### C02.03.Input/Output (I/O)

#### TRUE/FALSE

1. A touch screen monitor can serve as both an input and an output device.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O)

2. Display size for computer monitors is measured horizontally.

ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Display

3. Adding a webcam to your computer for a video conference is considered expansion.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Expansion

4. It is possible to use your smart phone as an output device to change the channels on your television.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Output Device

5. Resolution is measured by the physical size of your screen.

ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Display

6. The purpose of a video card is to manage all images sent to a computer's display.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Video Card

7. Businesses rely on stored, machine-readable data to keep track of customers.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Input Device

8. Automating data entry through the use of scanners improves accuracy and efficiency.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Input Device

9. Special-purpose input devices have greatly enhanced the gaming industry.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Special-Purpose Input Device

10. Output can be in the form of a vibration from your cell phone.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Output Device

11.	3D printers print on paper, but use a new laser	tech	nology to make images appear three dimensional.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	I/O) :	> Printer
MUL	TIPLE CHOICE		
1.	Two types of are voice commands and rate. software b. output	c.	s on paper. input flash
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	[/O) :	> Input Device
2.	A mouse and a touch pad are examples ofa. output b. pointing	c.	rices. resolution multitouch
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	[/O) :	> General-Purpose Input Device
3.	One advantage of printers is their ability a. 3D b. laser	c.	output realistic objects. high-definition photo
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	[/O) :	> Printer
4.	The speed of a printer is measured in pe a. rotations b. pages	c.	nute. characters printed dots
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	[/O) :	> Printer
5.	Monitor display size is measured  a. horizontally b. vertically		diagonally in megahertz
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	[/O) :	> Display
6.	A computer offers specific to connect p a. graphics b. bays	c.	nerals such as keyboards or printers. converters ports
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I	I/O) :	> Expansion
7.	was invented to standardize computer in a. The expansion card b. The USB port	c.	aces around one type of connection. Blu-ray OLED
	ANS: B PTS: 1		

REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Expansion 8. The iPad and other tablets take advantage of , allowing the user to use more than one finger to manipulate a display. a. pointing devices c. optical scanners b. touch codes d. multitouch displays PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > General-Purpose Input Device 9. Large retail stores use \_\_\_\_\_ terminals to track purchases and inventory. a. OCR c. MICR b. OMR d. POS ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Special-Purpose Input Device 10. Speakers are always classified as devices. a. external c. output b. internal d. input ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Output Device 11. A video card can be found inside the computer, plugged into the \_\_\_\_\_. a. power supply c. RAM b. motherboard d. ROM ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Video Card 12. Video cards have their own \_\_\_\_\_. c. sockets a. output device b. DASD d. memory PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Video Card 13. A display type uses polarization technologies to add depth and realism for the viewer. a. plasma c. projector b. 3D d. CRT ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Display 14. An all-in-one combines functions such as faxing and scanning. a. plotter c. display b. printer d. CPU PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (I/O) > Printer 15. Output that you can feel is called \_\_\_\_\_ output. a. OLED c. aural

d. haptic

b. tactile

	ANS: D PTS: 1	
	REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (L	(O) > Audio and Special Media Output
16.	Which of the following is an example of a spec a. LED b. LCD	ial-purpose input device? c. OCR d. CRT
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (In	(O) > Special-Purpose Input Device
17.	Through the use of, pilots can simulate fa. haptic output b. screen readers	lights without ever leaving the ground. c. mobile devices d. virtual reality
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (L	(O) > Audio and Special Media Output
18.	relies on voice input to respond with a coa. Siri  b. Bluetooth	omputer-generated reply. c. A touch pad d. The Wii game system
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Input/Output (L	(O) > General-Purpose Input Device

