## ANALYZING BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS

## Chapter Opener: Thinking Critically

The individuals in charge of keeping track of these transactions at Southwest as well as in other companies, are known as accountants. When recording the transactions, accountants are required to follow a set of rules and regulations known as GAAP.
For every financial transaction that Southwest has, their accountants determine the accounts that were affected and then they record, report and then analyze these transactions. By doing so they can, at a specific point in time and over a stipulated period, be able to assess the company's financial performance including profitability of the airline, assets owned by the company and of course the amount owed to creditors and owners.

## Fast Facts

- Southwest Airlines opened in 1971 with three planes flying between Houston, Dallas, and San Antonio. Southwest Airlines currently flies over 100 million passengers a year to 97 cities all across the country.
- For the fiscal year 2012, the company's net income was $\$ 421$ million while its total operating revenue was $\$ 17.09$ billion.
- In 2012 Southwest served 63.3 million cans of soda, juices, and water; 14.1 million alcoholic beverages; 37.2 million bags of pretzels; 88.3 million bags of peanuts; 22.9 million Select-ASnacks; and 45.5 million other snacks.


## Managerial Implications: Thinking Critically

Answers will vary. Students should mention total assets and the type of assets, the liabilities the business would be responsible for, and whether the business is making a profit.

## Discussion Questions

Note to instructor: These questions are designed to check students' understanding of new terms, concepts, and procedures presented in the chapter.

1. Assets $=$ Liabilities + Owner's Equity
2. Assets: property owned. Liabilities: debts. Owners' equity: owner's financial interest.
3. Assets, liabilities, and owner's equity.
4. Revenue and expenses; net income or loss
5. Beginning-of-period capital balance, additional investments, net income/loss for period, less withdrawals ending capital balance.
6. Firm name, title of statement, date of statement or the period of time covered
7. Balance sheet shows position at particular date; increase of operations for a period of time
8. Inflow of money/assets resulting from sales or use of property.
9. Outflow of money/assets for costs used to produce revenue.

## Discussion Questions (continued)

10. Subtract total expenses from revenue
11. Increases owner's equity
12. a. assets increase, owner's equity increase
b. one asset increase and another decrease; no change in total assets
c. assets decrease, liabilities decrease
d. assets increase, owner's equity increase
e. assets decrease, owner's equity decrease
f. assets decrease, owner's equity decrease

## EXERCISE 2.1

| Assets: | $\$ 125,900$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Liabilities: | $\$ 26,225$ |
| Owners' Equity | $\$ 99,675$ |

## EXERCISE 2.2

1. $\$ 22,240$
2. $\$ 19,020$
3. $\$ 5,675$
4. $\$ 36,725$
5. $\$ 8,875$

## EXERCISE 2.3

| Transaction | Assets | = | $\underline{\text { Liabilities }}$ | + | Owners' Equity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | I |  |  |  | I | $\mathrm{I}=$ Increase (-) |
| 2. | I |  | I |  |  | D = Decrease (+) |
| 3. | I/D |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | I/D |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | I |  |  |  | I |  |
| 6. | D |  |  |  | D |  |
| 7. | I |  |  |  | I |  |
| 8. | I/D |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. | D |  |  |  | D |  |
| 10. | D |  | D |  |  |  |

## EXERCISE 2.4

|  | Assets |  | $=$ | Liabilities |  | $+$ | Owner's Equity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Cash | \$13,500 |  | Accounts Payable | \$23,180 |  | David Malone, Capital | \$28,520 |
| 2. | Dental Supplies | 3,650 | $=$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Dental Equipment | 26,550 | $=$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Office Furniture | 8,000 | $=$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | Total | \$51,700 | = |  | \$23,180 | + |  | \$28,520 |

