involved in international business is by *Maguiladoras*.

#### **FALSE**

20. Toyota Motors owns factories in the United States, which manufacture Toyota-brand cars for sale to U.S. customers. These vehicles are imported.

# **FALSE**

21. International licensing agreements involve regulations for truckers transporting products between countries.

# **FALSE**

22. *Maguiladoras* are an example of what the text refers to as direct investment.

#### **TRUE**

23. Most MNCs use direct investment exclusively because they are so big they can afford to buy companies.

# **FALSE**

24. The GATT replaced the WTO.

# **FALSE**

25. Belgium was the first EU country to outlaw burqas, full body covering worn by some Muslim women. Lawmakers stated concern about the ability to identify people in public. Masks are also not allowed. This is an example of the cultural context of international business.

#### **TRUE**

26. The EU created the first economic community.

# **TRUE**

27. The use of color holds little symbolic value in most cultures.

# **FALSE**

28. The culture of an organization is easy to measure objectively.

# **FALSE**

29. The values held by an organization's founder or founders are often among the major determinants of corporate culture.

#### **TRUE**

30. International mergers are more complicated than domestic mergers.

# **TRUE**

31.	Which of the following statements does NOT describe a characteristic of an organization's external environment?
	<ul> <li>A. It includes specific, identifiable organizations and factors of interest to the organization.</li> <li>B. It is composed of general and task components.</li> <li>C. The boundary between the organization and its environment is quite specific and clearly defined.</li> <li>D. It contains some nonspecific dimensions and forces that can affect organization activities.</li> <li>E. It includes everything outside of the organization that might potentially affect it.</li> </ul>
32.	When a locally owned restaurant fears new competition from Applebee's or TGIF's, it is experiencing a change in its
	<ul> <li>A. external environment.</li> <li>B. internal environment.</li> <li>C. physical work environment.</li> <li>D. government regulations.</li> <li>E. organizational culture.</li> </ul>
33.	In Asia, consumers have historically had an aversion to debt. However, in recent years credit card use has grown significantly, supported by aggressive marketing and governments in the region that see it as a means to fuel economic growth. This is an example of the dimension.
	A. economic B. technological C. sociocultural D. political-legal E. domestic
34.	The environment of a business that manufactures top-of-the-line cabinets includes computer-assisted design software that helps to convert wood and people's ideas into lovely, functional cabinets.
	A. legal B. sociocultural C. technological D. political E. economic
35.	No company wants to set up shop in another country unless trade relationships with the country are relatively well defined and stable. This point of view reflects what dimension of the general environment?
	A. Task B. Economic C. Technological D. Political-legal E. Competitive

36.	Investors were worried about the stock market when unemployment was 10%, companies were slow to invest, and government debt was still increasing. These are aspects of which environment?
	<ul> <li>A. Legal</li> <li>B. Sociocultural</li> <li>C. Technological</li> <li>D. Political</li> <li>E. Economic</li> </ul>
37.	All of the following are included in the task environment of organizations EXCEPT
	A. competitors. B. customers. C. regulators. D. suppliers. E. the economy.
38.	Which of the following is part of the task environment for Wal-Mart Corporation?
	<ul> <li>A. The Securities and Exchange Commission (regulates Wal-Mart's stock offerings)</li> <li>B. Procter and Gamble (supplies Tide and many other products to Wal-Mart stores)</li> <li>C. Teamsters Union (Wal-Mart's truck drivers are members of this labor union)</li> <li>D. Wal-Mart's Board of Directors</li> <li>E. All of these.</li> </ul>
39.	The task environment includes all of the following EXCEPT
	A. competitors.  B. technology. C. regulators. D. customers. E. strategic allies.
40.	Nike and Reebok are best described as
	A. strategic allies.  B. competitors. C. customers. D. regulators. E. suppliers.
41.	All of the following are competitors of Walmart EXCEPT
	A. Kmart B. Target C. Walgreens D. Meyers E. Subway

42.	Skype impacts the number of people who fly. This is an example of to the airline industry.
	A. competitors B. suppliers C. board of directors D. strategic partners E. regulators
43.	Organizations that provide resources to other organizations are known as
	A. suppliers. B. competitors. C. regulators. D. interest groups. E. importers.
44.	For a company such as Johnson & Johnson that makes personal care products, medications, and medical supplies, which of the following would be considered as customers?
	A. Hospitals B. Pharmacies C. Families D. Doctors E. All of these.
45.	Initially, Apple and AT&T had an agreement that allowed iPhones to only operate on AT&T networks. The two companies were
	<ul> <li>A. competitors.</li> <li>B. suppliers.</li> <li>C. board of directors.</li> <li>D. strategic partners.</li> <li>E. regulators.</li> </ul>
46.	For a private college, parents may be considered part of the dimension of the task environment.
	A. supplier B. competitor C. regulator D. interest group E. customer

