Chapter 2: Analyzing and Recording Business Transactions

Discussion Questions: Key Points

- 1. Assets are listed in order of liquidity, or closeness to cash. Discuss the steps that the business would have to go through in order to convert each asset to cash in the normal course of business.
- 2. When the company pays for something in advance that won't be used up in this accounting period, it would record a prepaid asset. In a sense, plant assets are a type of prepaid asset, although they would not be classified as such. All prepaid assets would be used up, eventually. That is, they all become expenses over time or with use.
- 3. Revenue increases retained earnings. By definition, when revenue is increased as assets are acquired (or liabilities reduced) as a result of activities relating to the company's line of business, the owners have a claim on those assets that are acquired. This ownership interest is reflected in the retained earnings account.
- 4. Not all events are transactions. A transaction is an event that has a financial impact on a company. Journal entries are recorded for all transactions.
- 5. The normal balance of an account is the side that increases the account.
 - a. Debit
 - b. Debit
 - c. Credit
 - d. Credit
 - e. Debit
- 6. The bank is keeping its own books, not yours. When you give the bank cash or deposit your paycheck, the bank needs to keep track of its liability to you. It is increasing its liability account with a credit (the debit that it makes is to its own cash account).
- 7. A credit balance in the cash account would indicate a negative cash balance. Negative cash does not make sense. If a company overdraws its checking account, it now has a liability to the bank. Rather than showing a credit balance in its cash account, it should show a credit balance in a liability account.
- 8. Journalizing is the process of recording a transaction in the journal. Posting is the process of transferring the information from the journal to the appropriate accounts in the ledger or to T-accounts.
- 9. False. A balanced trial balance is a necessary but not sufficient condition for accurate financial statements. If a debit to supplies is improperly recorded as a debit to supplies expense, for example, the trial balance will balance but the financial statements will be inaccurate.
- 10. The financial statement numbers generally come from the trial balance. However, the numbers on the trial balance come from the general ledger. So, the numbers on the trial balance really come from the general ledger.

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Short Exercises

(5-10 min.) S 2-1

1.	b
2.	с
3.	e
4.	g
5.	d
б.	f
7.	a

- 1. Accounts payable L
- 2. Cash A
- 3. Service revenue R
- 4. Prepaid rent A
- 5. Rent expense E
- 6. Common stock SE

1.	Transactions occur.
5.	Prepare the financial statements
4.	Prepare the trial balance.
3.	Post the transactions from the journal to the ledger.
2.	Record the transactions in the journal.

Example	A, 1
1.	R , 4
2.	SE, 3
3.	A, 1
4.	E, 5
5.	L, 2
6.	SE, 3
7.	Е,5

The basic summary device in accounting is the <u>account</u>. The left side of an account is called the <u>debit</u> side, and the right side is called the <u>credit</u> side. We record transactions first in a <u>journal</u>. Then we post or copy the data to the <u>ledger (or T-accounts)</u>. It is helpful to list all the accounts with their balances on a <u>trial balance</u>.

(5-10 min.) S 2-6

DR	1.	Rent expense
CR	2.	Accounts payable
CR	3.	Service revenue
<u>DR</u>	4.	Office furniture
<u>CR</u>	5.	Common stock
<u>DR</u>	6.	Land
<u>DR</u>	7.	Dividends

_	Sup	plies			Note	payable	
3/8	250	3/27	400	3/20	1,250	3/5	9,500
3/17	800			3/31	4,500		
Bal.	650					Bal.	3,750

Account	Туре		*
Office equipment	Asset	Dr.	Cr.
Dividends	Stockholders' Equity	Dr.	Cr.
Service revenue	Revenue	Cr.	Dr.
Accounts payable	Liability	Cr.	Dr.
Rent expense	Expense	Dr.	Cr.
Cash	Asset	Dr.	Cr.

Transaction	Account Affected	Туре	↑ ↓	Dr. or Cr.
(1)	Cash	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Common stock	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Cr
(2)	Equipment	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
(3)	Supplies	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Accounts payable	Liability	Increase	Cr
(4)	Accounts receivable	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Service revenue	Revenue	Increase	Cr
(5)	Accounts payable	Liability	Decrease	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
(6)	Operating expenses	Expense	Increase	Dr

	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
(7)	Dividends	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr

(10-15 min.) S 2-10

	Journal				
DA	TE	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Aug	1	Cash		50,000	
		Common stock			50,000
		Sold stock.			
	5	Dental supplies		6,300	
		Accounts payable			6,300
		Purchased supplies on account.			
	7	Rent Expense		1,000	
		Cash			1,000
		Paid office rent.			
	10	Cash		1,200	
		Accounts receivable		2,600	
		Service revenue			3,800
		Performed service for patients.			

(10-15 min.) S 2-11

	Journal				
			POST.		
DA	TE	ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Sep	3	Cash		35,000	
		Note payable			35,000
		Borrowed money from the bank.			
	9	Accounts receivable		1,250	
		Service revenue			1,250
		Performed service on account.			

16	Cash	500	
	Accounts receivable		500
	Received cash on account.		
22	Utilities expense	380	
	Accounts payable		380
	Received utility bill.		
30	Salaries expense	2,250	
	Cash		2,250
	Paid salary expense.		
30	Interest expense	170	
	Cash		170
	Paid interest expense.		

(10-15 min.) S 2-12

Audio Masters, Corp Trial Balance				
	BALA	NCE		
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Cash	\$18,300			
Prepaid rent	750			
Equipment	21,000			
Accounts payable		\$ 1,700		
Note payable		11,500		
Common stock		15,000		
Dividends	22,600			
Service revenue		63,000		
Rent expense	10,150			
Utilities expense	18,400			
Total	<u>\$91,200</u>	<u>\$91,200</u>		

Mylar, Inc. Trial Balance December 31, 2018					
	ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
BS	Cash	\$12,100			
BS	Accounts Receivable	1,900			
BS	Supplies	250			
BS	Equipment	6,000			
BS	Accounts Payable		\$1,830		
BS	Notes Payable		10,000		
BS	Common Stock		8,500		
RE	Dividends	700			
IS	Service Revenue		3,500		
IS	Salaries Expense	1,740			
IS	Rent Expense	800			
IS	Utilities Expense	<u>340</u>			
	Total	<u>\$23,830</u>	<u>\$23,830</u>		

<u>e</u>	1	Posting
_ <u>d</u> _	2	Normal balance
<u>g</u>	3	Payable
<u>a</u>	4	Journal
<u>b</u>	5	Receivable
<u>h</u>	6	Chart of accounts
<u> </u>	7	Debit
<u>f</u>	8	Trial balance
<u>i</u>	9	Credit

(10-15 min.) E 2-15A

Transaction	Account Affected	Туре	↑ ↓	Dr. or Cr.
Feb 2	Accounts receivable	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Service revenue	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Cr
8	Supplies	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Accounts payable	Liability	Increase	Cr
10	Advertising expense	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
14	Cash	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Accounts receivable	Asset	Decrease	Cr
21	Accounts Payable	Liability	Decrease	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
26	Cash	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Service revenue	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Cr

(15-20 min.) E 2-16A

		Journ	nal		
DA	TE	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Dec.	1	Interest expense		100	
		Cash			100
	5	Office furniture		2,500	
		Accounts payable			2,500
	10	Accounts receivable		2,900	
		Service revenue			2,900
	12	Cash		20,000	
		Notes payable			20,000
	19	Cash		80,000	
		Land			80,000
	21	Building		300,000	
		Notes payable			300,000
	27	Accounts Payable		650	
		Cash			650

(15-20 min.) E 2-17A

		Jour	nal		
DATE		ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Mar.	1	Cash		95,000	
		Common stock			95,000
	3	Supplies		800	
		Accounts Payable			800
	5	Building		35,000	
		Cash			35,000
	6	Cash		1,500	
		Service revenue			1,500
	11	Accounts payable		500	
		Cash			500
	18	Accounts receivable		2,600	
		Service revenue			2,600
	24	Cash		900	
		Accounts receivable			900
	30	Salaries expense	 	700	
		Rent expense		1,500	
		Cash			2,200

(10-15 min.) E 2-18A

	Payable	Accounts	A			L	Ca		
750	Jan. 3	400	9	Jan.	1,400	Jan. 2	45,000	. 1	Jan.
350	Bal.				6,000	4	1,250	6	
		-			400	9	2,700	23	
					900	15			
					4,800	26			
		Commo			425	28			
45,000	Jan. 1	,			1,150	29			
45,000	Bal.						33,875		Bal.
	RAVABILA	Service 1				oivabla	ccounts R	Δ.	
1,250	Jan. 6	Service	1		2,700		5,200	A	Jan. 17
	17				2,700	11. 23	$\frac{3,200}{2,500}$		Bal. 17
5,200 6,450	Bal.						2,500		Dui.
,									
	pense	Rent Ex				S	Suppl		
									Jan. 3
		1,400		Jan. 2			750		
		1,400 <i>1,400</i>		Jan. 2 Bal.			750		Bal.
	Expense		s			ent			
	Expense	1,400	S			ent	750		
	Expense	1,400 Salaries I	S	Bal.		ent	750 Equipr		Bal.