# C01.01.Digital Literacy

# TRUE/FALSE

1.	Digital literacy has become a requirement for most careers.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy
2.	A computer-literate individual is expected to understand a computer's uses and how it operates.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Computer Literacy
3.	An example of digital convergence is a smart phone, which combines many digital functions into one device.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Digital Convergence
4.	The main purpose of a computer is to process useful information into data.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Computer
5.	QWERTY code is the standard used to represent keyboard characters in digital form.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Character Encoding
6.	A group of eight bits is called a hexadecimal value.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Bits and Bytes
7.	The electronic instructions that tell a computer what to do are commonly referred to as hardware.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Computer
8.	It will be years before researchers can transform text from a book's page into a digital representation.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Digitization
9.	A bit has three states: on, off, and null.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Value Encoding/Binary Number System
MUL'	TIPLE CHOICE

1. The term \_\_\_\_\_ best describes the level of technology skills needed in today's business world.

	<ul><li>a. computer knowledge</li><li>b. computer fluency</li></ul>		computer digitization computer information
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Computer Literacy
2.	their organizations.	ay's	business expectations for knowledge workers within
	<ul><li>a. literacy</li><li>b. fluency</li></ul>		engineers analysts
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Computer Literacy
3.	A general-purpose computer relies on thea. output b. storage	c.	eing used to perform an activity. software literacy
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit		·
4.	A computer relies on the combination of  a. analog waves, digital waves  b. the Internet, web sites	aı c. d.	nd to turn input into output. electrical devices, electrical charges hardware, software
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Computer
5.	A computer that manages data and produces in a. scanner b. stylus	c.	nation often uses a to organize and deliver it. server database
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Computer
6.	The prefix <i>Giga</i> represents approximately one a. thousand b. million	c.	units of information. billion trillion
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Bits and Bytes
7.	A can represent a digit, a letter, or a color.  a. byte b. decimal	c.	scheme sample
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Bits and Bytes
8.	A computer uses to display an image af	ter it	t has been digitized.
	<ul><li>a. icons</li><li>b. digits</li></ul>		samples pixels
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al Li	iteracy > Digitization

9.	Using analog-to conversion, we are able a. wave b. high-speed	c.	digitize the things we see and hear. digital color
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Digitization
10.	Personal music videos that combine user-gener	rated	d photos with audio music are a good example of
	<ul><li>a. parallel processing</li><li>b. digital convergence</li></ul>		computer literacy ASCII
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Digital Convergence
11.	Thanks to, voice and data traveling toge seamless.	ether	through our telecommunications lines will be
	a. VIP	c.	VoIP
	b. ViIP		ASCII
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Digital Convergence
12.	ASCII is the encoding standard used to represe	ent _	in digital form.
	a. video		keyboard characters
	b. audio	d.	signals
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Character Encoding
13.	$\mathcal{E}$		
	a. EBCDIC		standard
	b. national	d.	international
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Character Encoding
14.	The system is used to represent RGB co	olor	in digital graphics.
	a. binary	c.	$\mathcal{J}$
	b. hexadecimal	d.	decimal
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Value Encoding/Binary Number System
15.	What two values represent the binary number s	syste	em?
	a. 1 and 2	-	0 and 1
	b. 0 and -1	d.	A and B
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digit	al L	iteracy > Value Encoding/Binary Number System
16	A common measurement for hard drive storage	e tod	lav is
10.	a. kilobytes		exabytes
	b. gigabytes		megabits
			8
	ANS: B PTS: 1		

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Bits and Bytes

17. The \_\_\_\_\_ system, which uses only two digits, 1 and 0, is commonly used for representing values in computers.

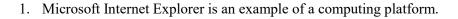
a. RGB
b. decimal number
c. hexadecimal number
d. binary number

ANS: D PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Digital Literacy > Value Encoding/Binary Number System

## **C01.02.Computing Platforms**

#### TRUE/FALSE



ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms

2. A personal computer (PC) is designed to meet the computing needs of an individual.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Personal Computer

3. A tablet's key feature is its touch-sensitive display.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Personal Computer