47.	When NYC's Board of Health informed restaurants that they may not use trans fat in cooking and baking, the Board was acting as a for restaurants.
	A. competitor B. customer C. supplier D. regulator E. All of these.
48.	For a Perkins restaurant, which of the following would be considered to be a supplier?
	A. A family of 5 B. Wendy's C. The Food and Drug Administration D. Wal-Mart E. Coca-Cola Company
49.	For a church, the congregation would be considered the
	A. regulator. B. strategic partner. C. supplier. D. competitor. E. customer.
50.	Sony was the first consumer electronics maker with a Google feature built into its TV sets. Sony and Google are an example of $a(n)$
	A. strategic partner. B. importer. C. franchise. D. customer. E. competitor.
51.	Which of the following is part of the internal environment of organizations?
	A. Employees B. Regulators C. Influence groups D. Customers E. Suppliers
52.	Which of the following is an element in an organization's internal environment?
	A. Political-legal B. Competitors C. A campus of facilities D. Strategic allies E. Technology

**D.** Employee, owner E. Monitor, owner 54. Which of the following is an example of an owner of a business? A. Individual investors who buy stock in that business B. Partners C. People who have legal property rights to that business D. Individuals who finance and start up a new business **E.** All of these. 55. New finance regulations plan to give shareholders the right to vote on executive compensation when executives leave the company. This will decrease the power of A. employees. B. owners. C. board of directors. D. regulators. E. suppliers. 56. Corporate governance is primarily the responsibility of the A. owners. B. employees. C. internal environment. **D.** board of directors. E. All of these. Under U.S. law, it is illegal for a U.S. firm operating in a foreign country to pay bribes to get what it 57. needs. Natives of some of those same countries consider the payment of bribes to be perfectly acceptable. Which of the following influences may account for this difference? A. Cultural differences B. Family influences C. Religious influences D. Value systems **E.** All of these. 8

Workers who purchase company stock have which dual roles in the internal environment?

53.

A. Employee, board of directorB. Shareholder, board of directorC. Shareholder, strategic partner

58.	The Taliban forced women to wear Burqas. The clothing made them accident prone and vulnerable to attack because they had no peripheral vision. Many people in democratic societies view the Burqa as
	<ul> <li>A. legal and ethical.</li> <li>B. legal but unethical.</li> <li>C. illegal and unethical.</li> <li>D. illegal but ethical.</li> <li>E. None of these.</li> </ul>
59.	An organization's obligation to protect and enhance the society in which it operates is called
	<ul> <li>A. legal responsibility.</li> <li>B. ethical responsibility.</li> <li>C. social responsibility.</li> <li>D. cultural responsibility.</li> <li>E. societal responsibility.</li> </ul>
60.	The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires the to vouch for the truthfulness and fairness of a firm's financial disclosures.
	A. CEO B. CFO C. COO D. CEO and CFO E. CEO, CFO, and COO
61.	When Disney and IBM refuse to advertise on websites that have no posted privacy policies, they are acting as
	<ul> <li>A. ethical leaders.</li> <li>B. privacy advocates.</li> <li>C. corporate hypocrites.</li> <li>D. ethical leaders and privacy advocates.</li> <li>E. ethical leaders, privacy advocates, and corporate hypocrites.</li> </ul>
62.	All of the following are common arguments against social responsibility for organizations EXCEPT
	<ul> <li>A. involvement in social programs gives businesses too much power.</li> <li>B. there is potential for conflicts of interest.</li> <li>C. the purpose of businesses in the United States is to generate profit for the owners.</li> <li>D. business creates problems and should therefore help solve them.</li> <li>E. businesses lack the expertise needed to manage social programs.</li> </ul>

Which of the following actions represents an attempt to manage social responsibility by means of "ethical compliance"?
<ul> <li>A. Requiring top financial managers to ensure compliance with securities and banking regulations</li> <li>B. Donating money to fund the performing arts</li> <li>C. Creating a committee to write a code of conduct or review proposals concerning selection and promotion</li> </ul>
<ul><li>D. Consulting the legal department regarding the requirements of a particular law</li><li>E. Making human resource managers responsible for complying with EEOC standards</li></ul>
Which of the following statements can be used to explain the growth of international business?
<ul> <li>A. Many countries in Europe and Asia were devastated after World War II and had to be rebuilt.</li> <li>B. The postwar population boom decreased demand for products.</li> <li>C. Changes in cultural traditions made the rest of the world open to all of the products made in the U.S.</li> </ul>
D. Infrastructures in Europe and Asia remained sound in spite of World War II E. All of these statements can be used to explain the growth of international business.
Which of the following is NOT one of the alternative international strategies?
A. Licensing B. Joint ventures C. Direct investment D. Importing/exporting E. Lateral investment
A(n) strategy requires little initial investment, is heavily regulated, and provides little opportunity to modify products for local conditions.
A. importing/exporting B. licensing C. joint venture D. direct investment E. global sourcing
Content providers sign a(n) with Amazon to allow their product to be downloaded onto Kindles.
A. joint venture  B. licensing agreement C. direct investment D. exporting agreement E. importing agreement