Utilities Expense			
Jan. 28	425		
Bal.	425		

Zane's Creations, Inc.				
Trial Balance				
January 31, 2018				
BALANCE				
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Cash	\$33,875			
Accounts receivable	2,500			
Supplies	750			
Equipment	10,800			
Accounts payable		\$ 350		
Common stock		45,000		
Service revenue		6,450		
Salaries expense	2,050			
Rent expense	1,400			
Utilties expense	425			
Total	<u>\$51,800</u>	<u>\$51,800</u>		

(15-20 min.) E 2-19A

Req 1

		Jour	nal		
DATE		ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Mar.	2	Rent expense		900	
		Cash			900
	4	Cash		1,600	
		Service revenue			1,600
	8	Supplies		800	
		Accounts payable			800
	11	Cash		2,300	
		Accounts receivable			2,300
	15	Cash		40,000	
		Common stock			40,000
	19	Accounts payable		450	
		Cash			450
	27	Accounts receivable		3,000	
		Service revenue		· · · ·	3,000
	31	Notes payable		2,000	
		Cash		, •	2,000

Req	2	&	3

Cash				
Mar 1	2,000	Mar 2	900	
Mar 4	1,600	Mar 19	450	
Mar 11	2,300 40,000	Mar 31	2,000	
Mar 15	40,000			
Bal.	42,550			

Accounts payable				
Mar 19	450	Mar 1	1,400	
		Mar 8	800	
		Bal.	1,750	

	Accounts receivable		Notes payable				
Mar 1	3,300 Mar 11	2,300	Mar 31	2,000	Mar 1	15,000	
Mar 27	3,000						
Bal.	4,000				Bal.	13,000	

	Sup	oplies	_	Common stock				
Mar 1	300					Mar 1	32,100	
Mar 8	800		_			Mar 15	40,000	
Bal.	1,100		-			Bal.	72,100	

	Buil	ding	Service revenue				
Mar 1	42,000			Mar 1	2,200		
Bal.	42,000			Mar 4	1,600		
				Mar 27	3,000		
				Bal.	6,800		

	Office Furniture		Rent expense	
Mar 1	2,300	Mar 1	800	
Bal.	2,300	Mar 2	900	
		Bal.	1,700	

Req 4

Clocktower Clea	Clocktower Cleaning, Inc.								
Trial Balance									
March 31, 2018									
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT							
Cash	\$ 42,550								
Accounts receivable	4,000								
Supplies	1,100								
Building	42,000								
Office Furniture	2,300								
Accounts payable		\$ 1,750							
Notes payable		13,000							
Common stock		72,100							
Service revenue		6,800							
Rent expense	1,700								
Total	<u>\$93,650</u>	<u>\$93,650</u>							

(20-25 min.) E 2-20A

		Journal			
DATE		ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Apr.	1	Cash		33,000	
		Common stock		,	33,000
		Sold stock.			
	2	Supplies		400	
		Accounts Payable			400
		Purchased supplies on acct.			
	3	Building		75,000	
		Notes payable			75,000
		Purchased building signing note payable.			
	4	Equipment		9,000	
		Cash			9,000
		Paid cash to purchase equipment			
	5	Notes Payable		7,000	
		Cash			7,000
		Made payment on note payable.			
	6	Accounts payable		100	
		Cash			100
		Made payment on account.			

		Cash				Account	s payable	
	(1)	33,000	(4)	9,000	 (6)	100	(2)	400
			(5)	7,000			Bal.	300
			(6)	100				
Bal.		16,900						

Supplies			_		Note	s payabl	e		
	(2)	400		_	(5)	7,000		(3)	75,000
Bal.		400					1	Bal.	68,000

	Building			 _		Comn	non	stock		
	(3)	75,000							(1)	33,000
Bal.		75,000							Bal.	33,000

		Equipment	_		
	(4)	9,000	_		
Bal.		9,000	_		

Sounds on Wheels, Inc.								
Trial Balance								
April 30, 2018								
	BALANCE							
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT						
Cash	\$16,900							
Supplies	400							
Building	75,000							
Equipment	9,000							
Accounts payable		\$ 300						
Notes payable		68,000						
Common stock		33,000						
Total	<u>\$101,300</u>	<u>\$101,300</u>						

Sounds on Wheels, Inc.									
	Balance Sheet								
	April 30, 2018								
ASSETS LIABILITIES									
Cash	\$ 16,900	Accounts payable	\$ 300						
Supplies	400	Notes payable	<u>68,000</u>						
Building	75,000	Total liabilities	68,300						
Equipment	<u>9,000</u>	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY							
		Common stock	33,000						
		Total liabilities and							
Total assets	<u>\$101,300</u>	stockholder's equity	<u>\$101,300</u>						

(25-30 min.) E 2-21A

Req. 2

	Journal			
£	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF	Dr	Cr.
2			10,000	10,000
				10,000
3	Rent expense		1,300	
	Cash			1,300
6	Equipment		2 800	
0			2,800	2 800
	Cash			2,800
8	Furniture		1,500	
	Accounts payable			1,500
11	Supplies		600	
	Accounts payable			600
19	Accounts receivable		2,300	
	Service revenue			2,300
20	Utility expense		145	
	Cash			145
28	Cash		1,800	
	Service revenue		,	1,800
1	2 3 6 8 1 9 20	ACCOUNTS 2 Cash 2 Cash 3 Rent expense Cash Cash 6 Equipment Cash Cash 8 Furniture 1 Supplies 9 Accounts payable 9 Accounts receivable 0 Utility expense 20 Utility expense 20 Cash	ACCOUNTS POST. REF. 2 Cash 2 Cash 3 Rent expense Cash - 6 Equipment Cash - 8 Furniture Accounts payable - 1 Supplies Accounts receivable - 9 Accounts receivable 20 Utility expense Cash - 20 Utility expense 20 Cash	ACCOUNTSPOST. REF.Dr.2Cash10,000Common stock10Common stock10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Cash10Accounts payable10Accounts payable10Accounts receivable2,300Service revenue11Utility expense1145Cash1145Cash11800

Req. 1, and 3

_	Cash				Accounts payable	
	Jun. 2	10,000	Jun. 3	1,300	Jun. 8	1,500
	28	1,800	6	2,800	11	600
			20	145	Bal	2,100
	Bal.	7,555			·	

Α	Accounts receivable		Commo	n stock	
Jun. 19	2,300			Jun. 2	10,000
				Bal.	10,000
Bal.	2,300				

	Supplies	Service revenue	
Jun. 11	600	Jun. 19	2,300
Bal.	600	28	1,800
	-	Bal.	4,100

Equipment		Rent Expense
Jun. 6	2,800	Jun. 3 1,300
Bal.	2,800	
		Bal. 1,300

Furniture		Utilities expense
Jun. 8	1,500	Jun 20 145
Bal.	1,500	Bal. 145

Willis Construction, Inc.				
Trial Bala				
June 30, 2	018			
	BALA	NCE		
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Cash	\$ 7,555			
Accounts receivable	2,300			
Supplies	600			
Equipment	2,800			
Furniture	1,500			
Accounts payable		\$ 2,100		
Common stock		10,000		
Service revenue		4,100		
Rent expense	1,300			
Utilities expense	145			
Total	<u>\$16,200</u>	<u>\$16,200</u>		

Willis Construction, Inc.						
In	Income Statement					
Month	Ended June 30, 2018					
Service revenue		\$4,100				
Expenses:						
Rent expense	\$1,300					
Utilities expense	<u>145</u>					
Total expenses		<u>1,445</u>				
Net Income		<u>\$2,655</u>				