## EXERCISE 2.5

| Assets |  |  | Liabilities | + Owner's Equity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Accounts |  | Accounts | John Amos |  |  |
|  | Cash | Receivable | Equipment | = Payable | Capital | Revenue | Expenses |
| 1. | +\$60,000 |  |  |  | +\$60,000 |  |  |
| 2. |  |  | +22,000 | +22,000 |  |  |  |
| 3. | +3,100 |  |  |  |  | +3,100 |  |
| 4. | -4,600 |  | +4,600 |  |  |  |  |
| 5. |  | +5,050 |  |  |  | +5,050 |  |
| 6. | -4,450 |  |  |  |  |  | 4,450 |
| 7. | +3,200 | -3,200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | -13,000 |  |  | -13,000 |  |  |  |
| Totals | \$44,250 | \$,1,850 | \$26,600 | \$9,000 | \$60,000 | \$8,150 | \$4,450 |

## EXERCISE 2.6

Net income of \$23,000
Revenue
Repair Fees ....................................... \$51,150
Expenses
Advertising Expense ........... $\$ 6,300$
Salaries Expense ................ 19,100
Telephone Expense ............ 1,150
Utilities Expense ............... 1,600
Total Expenses ................................... \$28,150
Net Income ........................................ \$23,000

## EXERCISE 2.7

1. Services were performed for cash.
2. Equipment was purchased for cash.
3. A payment was made on the amount owed to a creditor.
4. An expense was paid in cash.
5. Cash was received from charge customer.
6. Services were performed on credit.
7. An expense was paid in cash.

## EXERCISE 2.8

Perez Investment Services
Income Statement
Month Ended September 30, 2016

| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fees Income |  |  |  |  | 77 | 9 | 0 | 000 |  |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advertising Expense | 6 | 5 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries Expense | 16 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone Expense |  | 8 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenses |  |  |  |  | 23 | 3 | 0 | 00 |  |
| Net Income |  |  |  |  | 54 | 6 | 0 | 00 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## EXERCISE 2.9

## Net Loss of \$1,150

Revenue
Service Revenue ..... \$5,800

Expenses

| Advertising Expense.............. | \$3,100 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Telephone Expense................ | 800 |
| Salaries Expense .................. | 2,600 |
| Cleaning Expense ................. | 450 |
| Total Expense |  |

## EXERCISE 2.10

Perez Investment Services

| Statement of Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month Ended September 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alexandria Perez, Capital, September 1, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income for September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less Withdrawals for September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase in Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alexandria Perez, Capital, September 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## EXERCISE 2.10 (continued)

## Perez Investment Services

| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets |  |  |  |  | Liabilities | - | 7 | 0 |  | 000 |
| Cash | 33 | 1 | 0 | 000 | Accounts Payable | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts Receivable | 4 | 0 | 0 | 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office Supplies | 3 | 4 | 0 | 000 | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office Equipment | 37 | 5 | 0 | 000 | Alexandria Perez, Capital | 72 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| Total Assets | 78 | 0 | 0 | 000 | Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PROBLEM 2.1A

|  | Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | $=$ | Liabilities |  | Owner's Equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Owner's |
|  | Cash | + | Receivable | $+$ | Supplies |  | Equipment | $=$ | Payable | + | Capital |
| 1. | +\$97,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$97,000 |
| 2. | -\$19,750 |  |  |  |  |  | +\$19,750 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$14,400 |  | +\$14,400 |  |  |
| 4. | -\$11,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -\$11,800 |  |  |
| 5. | +\$30,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$30,000 |
| 6. | +\$8,200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$8,200 |
| 7. |  |  | +\$6,300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$6,300 |
| 8. | -\$4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -\$4,000 |
| 9. | +\$3,500 |  | -\$3,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | -\$6,460 |  |  |  | + \$6,460 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | -\$9,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -\$9,000 |
| Totals | \$87,690 | + | \$2,800 | + | \$6,460 | + | \$34,150 | $=$ | \$2,600 | + | \$128,500 |

Analyze: The ending balance in the Cash account is $\$ 87,690$.