68.	Dishwashers produced in Germany and sold in the U.S. are an example of
	<ul> <li>A. importing/exporting.</li> <li>B. licensing.</li> <li>C. a joint venture/strategic alliance.</li> <li>D. direct investment.</li> <li>E. global outsourcing.</li> </ul>
69.	World Vision built a safe house in Thailand as a refuge for girls fleeing the sex industry. The safe house is an example of
	<ul> <li>A. a joint venture/strategic alliance.</li> <li>B. licensing.</li> <li>C. direct investment.</li> <li>D. exporting.</li> <li>E. global involvement.</li> </ul>
70.	Dow Corning is an equally owned between Dow Chemical and Corning.
	<ul> <li>A. global source</li> <li>B. licensing agreement</li> <li>C. export restraint agreement</li> <li>D. joint venture</li> <li>E. direct investment</li> </ul>
71.	Potential outcomes of licensing agreements are
	<ul> <li>A. increased profits.</li> <li>B. prolonged profitability.</li> <li>C. inflexibility.</li> <li>D. franchising.</li> <li>E. Any or all of these.</li> </ul>
72.	The maquiladoras concept is a fairly recent approach to:
	<ul> <li>A. strategic alliance.</li> <li>B. licensing agreement.</li> <li>C. direct investment.</li> <li>D. joint venture.</li> <li>E. None of these.</li> </ul>
73.	General Electric has factories in Mexico near the U.S. border. The products are sold duty free in the NAFTA area. The factories are an example of
	A. licensing. B. a strategic alliance. C. exporting. D. importing. E. maquiladoras.

Burger King operates restaurants around the world on U. S. military bases. The agreement between Burger King and the Department of Defense is a(n)
<ul> <li>A. maquiladora.</li> <li>B. licensing agreement.</li> <li>C. exporting agreement.</li> <li>D. importing agreement.</li> <li>E. strategic alliance.</li> </ul>
France charges taxes on American fruits and vegetables that are sold in France. This is
<ul> <li>A. a joint venture.</li> <li>B. licensing.</li> <li>C. an export tariff.</li> <li>D. an import tariff.</li> <li>E. a strategic alliance.</li> </ul>
The US Commerce Department has limited the amount of sugar that can be imported. This is an example of $a(n)$
<ul> <li>A. quota.</li> <li>B. strategic alliance.</li> <li>C. joint venture.</li> <li>D. franchise agreement.</li> <li>E. export restraint agreement.</li> </ul>
Japanese steel producers voluntarily limit the amount of steel they export to the US. This is an example of a(n)
<ul> <li>A. maquiladora.</li> <li>B. joint venture.</li> <li>C. export restraint agreement.</li> <li>D. licensing agreement.</li> <li>E. strategic alliance.</li> </ul>
U.S. cola producers limit the number of beverages that they export to India each year. This is an example of
<ul> <li>A. a quota.</li> <li>B. direct investment.</li> <li>C. a strategic alliance.</li> <li>D. a licensing agreement.</li> <li>E. an export restraint agreement.</li> </ul>

79.	When the United States government requires that US military uniforms be produced in the United States, this is an example of
	<ul> <li>A. a maquiladoras.</li> <li>B. a tariff.</li> <li>C. a joint venture.</li> <li>D. a strategic alliance.</li> <li>E. "buy national" legislation.</li> </ul>
80.	In 2007, the EU had countries.
	A. 17 B. 12 C. 25 D. 22 E. 27
81.	Which of the following represents an economic community?
	<ul> <li>A. North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)</li> <li>B. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)</li> <li>C. United Nations (UN)</li> <li>D. International Monetary Fund (IMF)</li> <li>E. All of these.</li> </ul>
82.	Which of the following would you observe if you wanted to determine an organization's culture?
	A. The physical appearance of the organization's facilities

- A. The physical appearance of the organization's facilities
- B. The level of formality or informality in communication
- C. Employees' dress and demeanor
- D. The types of stories workers tell about their job experiences
- **E.** All of these.
- 83. Which of the following is a true statement?
  - **<u>A.</u>** Organization culture shapes the behavior of employees, and thus impacts organizational effectiveness.
  - B. Organization culture is the same as the national culture of the organization's headquarters facility.
  - C. Organization culture will be the same throughout an organization's subunits.
  - D. Organization culture refers to the cultural and artistic charities that an organization supports.
  - E. Organization culture is frequently and easily changed by most organizations.