Willis Construction, Inc.					
Statement of Retain	Statement of Retained Earnings				
Month Ended June 30, 2018					
Retained earnings, June 1		\$0			
Add: Net income		<u>2,655</u>			
Retained earnings, June 30		<u>\$2,655</u>			

Note: There were no dividends during the month of June

Willis Construction, Inc.				
	Balanc	e Sheet		
	June 3	0, 2018		
ASSETS		LIABILITIES		
Cash	\$ 7,555	5 Accounts payable \$ 2,10		
Accounts receivable	2,300			
Supplies	600) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Equipment	2,800	Common stock	10,000	
Furniture	<u>1,500</u>	Retained earnings	<u>2,655</u>	
		Total Stockholders' equity	<u>12,655</u>	
		Total liabilities and		
Total assets	<u>\$14,755</u>	stockholder's equity	<u>\$14,755</u>	

(20-25 min.) E 2-22A

	Effect on Trial Balance	Account(s) Misstated
a.	Total debits = Total credits	Cash
		\$720 too high
		Rent expense
		\$720 too low
b.	Total debits = Total credits	Accounts receivable
		\$250 too high
		Accounts Payable
		\$250 too high
c.	Total debits = Total credits	Cash
		\$90 too high
		Service revenue
		\$90 too high
d.	Total debits = Total credits	Supplies
		\$320 too low
		Accounts payable
		\$320 too low
e.	Total debits > Total credits	Notes payable
		\$5,000 too low

(10-15 min.) E 2-23B

Transaction	Account Affected	Туре	↑ ↓	Dr. or Cr.
May 1	Cash	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Common stock	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Cr
3	Supplies	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
6	Equipment	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
11	Advertising expense	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr
18	Cash	Asset	Increase	Dr
	Notes payable	Liability	Increase	Cr
27	Utilities expense	Stockholders' Equity	Increase	Dr
	Cash	Asset	Decrease	Cr

(15-20 min.) E 2-24B

		Journ	al		
			POST.		
DA	TE	ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
June	1	Interest expense		900	
		Cash			900
	5	Office furniture		2,500	
		Accounts payable			2,500
	10	Accounts receivable		1,500	
		Service revenue			1,500
	12	Cash		22,000	
		Notes payable			22,000
	19	Cash		75,000	
		Land			75,000
	21	Building		400,000	
		Notes payable			400,000
	27	Accounts Payable		1,000	
		Cash			1,000

(15-20 min.) E 2-25B

	Journal							
DA	ATE	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.			
July	1	Cash		85,000				
		Common stock			85,000			
	3	Supplies		800				
		Accounts payable			800			
	5	Building		35,000				
		Cash			35,000			
	6	Cash		2,700				
		Service revenue			2,700			
	11	Accounts payable		400				
		Cash			400			
	18	Accounts receivable		3,200				
		Service revenue			3,200			
	24	Cash		1,100				
		Accounts receivable			1,100			
	31	Salaries expense		550				
		Rent expense		1,600				
		Cash			2,150			

(10-15 min.) E 2-26B

Cash				Accounts Payable			
Mar 1	65,000	Mar. 2	1,100	Mar		0 Mar 3	800
6	7,000	4	7,900			Bal.	700
23	400	9	100			•	
		15	675				
		28	425		Com	non stock	
		29	725			Mar 1	65,000
Bal.	61,475					Bal.	65,000
A	ccounts Rec	eivable			Servic	e revenue	
Mar 17	1,900 Ma	ar 23	400			Mar 6	7,000
Bal.	1,500					17	1,900
	•					Bal.	8,900
	Suppli	es			Rent	Expense	
Mar 3	800			Mar 2	1,10		
Bal.	800			Bal.	1,10		
	Equipm	ent			Salario	es Expense	
Mar 4	7,900			Mar 15	67	75	
Bal.	7,900			29	72	25	
				Bal.	1,40	00	
						es Expense	
				Mar 28	42	25	
				Bal.			

Inspired Design, Inc. Trial Balance March 31, 2018						
	BALA	NCE				
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT				
Cash	\$61,475					
Accounts receivable	1,500					
Supplies	800					
Equipment	7,900					
Accounts payable		\$ 700				
Common stock		65,000				
Service revenue		8,900				
Salaries expense	1,400					
Rent expense	1,100					
Utilities expense	425					
Total	<u>\$74,600</u>	<u>\$74,600</u>				

(15-20 min.) E 2-27B

Req 1

	Journal						
DA	TE	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.		
Sep	2	Rent expense		500			
		Cash			500		
	4	Cash		1,800			
		Service revenue			1,800		
	8	Supplies		900			
		Accounts payable			900		
	11	Cash		1,200			
		Accounts receivable			1,200		
	15	Cash		10,000			
		Common stock			10,000		
	19	Accounts payable		450			
		Cash			450		
	27	Accounts receivable		2,800			
		Service revenue			2,800		
	28	Notes payable		5,000			
		Cash			5,000		

Req 2 & 3

Cash				Accounts payable			
Sep 1	1,450	Sep 2	500	Sep 19	450	Sep 1	2,100
4	1,800	19	450			8	900
11	1,200	28	5,000			Bal.	2,550
15	10,000				-		
Bal.	8,500						

	Accounts receivable	Notes payable				
Sep 1	3,900 Sep 11	1,200	Sep 28	5,000	Sep 1	10,000
27	2,800					
Bal.	5,500				Bal.	5,000

Supplies			Common stock			
Sep 1	250			Sep 1	30,000	
8	900			15	10,000	
Bal.	1,150			Bal.	40,000	

Building		Service revenue	Service revenue		
Sep 1	38,000	Sep 1	4,900		
Bal.	38,000	4	1,800		
	·	27	2,800		
		Bal.	9,500		

	Office Furniture		Rent expense	
Sep 1	2,300	Sep 1	1,100	
Bal.	2,300	2	500	
		Bal.	1,600	

White Glove Cleaning	White Glove Cleaning, Inc.							
Trial Balance	Trial Balance							
September 30, 20	18							
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT						
Cash	\$ 8,500							
Accounts receivable	5,500							
Supplies	1,150							
Building	38,000							
Office Furniture	2,300							
Accounts payable		\$ 2,550						
Notes payable		5,000						
Common stock		40,000						
Service revenue		9,500						
Rent expense	1,600							
Total	<u>\$57,050</u>	<u>\$57,050</u>						

(20-25 min.) E 2-28B

Req. 1

		Journal			
DATE		ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Nov	1	Cash		45,000	
		Common stock			45,000
		Sold stock.			
	2	Supplies		300	
		Accounts Payable			300
		Purchased supplies on acct.			
	3	Building		60,000	
		Notes payable			60,000
		Purchased building signing note payable.			
	4	Equipment		4,000	
		Cash			4,000
		Paid cash to purchase equipment			
	5	Notes Payable		7,000	
		Cash			7,000
		Made payment on note payable.			
	6	Accounts payable		150	
		Cash			150
		Made payment on account.			

_		Cash				Accounts]	payable	
	(1)	45,000	(4)	4,000	(6)	150	(2)	300
			(5)	7,000			Bal.	150
			(6)	150		-		
Bal.		33,850						

		Supp	olies			Note	s payal	ble	
	(2)	300			(5)	7,000		(3)	60,000
Bal.		300						Bal.	53,000

Building				Common stock				
	(3)	60,000					(1)	45,000
Bal.		60,000					Bal.	45,000

		Equi	pment
	(4)	4,000	
Bal.		4,000	

Mobile Music, Inc. Trial Balance November 30, 2018						
	BALA	NCE				
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT				
Cash	\$33,850					
Supplies	300					
Building	60,000					
Equipment	4,000					
Accounts payable		\$ 150				
Notes payable		53,000				
Common stock		45,000				
Total	<u>\$98,150</u>	<u>\$98,150</u>				

Keq. 4

Mobile Music, Inc.								
	Balance Sheet							
November 30, 2018								
ASSETS	ASSETS LIABILITIES							
Cash	\$ 33,850	Accounts payable	\$ 150					
Supplies	300	Notes payable	<u>53,000</u>					
Building 60,000		Total liabilities	53,150					
Equipment <u>4,000</u>		STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
		Common stock	45,000					
		Total liabilities and						
Total assets	<u>\$98,150</u>	stockholder's equity	<u>\$98,150</u>					