## PROBLEM 2.2A


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## PROBLEM 2.2A (continued)

| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | = |  | + | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cash |  | Accounts Receivable |  | Office <br> Furniture | + | Auto | = | Accounts Payable | $+$ | M. Dickey Capital | + | Revenue | - | Expenses |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 70,500 | $+$ | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | + | \$23,500 | $=$ | 11,200 | + | 91,500 | + | 65,280 | - | 24,400 |
| 4. | -880 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +880 |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 69,620 | $+$ | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | + | \$23,500 | $=$ | 11,200 | $+$ | 91,500 | + | 65,280 | - | 25,280 |
| 5. | -4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 65,120 | $+$ | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | + | \$23,500 | = | 6,700 | $+$ | 91,500 | + | 65,280 | - | 25,280 |
| 6. | -9,700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +9,700 |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 55,420 | $+$ | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | + | \$23,500 | $=$ | 6,700 | + | 91,500 | + | 65,280 | - | 34,980 |
| 7. | -1,120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +1,120 |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 54,300 | $+$ | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | + | \$23,500 | $=$ | 6,700 | $+$ | 91,500 | $+$ | 65,280 | - | 36,100 |
| 8. | +10,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +10,500 |  |  |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 64,800 | $+$ | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | + | \$23,500 | $=$ | 6,700 | $+$ | 91,500 | + | 75,780 | - | 36,100 |
| 9. | -2,350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +2,350 |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 62,450 | + | 12,080 | + | 37,500 | $+$ | \$23,500 | $=$ | 6,700 | $+$ | 91,500 | $+$ | 75,780 | - | 38,450 |
| 10. |  | + | +12,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +12,500 |  |  |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | \$62,450 | $+$ | \$24,580 | + | \$37,500 | + | \$23,500 | $=$ | \$6,700 | $+$ | \$91,500 | + | \$88,280 | - | \$38,450 |

Analyze: Total assets equal $\$ 148,030$.

## PROBLEM 2.3A

Brown Equipment Repair Service

| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February 29, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets |  |  |  |  | Liabilities |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | 34 | 3 | 0 | 000 |  | Accounts Payable | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| Supplies | 6 | 3 | 8 | 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts Receivable | 13 | 2 | 0 | 000 |  | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment | 78 | 0 | 0 | 000 |  | James Brown, Capital | 107 | 8 | 8 | , | 00 |
| Total Assets | 131 | 8 | 8 | 000 |  | Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity | 131 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Analyze: Owner's Equity is \$107,880 at February 29, 2016.

## PROBLEM 2.4A

Cotton Cleaning Service

| Cotton Cleaning Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income Statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Ended May 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fees Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utilities Expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries Expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone Expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Loss |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Cotton Cleaning Service

| Statement of Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month Ended May 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taylor Cotton, Capital, May 1, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  | 50 | 6 | 0 |  |  |
| Net Loss for May | (2 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 00) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less Withdrawal for May | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decrease in Capital |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 3 |  | 400 | 0) |
| Taylor Cotton, Capital, May 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  | 45 | 2 | 8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PROBLEM 2.4A (continued)

Cotton Cleaning Service

| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | Liabilities | 4 | 9 |  | 000 |  |
| Cash | 4 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 00 |  | Accounts Payable |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts Receivable | 5 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supplies | 5 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment | 33 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  | Taylor Cotton, Capital | 45 | 2 | 8 |  | 00 |
| Total Assets | 50 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 00 |  | Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity | 50 | 1 | 8 |  | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |

Analyze: The amount of $\$ 45,286$ (Taylor Cotton, Capital) was transferred to the balance sheet.

PROBLEM 2.1B

|  | Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | $=$ | Liabilities | + | Owner's Equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Accounts |  |  |  |  |  | Accounts |  | Owner's |
|  | Cash | + | Receivable | $+$ | Supplies | + | Equipment | $=$ | Payable | + | Capital |
| 1. | +\$72,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$72,000 |
| 2. | -\$32,000 |  |  |  |  |  | +\$32,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$12,000 |  | +\$12,000 |  |  |
| 4. | -\$6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -\$6,000 |  |  |
| 5. | +\$12,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$12,000 |
| 6. | +\$8,400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$8,400 |
| 7. |  |  | +\$7,300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +\$7,300 |
| 8. | -\$5,200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -\$5,200 |
| 9. | +\$5,000 |  | -\$5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | -\$6,300 |  |  |  | + \$6,300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | -\$10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -\$10,000 |
| Totals | \$37,900 | + | \$2,300 | + | \$6,300 | + | \$44,000 | = | \$6,000 | + | \$84,500 |