4. Mobile computing typically relies on the use of some type of battery-powered device.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Mobile Computing

5. The primary purpose of a mobile computing device is to store personal information on the go.

ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Mobile Computing

6. Personal computers are only available in two platforms: Microsoft Windows and Apple Mac.

ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms

7. The Internet is an example of a peer-to-peer network.

ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Server

8. Information stored in the "cloud" is accessible at any time, with or without an Internet connection.

ANS: F PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Synchronization

9. Solid-state storage technologies provide gigabytes of storage capacity in a space no larger than a fingernail.

ANS: T PTS: 1

REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Computing Platforms > Mobile Computing

10. Accessing common files across multiple devices in order and allowing the devices to communicate with each other to update all copies is called sky-driving.

	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outii	ng Platforms > Synchronization
11.	Servers always contain multiple processors, so	met	imes numbering in the thousands.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outin	ng Platforms > Server
MUL	TIPLE CHOICE		
1.	Typical computing providers deliver computing providers deliver computed web service or browser.	mm	on software online that is accessed from another
	<ul><li>a. synchronized</li><li>b. cloud</li></ul>		media gaming
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outin	ng Platforms > Synchronization
2.	Users of iPods and iPhones are well acquainted a. switching b. clustering	c.	th the process of files. embedding synchronizing
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outii	ng Platforms > Synchronization
3.	The largest servers are called servers.  a. super  b. mainframe		peer-to-peer client
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outii	ng Platforms > Server
4.	A is an example of a computer assigned		
	<ul><li>a. kiosk</li><li>b. smart phone</li></ul>		Mac PC
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outii	ng Platforms > Special-Purpose Computer
5.	The computer platform provides a lot of location.	cor	mputing power, such as for gaming, at a single
	a. notebook b. netbook	c. d.	desktop tablet
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outin	ng Platforms > Personal Computer
6.	A popular term used to identify devices such a		
	<ul><li>a. handheld computer</li><li>b. smart phone</li></ul>	c. d.	tablet PC netbook
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	outir	ng Platforms > Personal Computer

7.	One thing to consider when choosing a mobile	dev	rice is
	a. battery life	c.	desk space
	<ul><li>a. battery life</li><li>b. keyboard compatibility</li></ul>	d.	netiquette
	ANS: A PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Com	nutii	ng Platforms > Mobile Computing
	TELL Concepts Bigital recimiology comp	Pum	is runtering moone computing
8.	A Kindle eBook reader is an example of a(n) _		computer.
	a. operating system	c.	slate
	b. special-purpose	d.	personal digital assistant
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Com	nutii	ng Platforms > Special-Purpose Computer
		r	-4
9.	The large tower case that houses a desktop PC	's ci	rcuit boards is known as the
	a. tablet		system unit
	b. CPU	d.	motherboard
	ANS: C PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Com	putii	ng Platforms > Personal Computer
10.	Cloud computing is not possible withouta. parallel processing		
	a. parallel processing	c.	Google
	b. an Internet connection	d.	iTunes
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Com	putii	ng Platforms > Synchronization
11.	Embedded systems can be found in all of the f	ollo	wing EXCEPT
	~ ·		cloud computers
	b. digital watches	d.	nuclear power plants
	ANS: C PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	putii	ng Platforms > Special-Purpose Computer
12.	1 1	_·	1 1
	a. supercomputer	_	cloud computer
	b. distributed database system	a.	mainframe
	ANS: A PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	putii	ng Platforms > Supercomputer
13.	<b>*</b>		
	<ul><li>a. file server</li><li>b. web server</li></ul>		game server
	b. Web server	u.	print server
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	putii	ng Platforms > Server
1 4	Will 64 61 ' 16 9	1	
14.	Which of the following is an example of a cell		network platform? Blade
	<ul><li>a. Apple Mac</li><li>b. DASD</li></ul>		GSM
		u.	ODIVI
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
	REF: Concepts > Digital Technology > Comp	putii	ng Platforms