(25-30 min.) E 2-29B

Req. 2

		Journal	l		
			POST.		
DATI	E	ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Sep	2	Cash		50,000	
		Common stock			50,000
	3	Rent expense		800	
		Cash			800
	6	Equipment		1,600	
	-	Cash		· · · · ·	1,600
	8	Furniture		3,000	
		Accounts payable			3,000
,	11	Supplies		700	
		Accounts payable			700
	19	Accounts receivable		2,300	
		Service revenue			2,300
	20	Utility expense		175	
		Cash			175
	28	Cash		1,125	
		Service revenue			1,125

Req. 1 & 3

Cash			Accounts	payable		
Sep 2	50,000	Sep 3	800		Sep 8	3,000
28	1,125	6	1,600		11	700
_		20	175		Bal	3,700
Bal.	48,550					

A	ccounts receivable		Commo	on stock	
Sep 19	2,300			Sep 2	50,000
				Bal.	50,000
Bal.	2,300				
	Supplies		Service	revenue	
Sep 11	700			Sep 19	2,300
Bal.	700			28	1,125
				Bal.	3,425
	Equipment		Rent E	xpense	
Sep 6	1,600	Sep 3	800		
Bal.	1,600				
		Bal.	800		
	Furniture		Utilities	expense	
Sep 8	3,000	Sep 20	175		
Bal.	3,000	Bal.	175		

McGuire Construction, Inc.							
Trial Balance							
September 30, 2	2018						
BALANCE							
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT					
Cash	\$ 48,550						
Accounts receivable	2,300						
Supplies	700						
Equipment	1,600						
Furniture	3,000						
Accounts payable		\$ 3,700					
Common stock		50,000					
Service revenue		3,425					
Rent expense	800						
Utilities expense	175						
Total	<u>\$57,125</u>	<u>\$57,125</u>					

McGuire Construction, Inc.					
	Income Statement Ended September 30, 2018				
	Ended September 50, 2018				
Service revenue		\$3,425			
Expenses:					
Rent expense	\$800				
Utilities expense	175				
Total expenses		<u> </u>			
Net Income		<u>\$2,450</u>			

McGuire Construction, Inc. Statement of Retained Earnings Month Ended September 30, 2018					
Detained comings Contember 1, 2019		0.4			
Retained earnings, September 1, 2018 Add: Net income		\$0 <u>2,450</u>			
Retained earnings, September 30, 2018		<u>\$2,450</u>			

Note: There were no dividends during the month of September.

	McGuire Construction, Inc.							
	Balance Sheet							
	September 30, 2018							
ASSETS LIABILITIES								
Cash	\$ 48,550	Accounts payable	\$ 3,700					
Accounts receivable	2,300							
Supplies	700	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUIT	ГҮ					
Equipment	1,600	Common stock	50,000					
Furniture	3,000	Retained earnings	<u>2,450</u>					
		Total Stockholders' equity	<u>52,450</u>					
		Total liabilities and						
Total assets	\$56,150	stockholder's equity	<u>\$56,150</u>					

(10-15 min.) E 2-30B

	Effect on Trial Balance	Account(s) Misstated
a.	Total debits = Total credits	Cash
		\$675 too high
		Rent expense
		\$675 too low
b.	Total debits = Total credits	Accounts receivable
		\$300 too high
		Accounts Payable
		\$300 too high
c.	Total debits = Total credits	Cash
		\$90 too high
		Service revenue
		\$90 too high
d.	Total debits = Total credits	Supplies
		\$450 too low
		Accounts payable
		\$450 too low
e.	Total debits > Total credits	Notes payable
		\$30,000 too low

(15-20 min.) P 2-31A

		Journal			
			POST.		
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
June	1	Cash		95,000	
		Common stock			95,000
	2			200	
	3	Supplies		200	200
		Cash			200
	8	Land		38,000	
		Cash			38,000
	12	Office equipment		3,500	
	12	Accounts payable		5,500	3,500
					5,500
	17	Cash		10,000	
		Notes payable			10,000
	26	Accounts payable		2,500	
		Cash		,	2,500
				11.000	
	30	Cash		11,000	
		Accounts receivable		25,000	26.000
		Service revenue			36,000
	30	Salaries expense		2,700	
		Rent expense		1,800	
		Utilities expense		365	
		Cash			4,865
	30	Dividends		9,000	
		Cash		. ,	9,000

(15-20 min.) P 2-32A

		Journal			
			POST.		
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
May	1	Cash		210,000	
		Notes payable			210,000
	3	Building		145,000	
		Cash			145,000
	6	Accounts receivable		14,100	
	0	Service revenue		14,100	14,100
					14,100
	9	Supplies		275	
		Accounts payable			275
	13	Cash		6,800	
		Service revenue			6,800
	1.7			2 000	
	15	Dividends		2,000	2 000
		Cash			2,000
	17	Cash		9,200	
	1/	Cash),200	
		Accounts Receivable			9,200
	18	Property tax expense		2,240	
		Cash			2,240
				4 - 00	
	22	Salaries expense		4,700	4 700
		Cash			4,700
	26	Supplies		250	
	20	Cash		230	250
	31	Accounts payable		150	
	1	Cash			150

(20-25 min.) P2-33A

		Journal				
		POST.				
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.	
Jan	1	Cash		55,000		
		Common stock			55,000	
	3	Supplies		100		
		Furniture		1,200		
		Accounts payable			1,300	
	5	Cash		3,000		
		Service revenue			3,000	
	0	T 1		24.000		
	8	Land		24,000	24.000	
		Cash			24,000	
	11	Accounts receivable		2,700		
	11	Service revenue		2,700	2,700	
		Service revenue			2,700	
	14	Salaries expense		650		
	11	Cash		000	650	
		Cush			050	
	16	Accounts payable		1,150		
	10	Cash		1,150	1,150	
		Cash			1,130	
	19	Cash		2,500		
	17	Service revenue		2,300	2,500	
					2,000	
, ,	23	Accounts receivable		1,300		
		Service revenue			1,300	
/	28	Cash		300		
		Accounts receivable			300	
ĺ ĺ.	31	Salaries expense		650		
		Cash			650	
,	31	Rent expense		1,700		
		Cash			1,700	
Ĺ.	31	Dividends		1,100		
		Cash			1,100	

Cash							
Jan 1	55,000	Jan 8	24,000				
5	3,000	14	650				
19	2,500	16	1,150				
28	300	31	650				
		31	1,700				
		31	1,100				
Bal.	31,550						

	Accounts	a Payable	
Jan 16	1,150	Jan 3	1,300
		Bal	150
	Commo	on stock	
		Jan 1	55,000

Jan 1	55,000
Bal.	55,000

	Accounts Receivable				Dividends	
Jan 11	2,700	Jan 28	300	Jan 31	1,100	
23	1,300			Bal.	1,100	
Bal.	3,700					

	Supplies	Service revenue	
Jan 3	100	Jan 5	3,000
Bal.	100	11	2,700
	- -	19	2,500
		23	1,300
		Bal.	9,500

Land				Salaries Expense		
Jan 8	24,000		Jan 14	650		
Bal.	24,000		31	650		
			Bal.	1,300		

	Furniture		Rent Expense	
Jan 3	1,200	Jan 31	1,700	
Bal.	1,200	Bal.	1,700	

Miller & Associates, Inc. Trial Balance January 31, 2018							
January 51,							
	BALANCE						
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT					
Cash	\$ 31,550						
Accounts receivable	3,700						
Supplies	100						
Land	24,000						
Furniture	1,200						
Accounts payable		\$ 150					
Common stock		55,000					
Dividends	1,100						
Service revenue		9,500					
Salaries expense	1,300						
Rent expense	1,700						
Total	\$64,650	<u>\$64,650</u>					

Req. 5

(25-30 min.) P 2-34A

		Journal		Page 6		
			POST.			
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.	
Sep.	16	Cash	110	1,500		
		Accounts receivable	112		1,500	
		Received payment on account.				
	10		110	1.000		
	18	Accounts receivable	112	1,800	1.000	
		Service revenue	411		1,800	
		Performed service on account.				
	21	Cash	110	1,050		
		Service revenue	411	1,000	1,050	
		Performed service for cash.			1,000	
	23	Supplies	115	150		
		Accounts Payable	210		150	
		Purchased supplies on account.				
	25	Dividends	315	1,000		
	23	Cash	110	1,000	1,000	
		Paid dividends.			1,000	
	27	Accounts payable	210	2,500		
		Cash	110		2,500	
		Made payment on account.				
	29	Cash	110	1,850		
		Service revenue	411	,	1,850	
		Received cash for services performed.			,	
	20	Don't Evinence	515	1 200		
	30	Rent Expense	515	1,200	1 200	
		Cash Paid rent.	110		1,200	
	30	Salaries Expense	511	2,100		
		Cash	110		2,100	
		Paid employee salaries.				