Analyze: Transaction 3 increased the Company's debt by $\$ 12,000$.
PROBLEM 2.2B

|  | Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | $=$ | Liabilities | + | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cash | $+$ | Accounts Receivable | + | Supplies | + | Office <br> Furniture | $=$ | Accounts Payable | + | S. Cravens Capital | + | Revenue | - | Expenses |
| Beginning <br> Balances | \$38,000 | + | \$12,000 | + | \$12,800 | + | \$24,000 | = | \$10,000 | + | \$49,800 | + | \$52,000 | - | \$25,000 |
| 1. |  |  | +8,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +8,000 |  |  |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 38,000 | + | 20,000 | + | 12,800 | + | 24,000 | = | 10,000 | + | 49,800 | + | 60,000 | - | 25,000 |
| 2. | -2,880 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +2,880 |
| New |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances | 35,120 | $+$ | 20,000 | + | 12,800 | $+$ | 24,000 | = | 10,000 | $+$ | 49,800 | + | 60,000 | - | 27,880 |
| 3. | +10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +10,000 |  |  |

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## PROBLEM 2.2B (continued)



Analyze: Owner's Equity balance is $\$ 85,600 ; \$ 49,800+(\$ 81,200-\$ 45,400)$.

## PROBLEM 2.3B

Smith's Tax Service


Analyze: The amount reported on the balance sheet for owner's equity would be $\$ 56,000$.

## PROBLEM 2.4B

Kathryn Proctor, Attorney and Counselor of Law

| Income Statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month Ended August 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fees Income |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utilities Expense |  | 6 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries Expense | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone Expense |  | 6 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenses |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| Net Income |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Kathryn Proctor, Attorney and Counselor of Law

| Statement of Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kathryn Proctor, Capital, Aug. 1, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Month Ended August 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income for August |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less Withdrawals for August |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase in Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kathryn Proctor, Capital, Aug. 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Analyze: Net Income of $\$ 4,200$ was transferred from the income statement.

## PROBLEM 2.4B (continued)

Kathryn Proctor, Attorney and Counselor at Law

| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| August 31, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets |  |  |  |  | Liabilities |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Cash | 4 | 8 | 0 | 000 |  | Accounts Payable |  | 6 |  | 000 | 00 |
| Accounts Receivable | 6 | 6 | 0 | 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supplies | 5 | 4 | 0 | 000 |  | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment | 10 | 0 | 0 | 000 |  | Kathryn Proctor, Capital | 26 | 2 |  | 000 | 00 |
| Total Assets | 26 | 8 | 0 | 000 |  | Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity | 26 | 8 |  | 000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Analyze: Net income of $\$ 4,200$ was transferred from the income statement.

## CRITICAL THINKING PROBLEM 2.1

Determine the balance for Carl Nicholson, April 30, 2016.

| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | $=$ | Liabilities | + |  | Owner's Equity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Accounts |  |  |  | Accounts |  | Nicholson |  | C. Nicholson |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | $+$ | Receivable | $+$ | Machinery | $=$ | Payable | $+$ | Capital | - | Drawing | $+$ | Revenue | - | Expenses |
| \$30,000 | + | \$12,000 | + | \$21,000 | $=$ | \$13,200 | + | ? | - | \$6,800 | + | \$26,800 | - | \$21,490 |

Let Carl Nicholson, Capital $=\mathbf{X}$.
Solving for X:
$\$ 63,000$ (Total Assets) $=\$ 13,200$ (Accounts Payable) - \$6,800 (Drawing) $+\$ 26,800$ (Revenue) - \$21,490 (Expenses) +X

| \$63,000 | \$63,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | \$11,710 |
|  | \$51,290 |
| Carl Nicholson, Capital, April 1, 2016 | \$51,290 |
|  |  |
| Advertising Expense | \$3,890 |
| Maintenance Expense | 4,600 |
| Salaries Expense | 13,000 |
| Total Expenses | \$21,490 |