84.	Managing organizational culture is likely to become more difficult when
	<ul> <li>A. the firm has recently undergone a merger.</li> <li>B. management has no clear idea of the desired culture.</li> <li>C. the firm has recently suffered from poor performance.</li> <li>D. All of these.</li> <li>E. Only when "the firm has recently undergone a merger" and "management has no clear idea of the desired culture."</li> </ul>
85.	When Continental Airlines took employees outside the headquarters building in Houston to watch the firm's old policy manuals be set on fire by corporate managers, the company was trying to
	<ul> <li>A. revitalize its culture.</li> <li>B. shock employees into changing their behavior.</li> <li>C. create more office storage space.</li> <li>D. All of these.</li> <li>E. "revitalize its culture" and "shock employees into changing their behavior."</li> </ul>
86.	The external environment is composed of two layers: the environment and the environment.
	general, task or task, general
87.	The United Auto Workers union is part of Ford's environment.
	<u>internal</u>
88.	A luxury apparel brand CEO was asked if consumers are not buying his brand, what are they burying. Without hesitating he said, 'Apple's products.' In luxury markets, apparel and electronics can be
	competitors
89.	Standards of behavior that guide individual managers in their work are called
	managerial ethics
90.	In general, ethical behavior is behavior that conforms to
	social norms
91.	Some people think Cindy is harsh because she always tells the truth, even when it hurts someone's feelings. This is her
	ethics

code of ethics		
and enhance the social context in which it opera	an organization's set	t of social obligations to protect
and chinance the social context in which it opera	ates.	
Social responsibility		
Official approaches to social responsibility included compliance, and philanthropic giving.	ude	compliance, ethical
<u>legal</u>		
When Home Depot's board of directors approve Nardelli's retirement, questions were raised about corporate		
<u>governance</u>		
The formal organizational activity aimed at mar Friedman would disagree most is to something other than the shareholders.		nsibility with which Milton because it awards funds
philanthropic giving		
Operation Fast and Furious, making marked gu attention of the media by John Dodson. Dodson		ican gangs, was brought to the
whistle-blower		
When a firm in one country allows a firm in and trademark, or other expertise, the arrangement is	•	1
licensing		
is t	the level of internati	onal business which requires that
profits be split between all participating firms.		1
Joint venture or Strategic alliance		
Harter Equipment Inc., a retailer,United States.	Stihl ch	nainsaws made in Germany to the
Office States.		

101.	A Venezuelan oil producer operates Valero gas stations in the United States. This arrangement is called a(n)
	direct investment
102.	Between 2004 and 2007, many formerly communist-controlled countries joined the
	European Union
103.	Language is part of the environment that affects firms operating in the international environment.
	<u>cultural</u>
104.	is important because it influences behavior when no one else is looking.
	<u>Culture</u>
105.	The firm's often is the starting point for an organization's culture.
	<u>founder</u>
106.	Which environment should a CEO monitor most closely? Why?
	Answer not provided.
107.	If diversity is recognized as advantageous, then why aren't more boards of directors diverse?
	Answer not provided.
108.	Choose a firm with which you are familiar. Describe how the political-legal dimension of the general environment for that business is important for the success of the business.
	Answer not provided.
109.	Define the internal environment of an organization, and describe its four parts.
	Answer not provided.

# Fundamentals of Management 7th Edition Griffin Test Bank

110.	You will not be able to predict from your job interview what your first ethical dilemma will look like. So how can you prepare yourself to handle the unknown situation?
	Answer not provided.
111.	Define whistle-blowing and briefly describe the problems that employees who elect to be whistle-blowers may encounter.
	Answer not provided.
112.	Describe what is meant by the terms "licensing" and "strategic alliance." What are the differences and similarities between these two concepts?
	Answer not provided.
113.	Relations between Iran and the rest of the world show signs of decay. How could that effect international business?
	Answer not provided.
114.	What is organization culture? Discuss the importance, determinants, and management of organization culture.
	Answer not provided.
115.	What values make up the culture of your school? Give at least three specific examples. How did you learn about your school's culture, or how do you inform newcomers about the culture? Give at least three specific examples.
	Answer not provided.