CASH	CASH ACCOUNT NO. 110							
			POST.			BALA	NCE	
DA	TE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
Sep	15	Bal.				6,450		
	16		J.6	1,500		7,950		
	21		J.6	1,050		9,000		
	25		J.6		1,000	8,000		
	27		J.6		2,500	5,500		
	29		J.6	1,850		7,350		
	30		J.6		1,200	6,150		
	30		J.6		2,100	4,050		

ACCOU	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ACCOUNT NO. 112							
POST.					BALA	NCE		
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT CREDI		
Sep	15	Bal.				4,700		
	16		J.6		1,500	3,200		
	18		J.6	1,800		5,000		

SUPPL	SUPPLIESACCOUNT NO. 115						
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Sep	15	Bal.				450	
	23		J.6	150		600	

EQUIPMENT ACCOUNT NO. 140							
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Sep	15	Bal.				18,500	

ACCO	UNTS	PAYABLE		ACCO	UNT NO. 210		
	POST.		BALA	ANCE			
DAT	ГЕ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Sep	15	Bal.					4,300
	23		J.6		150		4,450
	27		J.6	2,500			1,950

COMM	COMMON STOCKACCOUNT NO. 311						
			POST.			BALA	ANCE
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Sep	15	Bal.	\checkmark				25,000

DIVIDI	DIVIDENDS ACCOUNT NO. 315							
			POST.			BALA	ANCE	
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
Sep	15	Bal.				2,000		
	25		J.6	1,000		3,000		

SERVI	CE RI	EVENUE		ACCO	UNT NO. 411		
	POST.		BALA	ANCE			
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Sep	15	Bal.					7,100
	18		J.6		1,800		8,900
	21		J.6		1,050		9,950
	29		J.6		1,850		11,800

SALAR	SALARIES EXPENSE ACCOUNT NO. 511							
			POST.			BALA	NCE	
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
Sep	15	Bal.				3,100		
	30		J.6	2,100		5,200		

RENT I	EXPE	INSE	ACCO	UNT NO. 515			
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Sep	15	Bal.				1,200	
	30		J.6	1,200		2,400	

Safenet, Inc. Trial Balance September 30, 2018							
ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT					
Cash	\$ 4,050						
Accounts receivable	5,000						
Supplies	600						
Equipment	18,500						
Accounts payable		\$ 1,950					
Common stock		25,000					
Dividends	3,000						
Service revenue		11,800					
Salaries expense	5,200						
Rent expense	<u>2,400</u>						
Total	<u>\$38,750</u>	<u>\$38,750</u>					

Req.	3
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(20-25 min.) P 2-35A

Hernandez Computer Repair, Inc. Trial Balance March 31, 2018								
BALANCE								
ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT						
Cash	\$ 4,600							
Accounts receivable	850							
Supplies	350							
Land	20,000							
Building	110,000							
Accounts payable		\$ 925						
Notes payable		98,000						
Common stock		15,000						
Retained earnings		17,010						
Dividends	2,000							
Service revenue		13,200						
Salaries expense	3,650							
Rent expense	1,500							
Utilities expense	675							
Supplies expense	360							
Insurance expense	150							
Total	<u>\$144,135</u>	<u>\$144,135</u>						

Req.	2
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Hernandez Co	omputer Repair, Inc.	
Incom	ne Statement	
Month Ende	ed March 31, 2018	
		¢12.200
Service revenue		\$13,200
Expenses		
Salaries expense	\$3,650	
Rent expense	1,500	
Utilities expense	675	
Supplies expense	360	
Insurance expense	<u>150</u>	
Total expenses		6,335
Net Income		<u>\$6,865</u>

Hernandez Computer Repair, Inc. Statement of Retained Earnings Month Ended March 31, 2018	
Retained earnings, Mar. 1, 2018	\$17,010
Add: Net income	<u>6,865</u>
Subtotal	23,875
Less: Dividends	<u>2,000</u>
Retained earnings, Mar. 31, 2018	<u>\$21,875</u>

	Hernandez Computer Repair, Inc.						
	Balance Sheet						
		March 31, 2018					
ASSETS LIABILITIES							
Cash	\$ 4,600	Accounts payable	\$ 925				
Accounts receivable	850	Notes payable	98,000				
Supplies	350	Total liabilities	98,925				
Land	20,000	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Building	<u>110,000</u>	Common stock	15,000				
		Retained earnings	<u>21,875</u>				
		Total stockholders' equity	<u>36,875</u>				
	Total liabilities and						
Total assets	<u>\$135,800</u>	stockholders' equity	<u>\$135,800</u>				

Req 3

It was a profitable month for Hernandez Computer Repair, Inc. from the standpoint that the business generated \$6,865 of Net Income.

(15-20 min.) P 2-36A

Req. 1

	Journal	Page 3			
DATE	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.	
a.	Cash		270		
	Service revenue			270	
	(\$1,410-\$1,140 = \$270)				
b.	Supplies		900		
	Accounts payable			900	
	The original entry was recorded "backwards" so an entry for double the amount needs to be made.				
с.	Cash		7,200		
С.	Rent expense		7,200	7,200	
	(\$8,000 - \$800 = \$7,200)				
d.	Accounts payable		850		
	Accounts receivable			850	

Req 2

- a. Net income is understated because Service revenue was credited (increased) by only \$1,140 instead of the correct amount of \$1,410.
- b. Net income would be unchanged because the entry did not effect a revenue or an expense.
- c. Net income would be understated because Rent expense was debited (increased) by \$8,000 instead of the correct amount of \$800.
- d. Net income would be unchanged because the entry did not effect a revenue or an expense.

(15-20 min.) P 2-37B

		Journal			
DATE		ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Nov	1	Cash		70,000	
		Common stock			70,000
	3	Supplies		275	
		Cash			275
	8	Land		34,000	
		Cash			34,000
	12	Office equipment		3,300	
		Accounts payable			3,300
	17	Cash		50,000	
	17	Notes payable		20,000	50,000
	26	Accounts payable		2,150	
		Cash			2,150
	30	Cash		8,000	
		Accounts receivable		25,000	
		Service revenue			33,000
	30	Salaries expense		2,400	
		Rent expense		1,100	
		Utilities expense		385	
		Cash			3,885
	30	Dividends		4,000	
		Cash			4,000

(15-20 min.) P 2-38B

		Journal			
			POST.		
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Aug	1	Cash		225,000	
		Notes payable			225,000
	3	Building		200,000	
		Cash			200,000
				10.000	
	6	Accounts receivable		19,000	10.000
		Service revenue			19,000
	9	Supplies		245	
)	Accounts payable		243	245
					215
	13	Cash		7,600	
		Service revenue		,	7,600
	15	Dividends		5,000	
		Cash			5,000
	17	Cash		6,600	
		A accurate Descrivela			6 600
		Accounts Receivable			6,600
	18	Property tax expense		1,200	
	10	Cash		1,200	1,200
					1,200
	22	Salaries expense		2,500	
		Cash		,	2,500
	26	Supplies		185	
		Cash			185
	31	Accounts payable		150	
		Cash			150

(20-25 min.) P2-39B

		Journal			
			POST.		
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
Mar	1	Cash		60,000	
		Common stock			60,000
	3	Supplies		275	
		Furniture		2,100	
		Accounts payable			2,375
	5	Cash		2,200	
		Service revenue			2,200
	0	. .		22.000	
	8	Land		22,000	22.000
		Cash			22,000
	11			1.500	
	11	Accounts receivable		1,500	1 500
		Service revenue			1,500
1	14	Salarias arranga		1,200	
	14	Salaries expense		1,200	1 200
		Cash			1,200
]	16	Accounts payable		1,750	
		Cash			1,750
]	19	Cash		850	
		Service revenue			850
4	23	Accounts receivable		1,800	
		Service revenue			1,800
2	28	Cash		400	
		Accounts receivable			400
	31	Salaries expense		1,200	1 000
		Cash			1,200
	21	Dent engeneer		1 700	
	31	Rent expense		1,700	1 800
		Cash			1,700
	21			1 000	
	31	Dividends		1,000	1 000
		Cash			1,000