CRITICAL THINKING PROBLEM 2.1 (continued)

Carl Nicholson, Certified Public Accountant

| Income Statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month Ended April 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fees Earned |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advertising Expense | 3 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance Expense | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries Expense | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenses |  |  |  |  |  | 21 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 00 |
| Net Income |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Carl Nicholson, Certified Public Accountant

| Carl Nicholson, Certified Public Accountant |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statement of Owner's Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carl Nicholson, Capital, April 1, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nended April 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income for April |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less Withdrawals for April |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decrease in Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carl Nicholson, Capital, April 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Carl Nicholson, Certified Public Accountant

\& Analyze: The decrease in owner's equity was $\$ 1,490$.

## CRITICAL THINKING PROBLEM 2.2

Body Builders Fitness Center
Income Statement
Two Months Ended December 31, 2016

| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fees Earned |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 00 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rent Expense | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cleaning Expense | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advertising Expense |  | 8 | 0 | 0 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenses |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| Net Loss |  |  |  |  |  | (1) | 1 |  | 0 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Some students may include the warm-up suits as a business expense. If the suits are a type of uniform, their inclusion is appropriate; if they are to be worn at home and at work, their cost is not a business expense.
The parking ticket is a personal expense. The cleaning of the studio and the printing of the flyers are business expenses. Payment of expenses with the owner's personal credit card would be considered an additional investment by the owner.

It is not unusual for new businesses to operate at a loss. James should project his income and expenses for the next several months to determine how much new business he will need to earn an income. Students' suggestions for improving the accounting system might include opening a business checking account, not using a personal credit card for business expenses, setting up a filing system for business records, and purchasing a computer to maintain financial records.

## SOLUTIONS TO BUSINESS CONNECTIONS

## Managerial Focus:

1. Not necessarily. Reinvestments in assets or use of cash to pay debts affect cash. In addition, sales or revenue may have been "on account."
2. No. Early development is expensive, risky, and time consuming. Profits may not be achieved for a year or more.
3. The firm's obligations must be met as they become due.
4. Organized financial information can be used to evaluate operating efficiency and to make decisions about current and future activities.

## Ethical Dilemma:

goods are shipped. If she enters the sale and for some reason the customer doesn't make the order or the goods are not available for shipment, Carol would need to pay the bonus back. Julia's job would be in jeopardy.

## Financial Statement Analysis:

1. Southwest Airlines Co., Consolidated Statement of Income, Years Ended December 31,
2. Passenger, Freight, Other.
3. Statement of Owner's Equity (Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity).
4. Total operating revenue was $\$ 4.2$ billion for the quarter ended December 31, 2012.
5. See current topic on website.

## Internet Connection:

Macy's, Bloomingdales, and now May is included in the Federated Corporation. Shopping online is on every home page. To record an online sale it must debit a credit card receivable and credit sales. A general job announcement and requirements are given at the site.

## Team Work:

Accounts Payable Clerk would use Purchases (Increase), A/P (increase and decrease) and Cash (decrease). Accounts Receivable Clerk would use Sales (increase), A/R (increase and decrease) and Cash (increase). Full charge bookkeeper would use accounts Cash (increase and decrease), Bank Charges (increase) and Miscellaneous account (increase), Interest Income (increase), Interest Expense (increase). Accurate numbers are developed when it is determined that all transactions have been entered and that total assets equal total liabilities plus owner's equity.

## SOLUTIONS TO PRACTICE TEST

Part A True-False

1. TRUE
2. TRUE
3. FALSE
4. TRUE
5. FALSE
6. TRUE
7. FALSE
8. TRUE
9. FALSE
10. TRUE
Part B Matching
11. b
12. f
13. e
14. c
15. h
16. d
17. g
18. a
Part C Completion
19. profit
20. credit or on account
21. reduced or decreased
22. assets
23. asset or property
24. equal
25. accounts payable or liability
26. analyze