1. The speed of the bus can impact the overall performance of a CPU.

# TRUE/FALSE

	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Bus
2.	In a trend called BYOD (for "bring your own data"), workers are increasingly bringing portable hard drives to work.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing
3.	The CPU is a group of circuits that perform processing in a computer.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Central Processing Unit (CPU)
4.	Software instructions are processed in the machine cycle of the processor.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Machine Cycle
5.	A motherboard can be found in almost all digital electronics devices.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Motherboard
6.	The machine cycle and the system clock work together when processing instructions.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Machine Cycle
7.	Transistors today are so small that over two billion can be stored on a surface the size of your thumbnail.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Transistor
8.	Optical computing and quantum computing are two new promising types of mobile processing technology.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Moore's Law
9.	A transistor is an electronic component that opens or closes a circuit.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Transistor
10.	Processing is basically turning information into data.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing
11.	An integrated circuit is a chip that can contain millions of transistors.

	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Proce	ssing > Integrated Circuit	
12.	A quad-core processor combines fou processing.	CPUs on one chip to share the workload and speed up	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Proce	ssing > Multicore Processor	
MUL	TIPLE CHOICE		
1.	A CPU component known as the operations. a. control unit	carries out the instructions used for mathematical and lo	gical
	b. ALU	d. system clock	
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Proce	ssing > Central Processing Unit (CPU)	
2.		temporarily stores frequently used data.	
	<ul><li>a. FPU</li><li>b. ALU</li></ul>	c. cache d. system clock	
	ANS: C PTS: 1	ssing > Central Processing Unit (CPU)	
3.	systems utilize hundr	eds or thousands of CPUs working together.	
	<ul><li>a. Serial processing</li><li>b. Massive parallel processing</li></ul>	<ul><li>c. Multitasking operating</li><li>d. DASD</li></ul>	
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Proce	ssing > Multiprocessing	
4.	The speed of the influences he	•	
	<ul><li>a. critical transistor</li><li>b. storage device</li></ul>	<ul><li>c. software</li><li>d. internal clock</li></ul>	
	ANS: D PTS: 1	ssing > Central Processing Unit (CPU)	
5.	A gaming system takes advantage of	processors to power up its speed and performance.	
	<ul><li>a. central</li><li>b. multicore</li></ul>	c. cycle d. multitasking	
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Proce	ssing > Multicore Processor	
6.		ow fast might be in the coming years.	
	<ul><li>a. Internet access</li><li>b. processors</li></ul>	c. magnetic disk storage d. telecommunications	
	ANS: B PTS: 1	REF: Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Moore	's Law

7.	Integrated circuits a a. monochips b. macrochips	are also known as	c.	minichips microchips
	ANS: D REF: Concepts >	PTS: 1 Hardware > Process	sing > Integr	rated Circuit
8.	Moore's Law states a. 10 b. 12	s that the number of	c.	on a chip will double about every months.  36 24
	ANS: D	PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Moore's Law
9.	The specifications of a. front side b. PCI	of a computer usuall	c.	ne speed of the bus.  LPC back side
	ANS: A	PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Bus
10.	The plays and a. clock speed b. LPC bus	ı important role in tr	c.	data into useful information. hard drive processor
	ANS: D	PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Processing
11.	The is the kee a. port b. adapter	ey active component	c.	lly all modern electronics. transistor amplifier
	ANS: C	PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Transistor
12.	Transistors control a. atoms b. neutrons	the flow of b	c.	electrical pulses on and off. protons electrons
	ANS: D	PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Transistor
13.	An integrated circu a. buses b. transistors	it may hold thousan	c.	or even billions of chips instructions
	ANS: B REF: Concepts >	PTS: 1 Hardware > Process	sing > Integr	rated Circuit
14.	a. dual-core	g are common kinds		e processors EXCEPT quad-core
	b. triple-core		d.	mega-core
	ANS: D REF: Concepts >	PTS: 1 Hardware > Process	sing > Multi	core Processor
15.	The size and shape	of the influe		system component may look like.
	<ul><li>a. bus</li><li>b. motherboard</li></ul>			microprocessor transistor
	ANS: B	PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Processing > Motherboard