Req. 1, 3, and 4

Ca	sh			Accounts	Payable	
60,000	Mar 8	22,000	Mar 16	1,750	Mar 3	2,375
2,200	14	1,200			Bal	625
850	16	1,750			-	
400	31	1,200				
	31	1,700		Commo	n stock	
	31	1,000			Mar 1	60,000
34,600					Bal.	60,000
Accounts I	Receivable			Divid	ends	
	-	400	Mar 31			
			-			
2,900				,	•	
	olies			Service		
						2,200
275						1,500
						850
						1,800
				I	Bal.	6,350
Laı	nd			Salaries 1	Expense	
22,000			Mar 14			
22,000		_	31			
•			Bal.			
Furni	ture			Rent E	xpense	
2,100			Mar 31	1,700	•	
	60,000 2,200 850 400 34,600 <u>Accounts I</u> 1,500 1,800 2,900 <u>Supp</u> 275 275 275 275 275 275	2,200 14 850 16 400 31 31 31 31 34,600 Accounts Receivable 1,500 Mar 28 1,800 2,900 Supplies 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275	60,000 Mar 8 22,000 2,200 14 1,200 850 16 1,750 400 31 1,200 31 1,700 31 1,000 34,600 Jane 28 400 400 1,500 Mar 28 400 400 1,800 Jane 28 400 400 2,900 Jane 28 400 1,800 275 Jane 275 Jane 275 Jane 275 275 Jane 275 Jane 275 Jane 275 22,000 Jane 22,000 Jane 22,000 Jane 22,000 22,000 Jane 22,000 Jane 22,000 Jane 22,000	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		60,000 Mar 8 $22,000$ Mar 16 $1,750$ Mar 3 3 $2,200$ 14 $1,200$ Bal Bal Bal Bal 400 31 $1,200$ $Mar 16$ $Dividends$ $Mar 1$ 31 $1,000$ $Mar 31$ $Dividends$ $Mar 31$ Bal Accounts Receivable Dividends $Mar 31$ $1,000$ Bal $Mar 5$ $1,500$ Mar 28 400 $Mar 31$ $1,000$ Bal Bal $2,900$ $Mar 5$ 1100 Bal Bal Bal Bal $2,900$ $Mar 5$ 11100 Bal Bal Bal Bal Land Salaries Expense $Mar 14$ Bal Bal Bal $22,000$ Bal Bal Bal Bal Bal Bal all Bal Bal Bal Bal Bal Bal

Req. 5

Le & Associates, Inc. Trial Balance March 31, 2018					
	BALAN	NCE			
ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT			
Cash	\$ 34,600				
Accounts receivable	2,900				
Supplies	275				
Land	22,000				
Furniture	2,100				
Accounts payable		\$ 625			
Common stock		60,000			
Dividends	1,000				
Service revenue		6,350			
Salaries expense	2,400				
Rent expense	1,700				
Total	<u>\$66,975</u>	<u>\$66,975</u>			

(25-30 min.) P 2-40B

		Journal		Page 6	
			POST.	8	
DATE		ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
May	16	Cash	110	1,700	
		Accounts receivable	112		1,700
		Received payment on account.			
	18	Accounts receivable	112	2,200	
		Service revenue	411		2,200
		Performed service on account.			
	21	Cash	110	2,800	
		Service revenue	411		2,800
		Performed service for cash.			
	23	Supplies	115	600	
		Accounts Payable	210		600
		Purchased supplies on account.			
	25	Dividends	315	1,600	
		Cash	110		1,600
		Paid dividends.			
	07		210	2 000	
	27	Accounts payable	210	2,000	2 000
		Cash Made payment on account.	110		2,000
	29	Cash	110	4,200	
		Service revenue	411		4,200
		Received cash for services performed.			
	30	Rent Expense	515	900	
		Cash	110		900
		Paid rent.			
	21	Salarias Expansa	511	1,950	
	31	Salaries Expense	511 110	1,930	1.050
		Cash Paid employee seleries	110		1,950
		Paid employee salaries.			

CASH	CASH ACCOUNT NO. 110							
			POST.			BALA	NCE	
DA	ТЕ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
May	15	Bal.				4,700		
	16		J.6	1,700		6,400		
	21		J.6	2,800		9,200		
	25		J.6		1,600	7,600		
	27		J.6		2,000	5,600		
	29		J.6	4,200		9,800		
	30		J.6		900	8,900		
	31		J.6		1,950	6,950		

ACCOU	UNTS	RECEIVABI	ACCO	UNT NO. 112			
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.				5,300	
	16		J.6		1,700	3,600	
	18		J.6	2,200		5,800	

SUPPL	SUPPLIES ACCOUNT NO. 115						
		POST.			BALA	ANCE	
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.				150	
	23		J.6	600		750	

EQUIPMENT ACCOUNT NO. 140							
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.				15,750	

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE ACCOUNT NO. 2							UNT NO. 210
			POST.			BALA	ANCE
DAT	ſE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.					2,900
	23		J.6		600		3,500
	27		J.6	2,000			1,500

COMM	COMMON STOCK ACCOUNT NO. 311						
			POST.			BALA	ANCE
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.					22,000

DIVID	DIVIDENDS ACCOUNT NO. 315						
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.				2,900	
	25		J.6	1,600		4,500	

SERVI	SERVICE REVENUE ACCOUNT NO. 411							
			POST.			BALA	NCE	
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
May	15	Bal.					8,200	
	18		J.6		2,200		10,400	
	21		J.6		2,800		13,200	
	29		J.6		4,200		17,400	

SALAR	SALARIES EXPENSE ACCOUNT NO. 511						
			POST.			BALA	NCE
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.				2,800	
	31		J.6	1,950		4,750	

RENT	RENT EXPENSEACCOUNT NO. 515						
			POST.			BALA	ANCE
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
May	15	Bal.				1,500	
	30		J.6	900		2,400	

Security Systems, Inc. Trial Balance May 31, 2018							
ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT					
Cash	\$ 6,950						
Accounts receivable	5,800						
Supplies	750						
Equipment	15,750						
Accounts payable		\$ 1,500					
Common stock		22,000					
Dividends	4,500						
Service revenue		17,400					
Salaries expense	4,750						
Rent expense	2,400						
Total	<u>\$40,900</u>	<u>\$40,900</u>					

Req. 3

(20-25 min.) P 2-41B

Wellington Electronics Repair, Inc. Trial Balance October 31, 2018							
BALANCE							
ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT					
Cash	\$15,100						
Accounts receivable	4,200						
Supplies	250						
Land	58,000						
Building	135,000						
Accounts payable		\$ 3,300					
Notes payable		152,000					
Common stock		45,000					
Retained earnings		14,840					
Dividends	1,500						
Service revenue		7,750					
Salaries expense	5,200						
Rent expense	2,400						
Utilities expense	535						
Supplies expense	480						
Insurance expense	225						
Total	<u>\$222,890</u>	<u>\$222,890</u>					

Req.	2
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Wellington Electronics Repair, Inc. Income Statement Month Ended October 31, 2018			
Service revenue		\$7,750	
Expenses			
Salaries expense	\$5,200		
Rent expense	2,400		
Utilities expense	535		
Supplies expense	480		
Insurance expense	225		
Total expenses		<u>8,840</u>	
Net Loss		<u>\$(1,090)</u>	

Wellington Electronics Repair, Inc. Statement of Retained Earnings Month Ended October 31, 2018		
Retained earnings, October 1, 2018	\$14,840	
Subtract: Net loss	<u>(1,090)</u>	
Subtotal	13,750	
Less: Dividends	<u>1,500</u>	
Retained earnings, October 31, 2018	<u>\$12,250</u>	

Wellington Electronics Repair, Inc.				
Balance Sheet				
October 31, 2018				
ASSETS LIABILITIES				
Cash	\$15,100	Accounts payable	\$ 3,300	
Accounts receivable	4,200	Notes payable	<u>152,000</u>	
Supplies	250	Total liabilities	155,300	
Land	58,000	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Building	135,000	Common stock 45,0		
Retained earnings12,23		<u>12,250</u>		
		Total stockholders' equity	<u>57,250</u>	
		Total liabilities and		
Total assets	<u>\$212,550</u>	stockholders' equity	<u>\$212,550</u>	

Req 3

It was a not a profitable month for Wellington Electronics Repair, Inc. from the standpoint that the business generated a loss of \$1,090.

(15-20 min.) P 2-42B

	Journal		Page 3	
DATE	ACCOUNTS	POST. REF.	Dr.	Cr.
a.	Service revenue		180	
	Cash			180
	(\$1,640 - \$1,460 = \$180)			
b.	Supplies		370	
	Accounts payable			370
	The original entry was recorded "backwards" so an entry for double the amount needs to be made			
c.	Rent expense		1,215	
	Cash (\$1,350 - \$135 = \$1,215)			1,215
d.	Accounts payable		1,750	
	Accounts receivable			1,750

Req 2

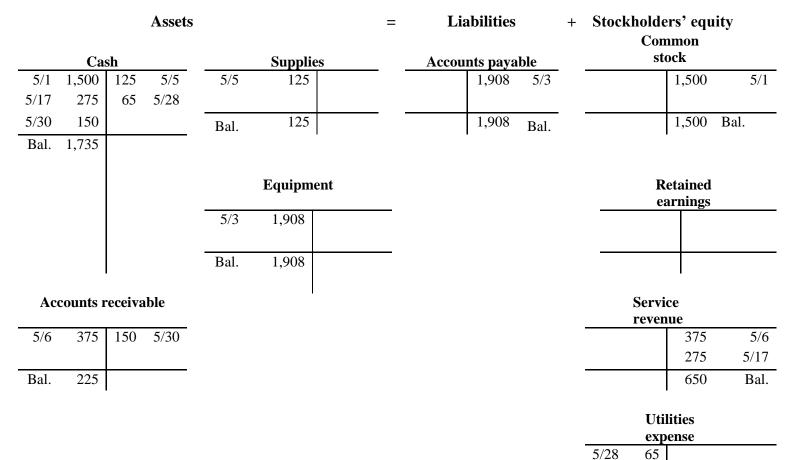
- a. Net income is overstated because Service revenue was credited (increased) by \$1,640 instead of the correct amount of \$1,460.
- b. Net income would be unchanged because the entry did not effect a revenue or an expense.
- c. Net income would be overstated because Rent expense was debited (increased) by only \$135 instead of the correct amount of \$1,350.
- d. Net income would be unchanged because the entry did not effect a revenue or an expense.

Continuing Exercise

Req 2

May 1	Cash	1,500	
	Common Stock		1,500
3	Equipment	1,908	
	Accounts payable		1,908
5	Supplies	125	
	Cash		125
6	Accounts receivable	375	
0	Service revenue	515	375
17	Cash	275	
17	Service Revenue		275
28	Utilities Expense	65	
	Cash		65
30	Cash	150	
	Accounts receivable		150

Req. 1 & 3



Bal.

65

Req 4

Sensations Salon, Inc. Trial Balance May 31, 2018

111ay 51, 2	010	
ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Cash	\$1,735	
Accounts receivable	225	
Supplies	125	
Equipment	1,908	
Accounts payable		\$1,908
Common stock		1,500
Service revenue		650
Utilities expense	65	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$4,058</u>	<u>\$4,058</u>

Continuing Problem

Req. 1

			Journal		
			POST.		
DAT	Έ	ACCOUNTS	REF.	Dr.	Cr.
April	1	Salaries expense		675	
		Cash			675
	2	Land		16,000	
		Cash			16,000
	3	Rent expense		1,500	
	5	Cash		1,500	1,500
				1	
	4	Cash		1,700	1 500
		Service revenue			1,700
	5	Cash		600	
		Accounts receivable			600
	8	Supplies		450	
	0	Accounts payable		100	450
				4.200	
	11	Accounts receivable		4,200	
		Service revenue			4,200
	13	Cash		10,000	
		Common stock			10,000
	16	Salaries Expense		675	
	- 0	Cash			675
	17	Cash		1,450	
	1/	Service revenue		1,430	1,450
	18	Cash		300	

	Accounts receivable		300
19	Advertising expense	500	
	Cash		500
21	Accounts payable	700	
	Cash		700
22	Office furniture	2,100	
	Accounts payable		2,100
24	Miscellaneous expense	75	
	Cash		75
26	Accounts receivable	1,900	
	Service revenue		1,900
28	Cash	900	
	Accounts receivable		900
30	Utilities expense	245	
	Cash		245
30	Salaries expense	675	
	Cash		675
30	Dividends	2,300	
	Cash		2,300

CASH			POST.			BALA	NCE
DA	ТЕ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Mar	31	Bal.				31,880	
Apr	1				675	31,205	
	2				16,000	15,205	
	3				1,500	13,705	
4	4			1,700		15,405	
	5			600		16,005	
	13			10,000		26,005	
	16				675	25,330	
	17			1,450		26,780	
	18			300		27,080	
	19				500	26,580	
	21				700	25,880	
	24				75	25,805	
	28			900		26,705	
	30				245	26,460	
	30				675	25,785	
	30				2,300	23,485	

ACCO	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE										
			POST.			BALA	NCE				
DA	ГЕ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT				
Mar	31	Bal.				1,300					
Apr	5				600	700					
	11			4,200		4,900					
	18				300	4,600					
	26			1,900		6,500					
	28				900	5,600					

SUPPL	SUPPLIES										
	POS		POST.			BALA	NCE				
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT				
Mar	31	Bal.				900					
Apr	8			450		1,350					

LAND										
		POST.			BALANCE					
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT				
Apr 2			16,000		16,000					

OFFICE FURNITURE										
		POST.		BALANCE						
DAT	Έ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT			
Apr	22			2,100		2,100				

EQUIPMENT									
		POST.		BALANCE					
DATE		ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Mar	31	Bal.				3,600			

VEHICLES										
		POST.		BALANCE						
DATE		ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT			
Mar	31	Bal.				35,800				

ACCO	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE										
			POST.			BALA	ANCE				
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT				
Mar	31	Bal.					1,000				
Apr	8				450		1,450				
	21			700			750				
	22				2,100		2,850				

NOTES PAYABLE									
			POST.		BALANCE				
DATE		ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Mar	31	Bal.					35,800		

COMM	COMMON STOCK								
		POST.			BALA	NCE			
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Mar	31	Bal.					35,000		
Apr	Apr 13				10,000		45,000		

DIVIDI	DIVIDENDS								
POST.				BALA	NCE				
DATE		ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Mar	31	Bal.				1,500			
Apr	30			2,300		3,800			

SERVI	SERVICE REVENUE							
			POST.			BALANCE		
DA	ГЕ	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
Mar	31	Bal.					4,050	
Apr	4				1,700		5,750	
	11				4,200		9,950	
	17				1,450		11,400	
	26				1,900		13,300	

SALAR	SALARIES EXPENSE								
			POST.			BALA	NCE		
DAT	E	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Mar	31	Bal.				620			
Apr	1			675		1,295			
	16			675		1,970			
	30			675		2,645			

RENT EXPENSE							
	POST. BALANCE						
DAT	DATE ITEM		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Apr	3			1,500		1,500	

UTILITIES EXPENSE							
		POST.			BALANCE		
DATE		ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
Mar	31	Bal.				250	
Apr	30			245		495	

ADVERTISING EXPENSE								
	POST. BALANCE						NCE	
DATE ITEM		ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
Apr	19			500		500		

MISCE	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE								
	POST. BALANCE								
DAT	ſE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
Apr	24			75		75			

Fitness Equipment	Doctor, Inc.						
Trial Bala	nce						
April 30, 2018							
ACCOUNT	DEBIT	CREDIT					
Cash	\$ 23,485						
Accounts receivable	5,600						
Supplies	1,350						
Land	16,000						
Office furniture	2,100						
Equipment	3,600						
Vehicles	35,800						
Accounts payable		\$ 2,850					
Notes payable		35,800					
Common stock		45,000					
Dividends	3,800						
Service revenue		13,300					
Salaries expense	2,645						
Rent expense	1,500						
Advertising expense	500						
Utilities expense	495						
Miscellaneous expense	75						
Total	\$96,950	<u>\$96,950</u>					

Continuing Financial Statement Analysis Problem

Requirement 1.