16.	Employees have been	n the dr	iving for	ce in making	the most popular hardware brand today.
	a. Microsoft			c.	Dell
	b. Apple			d.	Unix
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware
17.	All of the following s	sequenc	es are sta	iges of the ma	schine cycle EXCEPT
	a. fetch			c.	sort
	b. decode			d.	store
	ANS: C REF: Concepts > H	1 15.	1 e > Proce	ssing > Mach	ine Cycle

temporarily or permanently.

# TRUE/FALSE

	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage
2.	The CPU works separately from RAM on unrelated tasks.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Random Access Memory (RAM)
3.	RAM can be inserted into slots on a motherboard to expand storage on some computers.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Random Access Memory (RAM)
4.	Magnetic storage is considered permanent storage.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Magnetic Storage
5.	Video memory plays an important role in how data is stored on a computer and is also called GPU.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Video Memory
6.	A Blu-ray disc is an example of solid-state storage.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Solid-State Storage
7.	Read-only memory (ROM) provides temporary optical storage for data and instructions on discs.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Read Only Memory (ROM)
8.	The process of writing to an optical disc is sometimes called laser-etching.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Optical Storage
MUL	TIPLE CHOICE
1.	Most of today's PCs come equipped with at least 512 of video memory.  a. gigabytes
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Video Memory

1. In computing and digital technologies, storage refers to the ability to maintain data within the system

2.	ROM is used for important programs like _a. RAM b. VRAM	, which come(s) from the manufacturer.  c. firmware d. mobile apps				
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > F	Read On	aly Memory (ROM)			
3.	Which of the following is an example of op a. hard disk b. CD	c.	orage? RAM USB drive			
	ANS: D PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Optical Storage			
4.	With memory, data is stored permara. flash b. optical	c.	rith no moving parts or the need for electricity. magnetic compact disc			
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > S	: A PTS: 1 : Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Solid-State Storage				
5.	Random access memory (RAM) is also sor a. flash b. solid-state	c.	called storage. primary secondary			
	ANS: C PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Storage			
6.	The task of video is to serve as a but a. memory b. graphics	c.	ween the processor and the monitor. flash processes			
	ANS: A PTS: 1	REF:	Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Video Memory			
7.	Read-only memory differs from random access memory due to its ability to store instructions a. flash c. permanently b. temporarily d. optically					
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > F	Read On	aly Memory (ROM)			
8.	Magnetic disks are a access storage a. direct b. consecutive	c.	n. volatile sequential			
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > N	c Storage				
9.	Solid-state storage is quickly replacing a. magnetic tape b. microdrives	c.	storing data on small devices like the iPod. mylar film sequential access			
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > N	Magneti	c Storage			
10.	Two-layer Blu-ray discs now can storea. 5 b. 10	c.	of data. 50 500			

#### Emerge with Computers v. 5.0 5th Edition Baldauf Test Bank

	ANS: C	PTS: 1	REF: Concepts >	> Hardware > Storage > Optical Storage			
11.	When purchas a. 2 b. 5	sing a typical PC today, y	ou can expect at least _ c. 8 d. 10	GB of RAM installed.			
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Concepts > Hardware > Storage > Random Access Memory (RAM)						
12.	refers to the ability to maintain data within the system temporarily or permanent						
	<ul><li>a. Storage</li><li>b. GPU</li></ul>		<ul><li>c. Solid-state</li><li>d. GIGO</li></ul>	e			
	ANS: A	PTS· 1	REF: Concents	> Hardware > Storage			