Cash and cash equivalents would increase by \$50 million and debt would increase by \$50 million. This would cause Total assets and Total liabilities and shareholders' equity to each increase by \$50 million.

		Post		
Date	Accounts	Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
	Cash		\$50 million	
	Other Long-term Debt			\$50 million
	Borrowed \$50,000,000 in debt.			

Requirement 2.

There would be no net change in Total assets. Cash would decrease by \$50 million and Property and equipment would increase by \$50 million. This causes Total current assets to

decrease by \$50 million and Property and equipment, net to increase by \$50 million for a net effect on Total assets of zero.

		Post		
Date	Accounts	Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
	Property and Equipment		\$50 million	
	Cash			\$50 million
	Purchased building for \$50 million.			

Requirement 3.

On the income statement, sales and costs would increase, creating an additional net income of \$10 million. The \$10 million increase in net income would then be added to the previous year's retained earnings, which would increase retained earnings on the balance sheet by \$10 million. Cash would also increase by \$10 million on the balance sheet. This would cause total assets to increase by \$10 million and total liabilities and shareholders' equity to increase by \$10 million.

		Post		
Date	Accounts	Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
	Cash		\$10 million	
	Retained Earnings (Sales)			\$10 million
	To record cash sales.			

Note: This topic is covered in Chapter 3 in more depth, but is here to challenge students to think about how the income statement affects the balance sheet

Requirement 4.

The salary expense increase of \$1 million would cause an increase of \$1 million in selling, general and administrative expenses on the income statement. This would cause net earnings to decrease by \$1 million. Because net earnings are added to the previous year's retained earnings to get the current year's retained earnings, the retained earnings on the balance sheet would be decreased by \$1 million. Cash would also decrease by \$1 million on the balance sheet. This would cause total assets to decrease by \$1 million and total liabilities and shareholders' equity to decrease by \$1 million.

		Post		
Date	Accounts	Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
	Retained Earnings (Salaries Expense)		\$1 million	
	Cash			\$1 million
	Salaries of \$1 billion are paid.			

Note: This topic is covered in Chapter 3 in more depth, but is here to challenge students to think about how the income statement affects the balance sheet.

Ethics in Action

Case #1

- Lynne should not debit the Dividends account rather than the Legal Expense account. It would be wrong to debit the Dividends account because the transaction was *not* a dividend but rather the payment of an expense.
- It does matter how the \$3,800 payment is recorded. By debiting the Dividends account rather than the proper expense account, the net income will be higher on the income statement. While it is true that the trial balance will show that total debits equal total credits either way, it will not reveal inaccurate or improper individual account balances. The purpose of properly recording each business transaction is to provide a set of financial statements that accurately reflect the results of operations and related financial position.
- Lynne does have an ethical responsibility to accurately record the transactions as she is providing financial statements to the bank. Since the bank is relying on the accuracy of the financial statements, it assumes that the income statement properly includes all the expenses for the business. By omitting the \$3,800 expense, Lynne is giving the bank an inaccurate and misleading income statement.

Case #2

- Joe's actions were not justified. The journal is where all the business transactions are initially entered into the accounting records. It is important that transactions are correctly entered and posted to ultimately ensure accurate financial statements. Even though the expense total is the same, Wage Expense will not reflect the true amount of wages actually incurred and thus will not be accurate.
- There are ethical concerns. Joe has a responsibility to ensure that all the business transactions are properly recorded. He cannot misclassify expense transactions to obtain

account balances that reflect what he feels they should reflect rather than the reality of what actually happened. This is misleading. Users of financial information depend upon the accountants to properly record and post all transactions in order to provide accurate information; therefore, accountants have an ethical duty to ensure accurate financial reporting.

• As the owner of Lawn Boyz Lawnservice you should have a problem with Joe's actions. You need to have accurate financial information for decision-making purposes. Accordingly, by Joe reducing the actual amount of Wage Expense, you may not be aware of the actual labor costs and may decide to hire additional employees. You depend upon the accountant to provide accurate financial reports, and thus, Joe has not fulfilled his obligation as an accountant.

Financial Analysis

Journal				
DATE		ACCOUNTS	Dr.	Cr.
Jan	2	Property, Plant and Equipment	678,000	
		Cash		678,000
	8	Cash	2,512,000	
		Net Sales		2,512,000
	12	Inventory	3,470,000	
		Accounts Payable		3,470,000
	21	Accounts Receivable	4,515,000	
		Net Sales		4,515,000
	30	Accounts Payable	2,975,000	
		Cash		2,975,000

2. No solution.

Industry Analysis

- 1. Under Armour is the larger company in terms of revenue, with approximately \$4.83 billion in net revenues for 2016 as compared to approximately \$2.38 billion of net sales for Columbia Sportswear. This information is on the Consolidated Statement of Operations/Income.
- 2. Under Armour is the larger of the two in terms of total assets with about \$3.64 billion at December 31, 2016, compared to about \$2.01 billion for Columbia Sportswear. This information is on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.
- 3. Under Armour has more debt at the end of 2016 with around \$1.61 billion at the end of the year. Columbia Sportswear has approximately \$432 million in debt at the end of 2016. This information is also located on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Note that the terms total liabilities and total debt mean the same thing.
- 4. Columbia Sportswear wins this one with a gross profit percentage of 46.7% (\$1,110,348,000/\$2,377,045,000) as compared to only 46.4% (\$2,240,611,000/\$4,825,335,000) for Under Armour. In terms of gross profit percentage, the higher the number, the better. This percentage indicates that Columbia Sportswear is doing a slightly better job of making profit from selling their products.
- 5. Under Armour had \$59,000,000 of dividends in 2016 compared to only \$48,122,000 of dividends for Columbia Sportswear. This number can be found on the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity. Again note that the terms Stockholder and Shareholder mean the same thing. Note that only part of Under Armour's dividends were paid in cash while all of Columbia Sportswear's dividends were cash dividends. Cash versus stock dividends are discussed in Chapter 10.
- 6. Student's response to this question will obviously vary.

Small Business Analysis

There are two mistakes here affecting the cash account. The first mistake is the cash transaction utilizing the debit card. When cash is decreased, it must be credited. Your client debited cash for the transaction using the logic that they were using a **debit** card. To correct this transaction, you will need to remove the original transaction and journalize the transaction correctly. These journal entries look the same. They are as follows:

		Post		
Date	Accounts	Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
May 7	Supplies		320	
	Cash			320
	To remove the original debit card transaction.			

Date	Accounts	Post Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
May 7	Supplies		320	
	Cash			320
	To record purchase of supplies using debit			
	card.			

The next error is that the credit card transaction doesn't have any effect on Cash until the credit card bill is paid. When the original transaction took place, a liability account, such as Credit Card Payable, should have been credited. To correct this, the following entry needs to be made.

		Post		
Date	Accounts	Ref.	Dr.	Cr.
May 7	Cash		275	
	Credit Card Payable			275
	Correcting entry—used credit card instead of			
	cash for utility bill.			

Written Communication

Although student's responses will vary widely, here is a suggested memo to address the two situations.

Dear Client:

I want to address the two concerns you had in your e-mail to me last week. The first one was about the credit balance in your cash account. Even after corrections are made, the cash was still showing a credit balance. And yes, you are correct that the normal balance of the cash account should be a debit balance. But it is possible to have a credit balance in your cash account if your checking account is overdrawn. If you have overdrawn your account, you will need to contact the bank to make sure that they did not return any of your checks unpaid. Plus, you will have to deposit some funds into your account to bring it to the positive (debit) side.

The second situation was concerning the use of debit cards versus credit cards. The terminology does get very confusing. Without going into an accounting lesson on the differences between debits and credits, let me explain what happens when you use the two cards. When you use your debit card, there have to be funds available in whatever account that card is attached to because the use of this card will automatically withdraw that amount of money from the account. The bank "debits" your account which, in banking terms, means they removed the money from your account. On the other hand, you have to credit cash because you are decreasing your cash account.

A credit card transaction, on the other hand, does not automatically remove the cash from your account. It sets up a liability to the credit card company which will have to be paid when you get the credit card statement. So the credit card transaction itself does not affect cash. You are not crediting cash when you use your credit card. You are crediting a liability to the credit card company which means you owe them money.